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Essential Problem Solving Skills

6 %

Branching Approac

- Lateral and vertical thinking enhanced by questions of varied types, level of difficulty and topic-to-strategy approach
- \checkmark Pre-exercises designed to develop conceptual understanding

Review section by mixed topics, combined problem solving concepts

Based on Latest MOE Syllabus

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Gange Strategies

P5 Solutions

Note: In all solution, u represents units and p represents parts.

Solutions to Unit 1.1 More than/Less than Let's Get Started 1.1



Ask yourself

1. There are 80 more men than women at the seminar at first.

Let's Practise 1.1

Question 1

At first



End





Bernard had \$68 at first.

Question 2





End

| в | 1u | 90 | 60 |
|---|----|----|----|
| R | 1u | 1u | |

$\begin{array}{rcl} 1u &= 90 \\ 4u + 60 &= 4 \times 90 + 60 \\ &= 420 \\ \end{array}$

Penny had 420 ribbons a first.



1035 items were on sale at first.

Question 4







Solutions to Unit 1.1 (Cont.)

Question 5 (Cont.)

 $2u + 50 = 2 \times 31 + 50$

= 112

There were 112 button pins at first.

Question 6

At first



= 54

1u + 12

Wendy had 39 stickers at first.

| Solut | Solutions to Unit 1.2 Internal Transfer and | | | | |
|--|---|-------------|------------------|------------|--|
| Total | Uncha | anged | | | |
| Let's (| Get Star | ted 1.2 | | | |
| 1. | Draw yo | our 'At fir | st' and 'End' mo | dels here. | |
| At fire | <u>st</u> | | | _ | |
| Α | | | 55 | | |
| В | | | | | |
| <u>End</u> | | • | 80 | | |
| А | 1u | 25 | 55 | | |
| В | 1u | 25 | 55 | 25 | |
| Answer 25 + 80 = 105 Bryan has 105 more game cards than Alvin in the end. | | | | | |



Solutions to Unit 1.2 (Cont.)

Ask Yourself

- 1. Mandy has more money than Kurt. (Hence, the bar model representing Mandy is longer than that of Kurt.)
- 2. Mandy gave some money to Kurt.
- The total amount of money they had remained the 3. same.

Think Further



At first

Solutions to Unit 1.2 (Cont.) Question 2

At first

Solutions to Unit 1.2 (Cont.)

Question 5

At first

 $5u - 50 = 5 \times 100 - 50$

```
= 450
```

There was 450 ml of water in Tank A.

Question 6

| | | | <u>1u</u> | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|-----------|------------|---------|--------|--------------|
| W | 1 | u | 30 | | | |
| М | 1 | u | 30 | 12 | | |
| | • | 2 | u | | | |
| 1u = | 30 + 12 | | | | | |
| = | 42 | | | | | |
| 1u + | 30 = 42 | + 30 | | | | |
| Total | = 72 × | 2 | | | | |
| | = 144 | | | | | |
| 144 p | people v | vere at t | he openir | ng cere | mony | at first. |
| Ques | stion 2 | | | | | |
| Mono | <u>day</u> | | | | | |
| А | | | | | | |
| в | | | | | | |
| T | | | | | | |
| Tues | | 4ι | J | | | |
| А | 1u | 16 | 29 | | | |
| В | 1u | 16 | | | | |
| | • | | 3u | - | | |
| 3u =' | 16 + 29 | | | | | |
| = 1= | 45 45 ∸ 3 | | | | | |
| = | 15 | | | | | |
| 1u + | 16 = 15 | + 16 | | | | |
| | = 31 | | | | | |
| Total | l coins a | t first = | 31 × 2 | | | |
| T 1 | | = 6 | 62 | | | and Card |
| Iner | e were t | o2 coins | In the bo | xes alt | ogethe | er at first. |
| Ques At fire | stion 3 | | | | | |
| | <u>si</u> | | | | | |
| A | | | | | | |
| В | | | | | | |
| <u>End</u> | | | | | | |
| А | 1u | | 30 | | 6 | |
| в | 1u | | 30 | | 6 | |
| 211 - | 30 | 4 | 311 | | | |
| 3u = 1u = | 30 ÷ 3 | | 50 | | | |
| = 10 | | | | | | |
| $4u + 6 = 4 \times 10 + 6$ | | | | | | |
| = 46 | | | | | | |
| Ther | e were 4 | 46 mattr | esses in e | each ro | om. | |

Solutions to Unit 1.3 (Cont.) Question 1 (Cont.)

End

W M

Let's Practise 1.3 Question 1 <u>At first</u> Solutions to Unit 1.3 (Cont.) Question 4 End

| С | 1u |
|---|----|
| Т | 1u |

At first

 $1u = 40 \div 2$ = 20

Mrs Chin had 70 cabbages at first.

End

At first

Question 6

At first

Solutions to Unit 1.4 One Item Unchanged Let's Get Started 1.4

| el Starleu 1.4 | |
|---|---|
| What has changed? | What remains the same? |
| K had 14 marbles left. | M had 90 marbles left. |
| M had 112 marbles. | K had 20 marbles. |
| K had 2u – 6 of marbles left. | M had 3u marbles. |
| M had 3u + 22 marbles left. | K had 2u of marbles. |
| | What has changed? K had 14 marbles left. M had 112 marbles. K had 2u – 6 of marbles left. M had 3u + 22 marbles left. |

Ask Yourself

1. Two. The relationships in the "At first" and "In the end".

2. The number of units for the blouses must be the same "At first" and "In the end".

Let's Practise 1.4

Question 1

At first

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Solutions to Unit 1.4 (Cont.)

Question 3 (Cont.) 5u = 34 + 36 = 70 $1u = 70 \div 5$ = 14 1u + 34 = 14 + 34= 48

Dylan had 48 cards.

Question 4

There were **60** students altogether in both buses in the end.

Question 5

Solutions to Unit 1.5 Difference Unchanged Let's Get Started 1.5

The table can be completed using any acceptable answers given. Ensure that same student and teacher are being used across all the years indicated in the table. You will realise that the age difference between the student and the teacher remains the same throughout.

Ask Yourself

1. The difference in age between any two people will always remain the same.

Think Further

When equal parts are added to the model, in this instance

8 years, we draw the equal parts to the left of the model to

show clearly the difference did not change (as can be

seen on the right side of the model).

Let's Practise 1.5

Question 1 Now

In 6 years' time

= 12

- 12

Josh's age in 9 years' time = 12 + 9

Josh will be 21 years old in 9 years' time.

Mary will be 16 years old in 3 years' time.

Question 3 <u>6 years' ago</u> K = 3u S = 1uDifference = 2u 2u = 24 $1u = 24 \div 2$ = 12In 10 years' time = 3 × 12 + 10 + 6 = 52

Mrs Kumar will be 52 years old in 10 years' time.

Percy brought \$300 to shop.

| Solutions to Unit 1.5 (Cont.) | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Question 4 <u>At first</u> | End (left) | | | |
| Shirts = 1210 | Shirts = 1u | | | |
| Shorts = 1910 | Shorts = 15u | | | |
| Difference = 700 | Difference = 14u | | | |
| 14u = 700 | | | | |
| 1u = 700 ÷ 14 | | | | |
| = 50 | | | | |
| Shirts sold = 1210 - 50 | | | | |
| = 1160 | | | | |
| Total sold = 1160 × 2 | | | | |
| = 2320 | | | | |

2320 shirts and pairs of shorts were sold altogether.

| Question 5 | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| <u>At first</u> | End (left) |
| P = 1u | P = 72 ÷ 6 |
| | = 12 |
| R = 5u | R = 72 |
| Difference = 4u | Difference = 60 |
| 4u = 60 | |
| $1u = 60 \div 4$ | |
| = 15 | |
| Pens sold =15 – 12 | |
| = 3 | |
| Amount of money received | = (3 × \$3) + (3 × \$2) |
| | = \$15 |

Mr Kim received **\$15** from the sale of the two items.

| Que | stion 6 | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| <u>At fir</u> | <u>st</u> | End (left) | |
| J = 2 | 200 | J = 1u | |
| H = 3 | 840 | H = 3u | |
| Diffe | rence = 640 | Difference = 2u | |
| 2u = | 640 | | |
| 1u = | 640 ÷ 2 | | |
| = | 320 | | |
| (a) | (a) Each boy received = $320 - 200$ | | |
| = 120 | | | |
| lan gave 120 marbles to each boy. | | | |
| | Both boys (received) = 2×120 | | |
| | = | = 240 | |
| (b) | 300 - 240 = 60 | | |
| | | | |

lan was left with 60 marbles.

Solutions to Unit 1.6 (Cont.)

(Ben and Cecil are repeated.)

Ask Yourself

B+C = 2u

3.

4.

- 1. The number of children is being repeated as boys and girls.
- 2. It is repeated as a group (boys and girls).

Think Further

There were **10** adults at the open-air movie event.

Let's Practise 1.6

Solutions to Unit 1.6 (Cont.)

Question 2 (Cont.)

 $5u = 5 \times 40$

= 200

The three girls had \$200 altogether.

Question 3

382 cups of bubble tea were sold on Monday.

Question 4

C = 482 - 274

```
= 208
```

B = 354 - 208

= 146

Bonita sold 146 funfair tickets.

Question 5

| <u>At first</u> | | | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| А | | | | |
| 0 | | | | |
| Р | | | | |

In the end

| А | 1u | 1u | | 23 |
|---|----|----|----|----|
| 0 | 1u | 1u | | 23 |
| Ρ | 1u | | 15 | 23 |

5u = 90 + 15

= 105 1u = 105 ÷ 5 = 21 1u + 23 = 21 + 23

= 44

44 oranges were used.

Question 6

| At first | |
|-----------------|--|
| 1 st | |
| 2 nd | |
| 3 rd | |
| 4 th | |
| 5^{th} | |

In the end

| 1 st | 1u | 18 |
|-----------------|----|----|
| 2 nd | 1u | 18 |
| 3 rd | 1u | 18 |
| 4 th | 1u | 18 |
| 5 th | 1u | 18 |

Solutions to Unit 1.6 (Cont.) Question 6 (Cont.)

5u = 2u + 363u = 36 $1u = 36 \div 3$ = 12 1u + 18 = 12 + 18

= 30

3

There were 30 marbles in each tin at first.

| So Le | olutions to Unit t's Get Started 1. | 1.7 Quan 7 | tity x | Value | |
|----------|--|----------------------|--------|---------------|------------------------|
| | Denomination of notes | Quantity of notes | × | Value (\$) | Total Value (\$) |
| | \$1 | 1 | × | 1 | 1 |
| | \$2 | 6 | × | 2 | 12 |
| | \$5 | 2 | × | 5 | 10 |
| | \$10 | 11 | × | 10 | 110 |
| | Total | 22 | | | 135 |

Ask Yourself

1. The 'quantity' is represented by the number of birds and hamsters at the pet store. The 'value' is represented by the number of legs of each animal at the pet store.

Let's Practise 1.7

Question 1

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (Cents) | Total value (Cents) |
|---------|-------------------|---|------------------------------|------------------------|
| 20-cent | Зu | × | 20 | 60u |
| 50-cent | 1u | × | 50 | 50u |
| Total | 4u | | | 110u |

110u = 6600

1u = 6600 ÷ 110

= 60

 $3u = 3 \times 60$

= 180

Joseph has 180 20-cent coins.

Question 2

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total Value (\$) |
|-------|-------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| G | 3u | × | 150 | 450u |
| С | 1u | × | 50 | 50u |
| Total | 4u | | | 500u |

Difference = 450u - 50u

= 400u

400u = 1200

1u = 1200 ÷ 400

 $4u = 4 \times 3$ = 12

12 people will be receiving the red packets.

Solutions to Unit 1.7 (Cont.) Question 3

1 pair of sport shoes = 2×23

= 46

| SI = 3u Sa = 1u | Summary |
|--------------------|---------|
| Sa = 1u | Sa = 1u |
| Sp = Tu _ | Sp = 1u |

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total Value (\$) |
|-------|----------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| Sa | 1u | × | 23 | 23u |
| SI | 3u | × | 16 | 48u |
| Sp | 1u | × | 46 | 46u |
| Total | 5u | | | 117u |

117u = 468

= 4

48u - 23u = 25u

$$25u = 25 \times 4$$

= 100

Wayne spent \$100 more on the pairs of slippers than on pairs of the sandals.

Question 4

| Summary |
|---------|
| NP = 4u |
| P = 1u |
| OC = 2u |
| |

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (Coupons) | Unit Value (Coupons) |
|-------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| NP | 4u | × | 3 | 12u |
| Р | 1u | × | 8 | 8u |
| OC | 2u | × | 12 | 24u |
| Total | 7u | | | 44u |

24u - 8u = 16u

16u = 144

1u = 144 ÷ 16

7u = 7 × 9

There were 63 people at the swimming meet.

Question 5

| 7 - 12 years old = $3u$ | Summary |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 13 - 16 years old = $1u$ | 1 – 6 yr old = 6u |
| $1 - 6$ years old $= 2u^{x3} (6u)$ | 7 – 12 yr old = 3u |
| 7 - 12 years old $= 1u^{x3} (3u)$ | 13 – 16 yr old = 1u |

Solutions to Unit 1.7 (Cont.)

| zu | | | | | | |
|----|-------|-------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------|--|
| | Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Unit Value (\$) | |
| | 1-6 | 6u | × | 3 | 18u | |
| | 7-12 | Зu | × | 6 | 18u | |
| | 13-16 | 1u | × | 12 | 12u | |
| | Total | 10u | | | 48u | |

48u = 1440

 $1u = 1440 \div 48$

= 30

 $18u = 18 \times 30$

= 540

\$540 was collected from the age category of 1 to 6 years old.

Summary

A = 1u

B = 3uG = 2u

C = 3u + 2u

| = 5u | |
|------|--|

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Unit Value (\$) |
|-------|----------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------|
| А | 1u | × | 2 | 2u |
| В | Зu | × | 1 | Зu |
| G | 2u | × | 1 | 2u |
| Total | 6u | | | 7u |

7u = 1470

1u = 1470 ÷ 7

 $5u = 5 \times 210$

= 1050

1050 children were at the event.

| Solutions to Unit 1.8 C | Sap & Difference |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Let's Get Started 1.8 | Actual no. of sweets |
| 2. 4 sweets per child | 12 |
| Total no. of sweets = 1 = 5 | 0 × 4 + 12 2 |
| Actual no. (| of sweets |
| 6 sweets per child | |
| Total no. of sweets = 1 = 5 | 8 0 × 6 – 8 2 |

Solutions to Unit 1.8 (Cont.)

Ask Yourself

1. The keywords are 'If-If' with 'short of' or 'left'.

2. It involves both shortage and excess.

Think Further

Using Case 1:

| No. of coconut candies | $= 8 \times 6 + 14$ |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| | = 62 |

Check your answer using Case 2:

No. of coconut candies $= 8 \times 9 - 10$

= 62

Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 1 (Cont.)

Question 3 (Cont.)

Multiples of 5: 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100

Add 1: 61, 66, 71, 76, 81, 86, 91, 96

Common multiples in the two cases:

61, 76, 91

However, only 91 is divisible by 7.

Greta ordered 91 cupcakes.

Question 4 End

At first

(a) J (at first) = 30

Jane had 30 erasers at first.

(b) A (at first) = 30 + 20 + 70 + 20 + 50=190

Allen had 190 erasers at first.

Question 5 At first

| mot | | | |
|-----|----|-----|-----|
| D | 50 | 250 | |
| J | 50 | 250 | 250 |

<u>Change</u>

| D | | | |
|-----|----|-----|-----|
| J | | | |
| End | | | |
| D | 1u | 150 | |
| J | 1u | 150 | 150 |

(a) Dylan had 50 stickers at first.

(b) Jonas had 550 stickers at first.

Question 6 Summary $A = 2u^{x7}$ (14u) M = 10u $C = 1u^{x7} (7u)$ W = 4uB = 5u $M = 2u^{x5} (10u)$ G = 2u $B = 1u^{x5} (5u)$ Total = 21u $M = 5u^{x^2} (10u)$ $G = 1u^{x^2} (2u)$ Difference = 4u - 2u = 2u 2u = 250 $1u = 250 \div 2$ = 125

Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 1 (Cont.)

Question 6 (Cont.)

(a) 21u= 21 × 125

= 2625

There were 2625 people at the carnival.

(b) Males= 10u + 5u

= 15u

Females = 4u + 2u

= 6u

Difference = 15u - 6u

= 9u

$$9u = 9 \times 125$$

There were **1125** more males than females at the

carnival.

| Question 7 | |
|----------------|-----------|
| No. of animals | = 720 ÷ 2 |
| | = 360 |

| = 360 | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| No. of horses | Horses' legs | No. of birds | Birds' legs | Total legs | Check |
| 360 | 360 × 4 =1440 | 0 | 0 | 1440 | х |
| 359 | 359 × 4 =1436 | 1 | 2 | 1438 | х |
| 209 | 209 × 4 =836 | 151 | 302 | 1138 | \checkmark |

Target difference = 1440 - 1138

= 302

No. of birds = $302 \div 2$

= 151

No. of hens = $(151 + 7) \div 2$ = 79

There were 79 hens on the farm.

Question 8

| 3u | 27 |
|----|----|
| 3u | 5u |

5u = 27

 $1u = 27 \div 5$ = 5.40

 $8u = 8 \times 5.40$

= 43.20 Mrs Tyler had **\$43.20**.

Question 9

At first

Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 1 (Cont.)

Question 9 (Cont.)

 $1u = 150 \div 3$

= 50 Elaine had **\$50** in the end.

Question 10

| No. of | Fee | No. of | Fee | Total | Check |
|---------|------|--------|------|-------|--------------|
| damaged | | good | | fee | |
| | | | | | |
| 690 | 4830 | 0 | 0 | 4830 | х |
| 689 | 4823 | 1 | 12 | 4835 | х |
| 106 | 742 | 584 | 7008 | 7750 | \checkmark |

Target difference = 7750 - 4830

No. of parcels in good condition = $2920 \div 5$

He delivered **584** parcels in good condition.

Question 11

| 1 | То | tal | | | |
|-----|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| | lotal | | | | |
| | 6 big boxes | 14 small boxes | | | |
| (a) | 3B + 8S = 45 | | | | |
| | 6B + 16S = 90 | | | | |
| | 6B = 14S | | | | |
| | 14S + 16S = 90 | | | | |
| | 1S = 90 ÷ 30 | | | | |
| | = 3 | | | | |
| Th | ere were 3 and 7 cupcakes | in each small and big box | | | |

respectively.

(b) 14S = \$189

- 1S = \$189 ÷ 14
 - = \$13.50

She sold each small box for \$13.50.

Question 12 3P + 2F = 4.80

| JF 7 ZF | = 4.00 |
|----------|------------|
| 2P + 4F | = 6.40 |
| 1P + 2F | = 6.40 ÷ 2 |
| | = 3.20 |
| 2P = 4.8 | 0 – 3.20 |
| = 1.6 | 60 |
| 1P = 1.6 | 0 ÷ 2 |
| = 0.8 | 0 |
| | |

Each pen cost \$0.80.

Solutions to Unit 2.1 Branching (Direct) Let's Get Started 2.1

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= 105

190 cupcakes were for Sally's birthday party.

Ask Yourself

 A value is given at the beginning for one of the branches. This makes it different from that in the previous units where all the fractions representing each branch are given as part of the information in the question.

Think Further

| $\frac{1}{3}$ of money = 3u |
|---------------------------------|
| $\frac{3}{3}$ of money = 9u |
| Money spent on plates = 9u - 5u |
| = 4u |
| 3S = 1P |
| 12S = 4P |
| 2u of money = 4P |
| 4u of money = 8P |
| 8P = 156 |
| 1P = 156 ÷ 8 |
| = 19.50 |
| Each plate cost \$19.50. |
| |
| |

Let's Practise 2.2

Solutions to Unit 2.2 (Cont. Question 1 (Cont.) $1u = 111 \div 37$ = 3 $45u = 45 \times 3$ = 135 Ken had 135 stickers at first. Question 2 Total money * Е Remainder \$18 12u С Left 7u 5u $\frac{1}{3}$ of total = 5u $\frac{3}{3}$ of total = 3 × 5 = 15u E = 15u - 12u= 3u 3u = 18 $1u = 18 \div 3$ = 6 $7u = 7 \times 6$ = 42 Jack's mother spent \$42 on the Chinese story books. Question 3 **Total fruits** Μ Remainder 280 5u ★ Left Α 3u 2u $\frac{1}{6}$ of total = 2u $\frac{6}{6}$ of total = 6 × 2u = 12u M = 12u - 5u = 7u

Solutions to Unit 2.2 (Cont.)

Total money

Question 4

\$50 was collected from sales of apples in the afternoon.

= 3 × 40

= 20

= 120

7u = 280

1u = 280 ÷ 7

= 40

Apples sold in afternoon = 3u

Amount received = 20×2.50

Number of packs of apples sold = $120 \div 6$

= 50

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Solutions to Unit 2.3 Branching (With Additional Amount) Let's Get Started 2.3

Ask Yourself

- The key words are 'of the remaining/remainder' which hint on the use of the Branching approach.
- 2. A fraction and a whole number more/fewer than is given in the question compared to previous units.
- The sum of any whole numbers and the fractions found at a particular branch level must add up to 1 whole and shall equate with the value of the branch directly above it.
- We shall start solving the sum from the last level of the branches and work upwards/backwards.

Solutions to Unit 2.3 (Cont.) Question 2 (Cont.)

 $B = \frac{4}{9} \text{ of total} + 15$ = 12 x 4 + 15 = 63 N = 45 - 14 = 31 Total beads used = 63 + 31

Jane used 94 beads for the bracelet and necklace.

Mr Davley had **1620** membership points before the redemption.

Solutions to Unit 2.3 (Cont. Question 4 (Cont.) $\frac{4}{4}$ of remainder = 4 × 12 = 48 $\frac{2}{5}$ of total = 48 + 16 = 64 $\frac{1}{5}$ of total = 64 ÷ 2 = 32 C = $\frac{3}{5}$ of total + 16 = 112 L = 48 - 38 = 10 Difference = 112 - 10

= 102

Doreen spent **\$102** more on cosmetic products than on her lunch.

Mike was given 153 questions at first.

Solutions to Unit 2.3 (Cont.) Question 6

Solutions to Unit 2.4 Repeated Items Let's Get Started 2.4

Ask Yourself

The shaded part is the overlapping part between the two figures. Hence, it is the repeated item.

Think Further

Fraction of the figure that is shaded = $\frac{4}{17}$ Let's Practise 2.4

Question 1

Solutions to Unit 2.4 (Cont.) Question 2 (Cont.) $B + C = 3u^{x7} (21u)$ Shaded part, B, 7u = 42 $1u = 42 \div 7$ = 6 Difference in area between the four-sided figure (A+B) and the oval (B+C) = 21u – 9u = 12u $12u = 12 \times 6$ = 72 The difference in the area is 72 cm². Question 3 J = 2uSummary K = 1uJ = 2u D = 6u $J = 1u^{x^2}(2u)$ K = 1u $D = 3u^{x^2}$ (6u) 7u = 21 $1u = 21 \div 7$ = 3 $2u = 2 \times 3$ = 6 Jason had 6 cousins. Question 4 $T = 2u^{x4}$ (8u) Summary $Sh = 9u^{x4} (36u)$ T = 8u Sh = 36u $So = 3u^{x9} (27u)$ So = 27u $Sh = 4u^{x9} (36u)$ Difference between socks and trousers = 27u - 8u= 19019u = 38 1u = 38 ÷ 19 = 2 $71u = 71 \times 2$ = 142Mr Osman bought 142 trousers, shirts and pairs of socks. Question 5 $50 = 3u^{x3}$ (9u) Summary $10 = 4u^{x3}$ (12u) \$50 = 9u $10 + 50 = 7u^{x3}$ (21u) \$10 = 12u \$2 = 7u $10 + 50 = 3u^{x7} (21u)$ $2 = 1u^{x^7}$ (7u) 12u - 7u = 5u5u = 15 $1u = 15 \div 5$

= 3

Solutions to Unit 2.4 (Cont.) Question 5 (Cont.) Number of \$50-notes = $9u = 9 \times 3$ = 27 Total value of \$50-notes = 27 x 50 = 1350Number of \$10-notes = 12u $= 12 \times 3$ = 36Total value of \$10-notes = 36×10 = 360 Number of \$2-notes = 7u = 7 × 3 = 21 Total value of \$2-notes = 21 x 2 = 42 Money in the end = 1350 + 360 + 42 = 1752

There was \$1752 in the safe deposit box.

Question 6 $A = 1u^{x3} (3u)$ $B + C + D = 8u^{\times 3}$ (24u) $B = 1u^{\times 6} = (6u)$ $C + D = 3u^{\times 6} (18u)$ $B + C + D = 4u^{\times 6} (24u)$ $C = 5u^{\times 2} (10u)$ $D = 4u^{\times 2}$ (8u) $C + D = 9u^{\times 2}$ (18u) C + D = 10u + 8u= 18u A + B = 3u + 6u= 9u Difference = 18u - 9u = 9u 9u = 288 1u = 288 ÷ 9 = 32 27u= 27 × 32

= 864

The girls have \$864.

Summary A = 3uB = 6uC = 10uD = 8u Total = 3u + 6u + 10u + 8u= 27u

Solutions to Unit 2.5 One Item Unchanged Let's Get Started 2.5

| At first | What has happened? | End (As a result) | What remained unchange d? | Find the value of 1 unit. |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| 2. A has $\frac{2}{3}$ as many marbles as B | A loses 40 marbles | B has 4 times as many marbles as A. | The number of marbles that B has. | |
| A = 2u ^{x4} (8u) B = 3u ^{x4} (12u) | | $A = 1u^{x3} (3u)$ $B = 4u^{x3} (12u)$ | u) | Diff = 8u - 3u = 5u 5u = 40 1u = 8 |
| 3. $\frac{2}{5}$ of the fruits at a stall are apples (A) and oranges (O). The rest were pears. | 25 pears are added to the stall | $\frac{7}{10}$ of the fruits are pears. The rest are apples and oranges. | The number of apples and orange s. | |
| A+O= 2u ^{x3} (6u P = 3u ^{x3} (9u | | A+O= $3u^{x^2}$ (P = $7u^{x^2}$ (| 6u) 14u) | Diff =14u - 9u = 5u 5u = 25 |

Ask Yourself

1. 'If' implies that the event did not occur hence the question need not mention 'at first' or 'at the end'.

Think Further

 $\frac{\text{At first}}{\text{P}} = 2u^{\times 4} (8u)$ S + A = 7u^{\times 4} (28) $\frac{\text{End}}{\text{P}} = 1u^{\times 7} (7u)$ S + A = 4u^{\times 7} (28u) 1u = 12 Total = 8u + 28u = 36u 36u = 36 \times 12 = 432

Mrs Han had 432 fruits.

Let's Practise 2.5

Question 1 At first $P = 1u^{x4} (4u)$ $M = 3u^{x4} (12u)$ Difference = 9u - 4u = 5u $M = 4u^{x3} (12u)$ Solutions to Unit 2.5 (Cont.) Question 1 (Cont.) 5u = 10 $1u = 10 \div 5$ = 2 $12u = 12 \times 2$ = 24The puppy's mother was 24 kg. Question 2 <u>At first</u> $B = 1u^{x4}$ (4u) $G = 2u^{x4}$ (8u) <u>End</u> B = 4uDifference = 8u - 5u

G = 5u = 3u 4u = 40 $1u = 40 \div 4$ = 10 $3u = 3 \times 10$

Question 3

30 girls who had left the hall.

At first $R = 3u^{x4} (12u)$ $S = 7u^{x4} (28u)$ End $R = 4u^{x3} (12u)$ $S = 5u^{x3} (15u)$ Difference = 28u - 15u= 13u

13u = 39 $1u = 39 \div 13$ = 3Difference at first = 28u - 12u = 16u $16u = 16 \times 3$

Jen had 48 more sunflowers than roses at first.

Question 4

At first $A = 5u^{x3} (15u)$ $B = 3u^{x3} (9u)$ Difference = 20u - 9u = 11u $A = 3u^{x5} (15u)$ $B = 4u^{x5} (20u)$ 11u = 33 $1u = 33 \div 11$ = 3 $15u = 15 \times 3$ = 4545 customers were in Restaurant A.

There were 1200 ml of water in the mixture in the end.

Solutions to Unit 2.6 Total Unchanged Let's Get Started 2.6

| | Qı | Value of 1u | | |
|------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------|
| Items | Peter | John | Total | |
| At first | 5u ^{x5} | 3u ^{x5} | 8u ^{x5} | 25u – 16u |
| At III St | (25u) | (15u) | (40u) | = 9u |
| What | -36 | 1.26 | | 9u = 36 |
| happened? | 50 | + 30 | | 1u = 4 |
| In the end | 2u ^{x8} | 3u ^{x8} | 5u ^{x8} | |
| | (16u) | (24u) | (40u) | |

Think Further

1. <u>At first</u> $A = 1u^{x_3} (3u)$ $C = 3u^{x_3} (9u)$ Difference = $2u^{x_3} (6u)$ <u>End</u> $A = 2u^{x_2} (4u)$ $C = 5u^{x_2} (10u)$ Difference = $3u^{x_2} (6u)$

Total = $5u^{x9}$ (45u) End B = $4u^{x5}$ (20u) G = $5u^{x5}$ (25u) Total = $9u^{x5}$ (45u) 2u = 121u = $12 \div 2$ = 618u = 18×6 = 108There were **108** boys in the gym.

Question 3

Solutions to Unit 2.7 Difference Unchanged Let's Get Started 2.7

| Itoma | C | Conclusion | | |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| items | Annie | Mother | Diff | |
| Now | 1u ^{x2} (2u) | 6u ^{x2} (12u) | 5u ^{x2} (10u) | What has not changed? |
| What happened? (9 years later) | +9 | +9 | | The age difference between Annie and her mother. |
| Future | 1u ^{x5} (5u) | 3u ^{x5} (15u) | 2u ^{x5} (10u) | Their age increased by 3u each after 9 years. Hence, 3u = 9 1u = 3 |

Ask Yourself

1. Overlapping figures where an equal area is being removed or cut from the each of the figures.

Solutions to Unit 2.7 (Cont.) Question 2 (Cont.)

| Length removed fro | m each = $0.4 \div 2$ |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| | = 0.2 |

0.2 m was cut off from each piece of rope.

Question 3 Now $J = 1u^{x3} (3u)$ $F = 3u^{x3}$ (9u) Difference = $2u^{x3}$ (6u) Difference = 4u - 3u 5 years later $J = 2u^{x^2} (4u)$ $F = 5u^{x^2}$ (10u) Difference = $3u^{x^2}$ (6u) 1u = 5 Now Jasper, $3u = 3 \times 5$ = 15 Father, $9u = 9 \times 5$ = 45

Jasper's and his father's present ages are 15 years old and 45 years old respectively.

= 1u

Question 4

| autonin i | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ? years ago | Now |
| G = 3u | $G = 4u^{x4}$ (16u) |
| N = 7u | $N = 5u^{*4}$ (20u) |
| Difference = 4u | Difference = $1u^{\times 4}$ (4u) |
| Sum of their ages nov | v = 136 - 14 - 14 = 108 |
| 16u + 20u = 108 | |
| 36u = 108 | |
| 1u = 108 ÷ 36 | |
| = 3 | |
| Change = 16u – 3u | |
| = 13u | |
| 13u = 13 × 3 | |
| = 39 | |
| George was $\frac{3}{7}$ of Nath | nan age 39 years ago. |

Question 5

<u>At first</u> $A + B = 3u^{x^2}$ (6u) $C + B = 5u^{x^2}$ (10u) Difference = $2u^{x^2}$ (4u)

End A = 3uC = 7u Difference = 4u Solutions to Unit 2.7 (Cont.) Question 5 (Cont.) Shaded part (B) = 6u - 3u = 3u 3u = 36 $1u = 36 \div 3$ = 12 A + B + C = 3u + 3u + 7u= 13u $13u = 13 \times 12$ = 156 The area of the figure is 156 cm².

Question 6

At first

 $A + B + C + D = 5u^{x^2}$ (10u) $B + C + D + E = 7u^{x^2} (14u)$ Difference = $2u^{x^2}$ (4u)

End

A + C = 5uC + E = 9uDifference = 4u

Shaded part (B+D) = 14u - 9u = 5u

1u = 45 ÷ 5 = 9

Unshaded area of square and the quadrilateral

= C + E

5u =

= 9u

= 9 × 9

= 81

The area of the unshaded part of the square and quadrilateral is 81 cm².

Solutions to Unit 2.8 Numerators the Same Let's Get Started 2.8

| S/N | Model | Numerators the Same | |
|-----|---|---|---|
| 3. | $J = 4u^{x3}(12u)$ $K = 3u^{x4}(12u)$ $Total units$ $J = 21u$ $K = 28u$ | 3u ^{x3} (9u) 4u ^{x4} (16u) | $\frac{4}{7} J = \frac{3}{7} K$ $\frac{12}{21} J = \frac{12}{28} K$ $Total units$ $J = 21u$ $K = 28u$ |

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Solutions to Unit 2.8 (Cont.)

| S/N | Model drawing | Numerators the Same |
|-----|---|--|
| 4. | $ \begin{array}{c ccccc} J & 2u^{x5} & 9u^{x5} (45u) \\ (10u) & 5u^{x2} & 3u^{x2} \\ \hline K & (10u) & (6u) \\ \end{array} $ Total units | $\frac{2}{11} J = \frac{5}{8} K$ $\frac{10}{55} J = \frac{10}{16} K$ $Total units$ $J = 55u$ |
| | J = 55u K = 16u | K = 16u |
| 5. | $ \begin{array}{c ccc} J & 3u & 4u \\ K & 3u & 1u \\ \hline Total units \\ J = 7u \\ B = 4u \end{array} $ | $\frac{3}{7}J = \frac{3}{4}K$ Total units J = 7u B = 4u |

Ask Yourself

1. When phrase "is equal to" is between two given fractions.

Think Further

1. 32u + 35u = 201 67u = 201 $1u = 201 \div 67$ = 3Muffins sold = $(32u + 35u) - (20u \times 2)$ = 27u $27u = 27 \times 3$ = 81

Mrs Heng sold a total of 81 muffins.

I will make the denominators the same when the items being compared are from the same whole unit/group.

Let's Practise 2.8

Question 1 Left $\frac{5\times2}{7\times2} A = \frac{2\times5}{5\times5} B$ $\frac{10}{14} A = \frac{10}{25} B$ At first Shop A = 14u Shop B = 25u Difference = 25u - 14u = 11u 11u = 396 1u = 396 ÷ 11 = 36 25u = 25 × 36 = 900 Shop B had **900** apples in at first.

Solutions to Unit 2.8 (Cont.) Question 2

```
\frac{3\times5}{8\times5} D = \frac{5\times3}{6\times3} L
\frac{15}{40} D = \frac{15}{18} L
\frac{At \text{ first}}{D = 40u}
L = 18u
Difference = 40u - 18u
= 22u
22u = 44
1u = 44 \div 22
= 2
Total = 40u + 18u
= 58u
58u = 58 \times 2
```

= 116 Their total allowance is **\$116**. Question 3

$\frac{\text{Left}}{\overset{4}{11}} J = \frac{2x^2}{7x^2} D$ $\frac{\overset{4}{11}}{\overset{4}{11}} J = \frac{\overset{4}{14}}{\overset{1}{14}} D$ $\frac{\text{At first}}{J = 11u}$ D = 14uDifference = 14u - 11u = 3u 3u = 36 $1u = 36 \div 3$ = 12 $8u = 8 \times 12$ = 96They had a total of **96** marbles in the end.

Question 4

Left

Roy had 56 toy cars.

Solutions to Unit 2.8 (Cont. Question 5 Left $K = 1u^{x3}$ (3u) $\frac{3}{5}$ K is half of $\frac{2 \times 3}{3 \times 3}$ C $\frac{3}{5}$ K is half of $\frac{6}{9}$ C At first K = 5u C = 9uTotal = 5u + 9u = 14u 14u = 350 1u = 350 ÷ 14 = 25 Difference = 9u - 5u = 4u = 4 × 25 411 = 100

 $C = 2u^{x3}$ (6u)

 $Z = 1u^{x6}$ (6u)

Claudia had 100 more stickers than Kim.

Question 6

End

 $X = 3u^{x6} (18u)$ $\frac{3x6}{5x6} X \text{ is thrice of } \frac{6}{11} Z$ $\frac{18}{30} X \text{ is thrice of } \frac{6}{11} Z$

At first

X = 30u Z = 11u

Total = 30u + 11u = 41u 41u = 656

 $1u = 656 \div 41$

= 16

= 480

Xavier received \$480 from his father.

(b) Z's deposit amount = 5u

= 5 × 16 = 80

Increase by $\frac{1}{4}$ of savings = \$80

Savings (in the end) = 80×5

= \$400

Zane's savings in the bank was \$400 in the end.

Solutions to Unit 2.9 Quantity x Value Let's Get Started 2.9

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (wheels) | Total value (wheels) |
|-------|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| С | 5u | × | 4 | 20u |
| M | 3u | × | 2 | 6u |
| Total | 8u = 40 | | | 26u = 130 |

Solutions to Unit 2.9 (Cont.)

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) |
|----------|----------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|
| 50¢ coin | 1u | × | 0.5 | 0.5u |
| \$1 coin | 2u | × | 1 | 2u |
| Total | 3u = 15 | | | 2.5u = 12.5 |

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (legs) | Total value (legs) |
|-------|----------------------|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| С | 4u | × | 4 | 16u |
| D | 6u | × | 2 | 12u |
| Total | 10u = 120 | | | 28u = 336 |

Ask Yourself

item is given but in Guess and Check, only the total number of items are given.

Let's Practise 2.9

Question 1

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (wheels) | Total value (wheels) |
|-------|----------------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| S | 3u | × | 2 | 6u |
| D | 1u | × | 3 | Зu |
| Total | 4u | | | 9u |

9u = 225

1u = 225 ÷ 9

= 25

 $4u = 4 \times 25$

= 100

There were 100 bicycles altogether.

Question 2

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) |
|-------|----------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| А | 5u | × | 10 | 50u |
| С | 12u | × | 4 | 48u |
| Total | 17u | | | 98u |

(a) 98u = 9800

1u = 9800 ÷ 98

= 100

 $12u = 12 \times 100$

= 1200

There were a total of 1200 children.

(b) Difference = 50u - 48u

= 2u2u $= 2 \times 100$ = 200

The difference in the total amount of money collected between the adults and children was **\$200**.

| Question 3 | |
|------------|---------|
| R = 1u | Summary |
| C = 2u | R = 1u |
| > | C = 2u |
| R = 1u | V = 1u |
| V = 1 u | |

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^{1.} In Quantity × Value, the quantity/number of units of each

| Solutions | to | Unit 2.9 | (Cont.) |
|------------|-----------|----------|---------|
| Question 3 | (C_{0}) | nt) | |

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) | |
|-------|----------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|--|
| R | 1u | × | 1.1 | 1.1u | |
| V | 1u | × | 1.2 | 1.2u | |
| С | 2u | × | 1.4 | 2.8u | |
| Total | 4u | | | 5.1u | |

5.1u = 153

- 1u = 153 ÷ 5.1 = 30
- 2u = 2 × 30 = 60

Sarah bakes **30** red velvet muffins, **30** vanilla muffins and **60** chocolate muffins.

Question 4

| A = 1u O = 1u | Ĵ | Summary A = 1u O = 1u |
|------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| P = 4u A = 1u | ſ | P = 4u |

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) |
|-------|----------------------|---|------------------------|------------------|
| А | 1u | × | 0.4 | 0.4u |
| 0 | 1u | × | 0.5 | 0.5u |
| Р | 4u | × | 0.6 | 2.4u |
| Total | 6u | | | 3.3u |

3.3u = 39.6

1u = 39.6 ÷ 3.3

= 12

Total spent on apples and oranges = 0.4u + 0.5u

Difference = 2.4u - 0.9u= 1.5u $1.5u = 1.5u \times 12$

= 18

- 10

He spent \$18 more on the pears than apples and oranges.

Question 5

| B = 4u | ٦ | |
|--------------------|---|---------|
| R = 3u | | Summary |
| | 7 | R = 3u |
| $S = 3u^{x3} (9u)$ | | B = 4u |
| $R = 1u^{x3} (3u)$ | J | S = 9u |
| | | |

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (g) | Total value (g) |
|-------|----------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------|
| R | 3u | × | 30 | 90u |
| В | 4u | × | 40 | 160u |
| S | 9u | × | 50 | 450u |
| Total | 16u | | | 700u |

700u = 14 000

 $1u = 14\ 000 \div 700$ = 20 $160u = 160 \times 20$ = 3200

(a) The mass of flour needed is 3200 g.

Solutions to Unit 2.9 (Cont.) Question 5 (Cont.)

Difference = 9u – 3u

(b) The difference in the number of strawberry muffins and the number of raspberry muffins is **120**.

Question 6

$$\frac{2x5}{3x5} B = \frac{5x2}{6x2} G$$

$$\frac{10}{15} B = \frac{10}{12} G$$

$$B = 15u$$

$$G = 12u$$

$$Total = 15u + 12u$$

$$= 27u$$

$$A = \frac{1}{3} \times 27u$$
$$= 9u$$

| Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) |
|----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| 15u | × | 4 | 60u |
| 12u | × | 5 | 60u |
| 9u | × | 10 | 90u |
| 36u | | | 210u |
| | Quantity of items 15u 12u 9u 36u | Quantity of items×15u×12u×9u×36u | Quantity of items×Value of items (\$)15u×412u×59u×1036u |

Difference = 90u - 60u

 $1u = 3000 \div 30$

(a) 210u = 210 × 100 = 21 000

The total amount collected from the donations is \$21 000.

(b) Total adults and girls = 9u + 12u

 $21u = 21 \times 100$

= 2100

There is a total of **2100** adults and girls.

| Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 2 |
|--|
| Question 1 |
| $A + B = 3u^{x6} (18u)$ |
| $C = 2u^{x6} (12u)$ Summary |
| Total = $5u^{x_6}$ (30u) A = 13u |
| ≻ B = 5u |
| $A + C = 5u^{x5} (25u)$ $C = 12u$ |
| $B = 1u^{x5}$ (5u) Total = 30u |
| Total = $6u^{x5}$ (30u) \checkmark |
| |
| 12u = 144 |
| 1u = 144 ÷ 12 |
| = 12 |
| 30u = 30 × 12 |
| = 360 |
| The pair of earrings cost \$360. |

Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 2 (Cont.) Question 2 $J + E = 3u^{x6}$ (18u) $G + R = 4u^{x6} (24u)$ $Total = 7u^{x6} (42u)$ Summary $J + E + G = 5u^{x7}$ (35u) J = 3u $R = 1u^{x7}$ (7u) E = 15u $Total = 6u^{x7} (42u)$ G = 17u R = 7u $J = 1u^{x3}$ (3u) Total = 42u $E = 5u^{x3}$ (15u) $J+E = 6u^{x3}(18u)$ Difference between G and E = 17u - 15u = 2u 2u = 16 $1u = 16 \div 2$ = 8 $42u = 42 \times 8$ = 336 The four children managed to pool 336 marbles together. Question 3 At first Change End $R = 2u^{x^2} (4u)$ R = 5u R = 2u $M = 1u^{x^2} (2u)$ M = 1uM = 4u2u = 8 1u = 8 ÷ 2 = 4 R (at first) = 4×4 = 16 M (at first)= 2×4 = 8 Robert and Melvin had 16 and 8 magnets respectively at first. Question 4 People 7u^{x2} (14u) Adults (Participants) Remaining 4u^{x2} (8u) 3u^{x2} (6u) 1u^{x2} (2u) 3u^{x2} (6u) Girls (Participants) Left 2u^{x3} (6u) Boys (Participants) Organisers 1u^{x3} (3u) 1u^{x3} (3u) Quantity Value of Items Total value (\$) × of items items (\$) А 2 12u 6u × G 2u × 5 10u В 3u × 6 18u Total 11u 40u (a) 40u = 400 $1u = 400 \div 40$ = 10

18u = 18 × 10 = 180

The boys spent \$180 on drinks.

Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 2 (Cont.) Question 4 (Cont.) (b) $3u = 3 \times 10$ = 30 30 people were event organisers. (c) $14u = 14 \times 10$ = 140 There were 140 people at the event. Question 5 $\frac{2^{\times 3}}{5^{\times 3}} A = \frac{3^{\times 2}}{4^{\times 2}} B$ $\frac{6}{15} A = \frac{6}{8} B$ $A = 15u^{\times 2} (30u)$ Summary $B = 8u^{\times 2}$ (16u) A = 30u B = 16u $\frac{3^{\times 4}}{4^{\times 4}} B = \frac{4^{\times 3}}{7^{\times 3}} C$ $\frac{12}{16} B = \frac{12}{21} C$ C = 21uB = 16u C = 21uDifference = 30u - 21u= 9u 9u = 45 1u = 45 ÷ 9 = 5 $16u = 16 \times 5$ = 80 There are 80 pineapples in Basket B. Question 6 P = 3uE+R = 7uSummary Total = 10u P = 3uE = 5u $E = 1u^{\times 5}$ (5u) R = 2u $P+R = 1u^{5}$ (5u) $Total = 2u^{x5} (10u)$

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) |
|-------|----------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|
| Р | 3u | × | 1.95 | 5.85u |
| E | 5u | × | 0.75 | 3.75u |
| R | 2u | × | 2.2 | 4.4u |
| Total | 10u | | | 14u |

14u = 28 1u = 28 ÷ 14 = 2 10u = 10 × 2 = 20 There are 20 items in the bag. Question 7 Fraction of ducks left = $1 - \frac{5}{7}$ $= \frac{2}{7}$ Fraction of chickens left = $1 - \frac{2}{5}$ $= \frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{3^{\times 2}}{5^{\times 2}} C = \frac{2^{\times 3}}{7^{\times 3}} D$ $\frac{6}{10} C = \frac{6}{21} D$ C = 10u

```
D = 21u
```

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Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 2 (Cont.)

Question 7 (Cont.) Total (at first) = 10u + 21u= 31uRemained = 6u + 6u= 12u 12u = 840 $1u = 840 \div 12$ = 70 $31u = 31 \times 70$ = 2170There were a total of **2170** animals at Earmer O

There were a total of **2170** animals at Farmer Oei's farm at first.

Question 8

| Total a | mount of money | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|
| | \frown | |
| ▲ D | Demoinder | |
| \$940 | 7u ^{×2} (14u) | |
| | | |
| | _ x | |
| | В 4u ^{×2} (8u) | Left |
| $\frac{2}{2}$ of total = 6u + 180 | 44 (04) | su^2 (6U) |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ of total - $3u \pm 90$ | | |
| $\frac{-9}{9}$ of total = 50 + 50 | | |
| $\frac{1}{9}$ of total = 27u + 810 | | |
| $D_{rooo} = 270 + 910$ | 14. | |
| = 13u + 810 | 140 | |
| 13u = 940 - 810 | | |
| = 130 | | |
| 1u = 130 ÷ 13 | | |
| = 10 | | |
| $27u + 810 = 27 \times 10$ | + 810 | |
| = 1080 | | |
| | 5 1. | |
| | | |
| $\overline{11}$ N = $\overline{9}$ E | | |
| $\frac{6}{22}N = \frac{6}{27}E$ | | |
| N = 22u | | |
| E = 27u | | |
| Total = 22u + 27u | | |
| = 49U | | |
| = 12u | | |
| Left = 49u - 12u | | |
| = 37u | | |
| 37u = 3700 | | |
| 1u = 3700 ÷ 37 | | |
| = 100 | | |
| $22u = 22 \times 100$ | | |
| = 2200 | no ¢2200 | |
| Question 10 | 15 JZZUU . | |
| | | |

| R | 3u | | | |
|---|------|--|---|----|
| С | 3u | | | 15 |
| Ρ | 1u : | | ; | |

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) |
|-------|----------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|
| С | 3u + 15 | × | 3.5 | 10.5u + 52.5 |
| R | 3u | × | 3 | 9u |
| Р | 1u + 5 | × | 2.9 | 2.9u + 14.5 |
| Total | 7u + 20 | | | 22.4u + 67 |

Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 2 (Cont.) Question 10 (Cont.) 22.4u = 179 - 67= 112 $1u = 112 \div 22.4$ = 5 $7u + 20 = 7 \times 5 + 20$ = 55 They sell 55 pieces of tokiwado daily. Question 11 End Α Ν At first 9u А 8u 65 89 Ν 8u 65 1u = 65 + 89= 154 $A = 9 \times 154$ = 1386 $N = 8 \times 154$ = 1232 Alyssa and Nerissa had \$1386 and \$1232 respectively. Question 12 L = 5u K = 6u l = 5u In the end Зр L 10 ----Т 10 60 5p 2p = 60 1p = 60 ÷ 2 = 30 $3p = 3 \times 30$ = 90 L (at first) = 90 - 10 = 80 5u = 80 1u = 80 ÷ 5 = 16 $6u = 6 \times 16$ = 96 K (end) = 96 - 10 - 70 = 16 Kevin had 16 cards in the end. Solutions to Unit 3.1 Repeated Items Let's Get Started 3.1 Step1 What item(s) Step 2 is/are repeated? P:S S:H:P S :H

9:4

S

C + D

4:24:9

A : C : D

4:5:9

1^{x4} : 6^{x4}

4 :24

C:D A:C+D

5:9 $2^{x^2}:7^{x^2}$

4 :14

Solutions to Unit 3.1 (Cont.)

| Step1 | What item(s) | Step 2 |
|---|------------------|-----------|
| | is/are repeated? | |
| X :Y :Z | | |
| 9 ^{x2} : 2 ^{x2} : 4 ^{x2} | | |
| 18:4:8 | X . X | X : Y : Z |
| W : X+Y | X + Y | 18:4:8 |
| 5 ^{x11} : 2 ^{x11} | | |
| 55 : 22 | | |

Ask Yourself

- 1. The girls shared a number of biscuits together and the quantity by each girl is given in sets of ratio amongst them.
- 2. Since Hannah is the Repeated Item, the number of units representing Hannah in both sets of ratio must be made the same using the principle of the First Common Multiple (FCM) of 5 and 4 which is 20.

Let's Practise 3.1

| Question 1 | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| J : D | J : K |
| 1^{x_3} : 8^{x_3} | 3 :1 |
| J . 24 | |
| Summary | |
| J: D : K | , |
| 3:24:1 | |
| Total = $3u + 24u + 7$ | 1u |
| = 28u | |
| 28u = 280 | |
| 1u = 280 ÷ 28 | |
| = 10 | |
| Difference = $24u - 1$ | lu |
| = 23u | |
| 23u = 23 × 10 | |
| = 230 | |
| Duncan had 230 mc | ore coins than Keith. |
| Question 2 | |
| B : A | A :C |
| 3 ^{x4} : 5 ^{x4} | 4 ^{x5} : 1 ^{x5} |
| 12 : 20 | 20 : 5 |
| |) |
| Summary | |
| A : B : C : To | tal |
| 20:12:5:37 | |
| Difference = 20u - | 12u |
| = 8u | |
| 8u = 160 | |
| 1u = 160 ÷ 8 | |
| = 20 | |
| 37u= 37 × 20 | |
| = 740 | |
| The sum of money | was \$740 . |

Solutions to Unit 3.1 (Cont.) Question 3 $\begin{array}{rrrr} J & : & E+G \\ 1^{x13} & : & 4^{x13} \end{array}$ Total Е : J + G : Total : 5^{x13} 3^{x5} :10^{x5} : 13^{x5} : 13 : 52 65 15 :50 65 : Summary E:G:J 15:37:13 65u = 130 1u = 130 ÷ 65 = 2 Difference = 37u - 13u = 24u $24u = 24 \times 2$ = 48 Grace has 48 more playing cards than Jason. Question 4 G : C+J Total : G+C : Total : J :3^{x5} 1^{x5} 2^{x4} : 3^{x4} 5^{x4} : 4^{x5} : 8 : 12 : 20 5 :15 : 20 Summary C: G : J 7:8:5 Total = 7u + 8u + 5u= 20u 20u = 560 = 560 ÷ 20 1u

| = 28 | |
|------------|-----------|
| Difference | = 8u – 5u |
| | = 3u |
| 3u = 3 × | 28 |
| = 84 | |

Gillian contributed \$84 more than Joan.

Question 5

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| Solutions to Unit 3.2 Family of Change | |
|--|--|
| Let's Get Started 3.2 | |

| At first | End (As a result) | What has not changed? | Find the value of 1 unit. |
|--|--|-----------------------------|---|
| C : D 2 ^{x3} : 5 ^{x3} 6 : 15 | C : D 6 : 17 | С | 17u – 15u = 2u 2u = 4 1u = 2 |
| E : F 4 ^{x3} : 7 ^{x3} 12 : 21 | E : F 2 ^{x7} : 3 ^{x7} 14 : 21 | F | 14u – 12u = 2u 2u = 22 1u = 11 |
| H : K : Total 3 ^{x15} : 5 ^{x15} : 8 ^{x15} 45 : 75 : 120 | H : K : Total 8 ^{x8} : 7 ^{x8} : 15 ^{x8} 64 : 56 : 120 | Total (H+K) | 64u – 45u = 19 19u = 95 1u = 5 |
| A : O+P 5 ^{x2} : 3 ^{x2} 10 : 6 | A : O+P 1 ^{x3} : 2 ^{x3} 3 : 6 | O + P | 10u – 3u = 7u 7u = 21 1u = 3 |

Ask yourself

- The change is the fifty-four \$1 coins that were removed. To form the relationship based on the change, we write out the "At first" and "End" sets of ratio.
- There is a change in the ratio as the total number of coins had changed given that some \$1 coins were removed.
- Since the number of 10-cent coins remained the same, the units representing the 10-cent coins must be made the same in the 'Before/At first' and 'After/End' ratios using the principle of First Common Multiple (FCM).

Think Further

1. Amount of money Patrick had in the end = $(10 \times 2 \times 0.1) + (8 \times 2 \times 1)$ = \$18

Solutions to Unit 3.2 (Cont.) Let's Practise 3.2

Question 1

| | $\frac{\text{At first}}{\text{G} : \text{B}}$ $2^{\times 3} : 3^{\times 3}$ | | <u>End</u> G:B 3 ^{x2} :1 ^{x2} |
|----|---|----|---|
| 7u | 6 : 9 = 14 | 7u | 6 :2 |
| 1u | = 14 ÷ 7 | | |
| | = 2 | | |
| 8u | = 8 × 2 | | |
| | = 16 | | |
| | | | |

There were 16 dancers in the dance studio.

Question

| Question 2 | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <u>At first</u> | End |
| F : B | F : B |
| 4 ^{x3} : 1 ^{x3} | 3 ^{x4} : 2 ^{x4} |
| 12 : 3 | 12 :_8 |
| | 5u |
| Total, end = 12u + 8u | |
| = 20u | |
| 20u = 1000 | |
| 1u = 100 ÷ 20 | |
| = 50 | |
| $5u = 5 \times 50$ | |
| = 250 | |
| Cost for the bean curds ordered | = 250 × \$0.80 |
| | = \$200 |
| | |

The cost of the beancurd added was \$200.

Difference, at first = 21u - 9u

= 12u 12u = 24 $1u = 24 \div 12$ = 2 Total (end) = 30u = 30×2 = 60

There was a total of **60** toys on the display shelves in the end.

Question 4

7u = 84 1u = 84 ÷ 7 = 12

Solutions to Unit 3.2 (Cont.

Question 4 (Cont.)

10u = 10 × 12 = 120

| - 14 | 20 | | | |
|------|----|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Alan had 120 more stamps than May in the end.

| Questio | n 5 | | | | |
|--------------------|---------|-------------|----|----------|------|
| | At firs | <u>st</u> | | In the e | end |
| А | С | Diff | Α | С | Diff |
| 90 | 300 | 210 | 1u | 4u | 3u |
| 3u = 21 | 0 | | | | |
| 1u = 21 | 0 ÷ 3 | | | | |
| = 70 | | | | | |
| Total (at first) = | | = 90 + 300 | | | |
| | | = 390 | | | |
| Total (end) = | | = 5 × 70 | | | |
| | | = 350 | | | |
| Total left | | = 390 - 350 | | | |
| | | = 40 | | | |

40 adults and children altogether left the exhibition hall.

| Question | n 6 | | | | |
|----------|----------|------|------------|----|----------|
| | At first | | In the end | | <u>d</u> |
| R | L | Diff | А | С | Diff |
| 320 | 260 | 60 | Зu | 4u | 1u |

1u = 60

| Total (at first) | = 320 + 260 |
|------------------|------------------------------|
| | = 580 |
| Total (end) | = 7 × 60 |
| | = 420 |
| Total spent | = 580 - 420 |
| | = 160 |
| Richard and La | arvy spent \$160 altogether. |

Solutions to Unit 3.3 Branching Let's Get Started 3.3

2. Branch Diagram

14u = 42 $1u = 42 \div 14$ = 3Total voted = 30u $= 30 \times 3$ = 90

Ask Yourself

 The keywords are 'the remaining amount'. I can use Branching approach to solve the question.

Solutions to Unit 3.3 (Cont.) Let's Practise 3.3

She used 150 g of flour to bake the cupcakes.

Solutions to Unit 3.3 (Cont.) Question 4

Difference between exterior and dashboard = 15u - 6u

= 9u

9u = 0.18 $1u = 0.18 \div 9$ = 0.02 Amount of polish = 35u $= 35 \times 0.02$ = 0.7

0.7 l = 700 ml

The bottle contained 700 me of polishing liquid at first.

Difference = 25u - 9u

= 16u

16u = 208

1u = 208 ÷ 16

= 13

75u = 75 × 13 075

There were 975 students at the school fun fair.

Question 6

| Solutions to I | Unit 3.3 (Cont.) | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Question 6 (Cor 3 cheese buns = | Question 6 (Cont.) 3 cheese buns = 1 tuna bun | | | | | |
| 75 cheese buns | = 25 tuna buns | | | | | |
| 3u of money = 2 | 5 tuna buns | | | | | |
| 5u of money = 7 | '5 cheese buns | | | | | |
| 1u of money = 1 | 5 cheese buns | | | | | |
| 8u of money = 8 | x 15 | | | | | |
| = 1 | 20 cheese buns | | | | | |
| Donald bought 1 | 20 cheese buns. | | | | | |
| Alternative solut | ion | | | | | |
| Sum of money | = 25 tuna buns | | | | | |
| 1u of money | = 25 ÷ 5 | | | | | |
| : | = 5 tuna buns | | | | | |
| 8u of money | = 8 × 5 | | | | | |
| : | = 40 tuna buns | | | | | |
| Total cheese bu | ns = 40 × 3 | | | | | |
| | = 120 cheese buns | | | | | |

| Solutions | to | Unit 3.4 | Quantity | Х | Value | |
|------------|-----|----------|----------|---|-------|--|
| Ask Yourse | ۶lf | | | | | |

- 1. The comparison is the number of 20-cent coins and the number of 50-cent coins; and
- 2. Yes. The number of coins in each group multiplies by the value of the coins.

Think Further

1. My approach will still be the same but the answer will be different.

Difference = 2.5u - 1.8u

= 0.7u

 $1u = 301 \div 0.7 = 430$

The total value of her 50-cent coins is \$774.

Let's Practise 3.4 Question 1

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) |
|---------|----------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| 50-cent | Зu | × | 0.5 | 1.5u |
| 20-cent | 2u | × | 0.2 | 0.4u |
| Total | 5u | | | 1.9u |

1.9u = 19

 $1u = 19 \div 1.9$

= 10

 $1.5u = 1.5 \times 10$

The value of the 50-cents is \$15.

Question 2

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) |
|-------|----------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|
| Х | 4u | × | 1.2 | 4.8u |
| Y | 2u | × | 0.85 | 1.7u |
| Z | 5u | × | 0.6 | 3u |
| Total | 11u | | | 9.5u |

Solutions to Unit 3.4 (Cont.) Question 2 (Cont.)

11u = 451 1u = 451 ÷ 11 = 41

9.5u = 9.5 × 41

= 389.5

Sally collected \$389.50 from the sales of all her seashells.

| Quest | ion 3 | |
|-------|-------|---------|
| Late | : | On time |
| 4 | : | 16 |
| 1 | : | 4 |

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) |
|-------|----------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|
| L | 1u | × | 3.25 | 3.25u |
| 0 | 4u | × | 5.25 | 21u |
| Total | 5u | | | 24.25u |

24.25u = 9700

1u = 9700 ÷ 24.25

= 400

 $4u = 4 \times 400$

= 1600

1600 pizzas were delivered on time last month.

Question 4

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|
| \$158 tickets (sold) | 1u | × | 158 | 158u |
| \$88 tickets (sold) | 2u | × | 88 | 176u |
| Total | 3u | | | 334u |

334u = 78 156

1u = 78 156 ÷ 334

3u = 3 × 234

(a) 702 tickets were sold in all.

Difference = 87 636 - 78 156

= 9480

No. of another \$158 tickets needed to be sold = 9480 ÷ 158

= 60

(b) **60** more \$158-tickets need to be sold to meet the targeted amount.

Question 5

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (stickers) | Total value (stickers) |
|-------|----------------------|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| С | 485 | × | 2u | 970u |
| Т | 520 | × | 3u | 1560u |
| Total | 1005 | | | 2530u |

2530u = 7590

Solutions to Unit 3.4 (Cont.) Question 5 (Cont.) 1u = 7590 ÷ 2530

= 3(a) $2u = 2 \times 3$

= 6

6 stickers were stamped on each cap.

(b) 3u = 3 × 3

= 9

9 stickers were stamped on each T-shirt.

| O | uesti | on 6 | |
|---|-------|------|--|

| adestion 0 | | | | | | | |
|------------|----------|---|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Items | Quantity | × | Value of | Total value | | | |
| | of items | | items | (mooncakes) | | | |
| | | | (mooncakes) | | | | |
| Α | 121 | × | 2u | 242u | | | |
| С | 96 | × | 1u | 96u | | | |
| Total | 217 | | | 338u | | | |

338u = 676

 $1u = 676 \div 338$

= 2

2u = 2 × 2 = 4

Each adult received **4** mooncakes.

| Solu | tion | s to F | Rev | iew | Que | stio | ns o | n C | hapter | 3 |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|---|
| Quest | ion 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| L | : | E+S | | | Е | : | S | : | E+S | |
| 3 ^{x9} | : | 7 ^{x9} | | | 4 ^{x7} | : | 5 ^{x7} | : | 9 ^{×7} | |
| 27 | : | 63 | | | 28 | : | 35 | : | 63 | |
| Summ | nary | | | | | | | | | |
| L | : | Е | : | S | | | | | | |
| 27 | : | 28 | : | 35 | | | | | | |
| / | At firs | st | | | | In th | ie end | <u> </u> | | |
| L | : | Е | | | L | : | Е | | | |
| 27 | : | 28 | | | 5 ^{x7} | : | 4 ^{x7} | | | |
| `` | ``` | 8u | | | ▼ 35 | : | 28 | | | |
| Total | (end) |) = 35 | u + 2 | 28u + | - 35u | | | | | |
| | ``` | | u | | | | | | | |
| 98u = | 588 | | | | | | | | | |
| 1u = 5 | 588 ÷ | - 98 | | | | | | | | |
| = 6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35u = | 35u = 35 × 6 | | | | | | | | | |
| = | 210 | | | | | | | | | |

Lynette had 210 coins.

Question 2

2u

3u

Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 3 Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 3 (Cont.) (Cont.) Question 2 (Cont.) Question 5 2u = 48 At first In the end 1u = 48 ÷ 2 A : С A : С 5^{x4} = 24 : 4^{x4} 4^{x5} : 3×5 $5u = 5 \times 24$ 20 • 16 20 :; 15 = 120 1u S = 5u - 781u = 3 = 120 - 78 Total (at first) = 20u + 16u = 42 = 36u The cost of the pair of shoes is \$42. 36u = 36 × 3 = 108 Question 3 The total number of angel fish and clown fish in the T : C Т: О aquarium at first was 108. 2^{x3} : 3^{x3} 6 : 5 6 : 9 Question 6 Summary 4u^{×5} (20u) T : C : 0 Total 6 : 9 : 5 1u^{×5} (5u) 3u*5 (15u) At first In the end Remainder T-shirt T+C : O T+C : O 5u*3 (15u) 15 : 5 3 : 5 `•__ 12u 4 2u^{×3} (6u) 3u*3 (9u) Total mass = 6u + 9u + 5uShoes Left = 20u Before John received \$120 After John received \$120 20u = 11.2 Total (end) : Total (at first) Total (end) : Total (at first) $1u = 11.2 \div 20$ 9 20 5^{x5} 4^{x5} 25 20 = 0.56 $12u = 12 \times 0.56$ +16u = 6.72 6.72 kg of vegetables were used to make the beef stew. 16u = 120 $1u = 120 \div 16$ Question 4 = 7.5 G : F+W F : W : F+W 2^{x5} : 3^{x5} 1^{x3} : 4^{x3} 5^{x3} Total (at first) = 20u : $= 20 \times 7.5$ 10 : 3 : 12 : 15 15 = 150 Summary John had \$150 at first. G : F W : 10 : 3 Question 7 : 12 Profit per pair = 12 - 7 Geetha spent = 10u - 3u = 5 = 7u Profit (1 set of 5 pairs) = $5 \times 4 - 7$ Total (end) = 3u + 3u + 12u = 13 = 18u Profit (80 sets of 5 pairs) = 80 × 13 18u = 234 = 1040 $1u = 234 \div 18$ Remaining earnings = 1540 - 1040 = 13 = 500 $7u = 7 \times 13$ (a) No. of pairs sold singly = 500 ÷ 5 = 91 = 100Geetha spent \$91. 100 pairs of sandals were not sold in sets of 5. Total no. of pairs = $100 + (80 \times 5)$ = 500 (b) Total cost = 500 × 7 = 3500

Daniel paid \$3500 for all the pairs of sandals.

No. of pages read on Friday = 63u - 33u= 30u

30u

Solutions to Unit 4.1 (Cont.)

Question 4 (Cont.) 30u = 60 $1u = 60 \div 30$ = 2 $77u = 77 \times 2$ = 154Average = $154 \div 7$ = 22

John would need to read an average of **22 pages** each day.

Question 5

At first End S S Total : Ν : Total Ν : : 3^{x9} 5^{x9} 8u^{x9} 8^{x8} 1^{×8} : 9u^{x8} : : 64 27 45 72u 8 72u : : 30u Apples sold in the next 3 days = 64u - 27u= 37u 37u = 111 $1u = 111 \div 37$ = 3 $72u = 72 \times 3$ = 216 Average = $216 \div 9$ = 24 Belle sold an average of 24 apples each day. Question 6 Total score of 23 students = 23 × 76.5 = 1759.5 Total score of next 2 highest score = 2 x 82.25 = 164.5 Total score of the top 3 highest scores = 95 + 164.5= 259.5 Total score of 20 students = 1759.5 - 259.5 = 1500 Average score of the remaining students = 1500 ÷ 20 = 75(a) The average score of the remaining students is 75. New average score = 76.5 + 0.5= 77 New total score = 77×24 = 1848 New score = 1848 - 1759.5 = 88.5 (b) The new student's score is 88.5. Solutions to Unit 4.2 Average with Unknown Items

Let's Get Started (a)

| / | | | | | | | |
|------------|--------------------|---|---------|------------|--|--|--|
| | Number of girls | | Average | Total | | | |
| | Before | 6 | 8 | 6 × 8 = 48 | | | |
| | After | 7 | 9 | 7 × 9 = 63 | | | |
| \ - | | | | | | | |

(b) The increase in the number of girls by 1.

Solutions to Unit 4.2 (Cont.) Ask Yourself

In this question, the number of girls in the group is unknown.

Let's Practise 4.2

Question 1

| | Number of studentsAverage amount collected (\$) | | Total amount collected (\$) |
|--------|---|-----|-----------------------------|
| Before | 1u | 125 | 125u |
| After | 1u + 15 | 113 | 113u + 1695 |

| В | 113u | 12u | 1275 |
|---|------|------|------|
| А | 113u | 1695 | 5 |

12u = 1695 - 1275

$$= 420$$

1u = 420 ÷ 12
= 35
1u + 15 = 35 + 15
= 50

There were 50 students in a group.

Question 2

| | Number of days | Average number of pages read | Total number of pages read |
|--------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Before | 1u | 15 | 15u |
| After | 1u + 4 | 17 | 17u + 68 |

| В | 15u | - | 88 | |
|---|-----|----|----|--|
| А | 15u | 2u | 68 | |

2u = 88 - 68

= 20 1u = 20 ÷ 2 = 10 Days read in all = 1u + 4 = 10 + 4

= 14

John read for 14 days in all altogether.

Question 3

Method 1

| | Number of babies | Average mass (kg) | Total mass (kg) |
|--------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| Before | 1u | 3.2 | 3.2u |
| After | 1u + 1 | 3.4 | 3.4u + 3.4 |
| в | 3.2u | 5.8 | > |

A 3.2u 0.2u 3.4u

3.4u - 3.2u = 0.2u 0.2u = 5.8 - 3.4

= 2.4

 $1u=2.4\div0.2$

There were 12 babies in the nursery.

Solutions to Unit 4.2 (Cont.) Question 3 (Cont.) <u>Method 2</u> Difference in mass of the new baby = 5.8 - 3.4= 2.4 Average change with the new baby = 3.4 - 3.2= 0.2Number of babies = $2.4 \div 0.2$ = 12

There were 12 babies in the nursery.

Question 4

Method 1

| | | Number of pairs of chopsticks | | Ave prio | erage ce (\$) | Total pr | ice (\$) |
|-----|-------|----------------------------------|----------|-------------|------------------|----------|----------|
| Bet | fore | 1u | | 1 | 2.5 | 12.5 | 5u |
| Af | ter | 1u + 2 | | 1: | 5.75 | 15.75u | + 31.5 |
| В | 12.5u | | 16 - | + 35 = 5 | 1 | | |
| А | | 12.5u | 2.5u 3.2 | | 3 | 1.5 | |

3.25u = 51 - 31.5

= 19.5

1u = 19.5 ÷ 3.25

Nisa bought **6** pairs of stainless steel chopsticks for her friends.

Method 2

Difference in the cost of 1 pair of silver and 1 pair of goldplated chopsticks = $(\$16 + \$35) - (\$15.75 \times 2)$

= \$19.50

Average change = \$15.75 - \$12.50

= \$3.25

Number of stainless steel chopsticks bought

= \$19.50 ÷ \$3.25

= 6

Nisa bought **6** pairs of stainless steel chopsticks for her friends.

Question 5

| | | Number of friends | Average points |) | ٦ | Fotal point | s |
|----|------|----------------------|-------------------|---|---|-------------|---|
| Be | fore | 1u + 1 | 38 | | | 38u + 38 | |
| Af | ter | 1u | 36 | | | 36u | |
| | | | | | | | _ |
| В | | 36u | | 2 | u | 38 | |
| А | 36u | | | | | 48 | • |
| | | | | | | | |

2u = 48 - 38

- = 10
- 1u = 10 ÷ 2

= 5

5 of Jennifer's friends took part in the quiz.

Solutions to Unit 4.2 (Cont.) Question 6

| | Number of people | Average marks | Total marks |
|----|---------------------|------------------|-------------|
| C1 | 1u | 90 | 90u |
| C2 | 1u | 87 | 87u |

Difference = 90u - 87u

= 3uGap = 5 + 13 = 18 3u = 18 1u = 18 ÷ 3 = 6

6 – 1 = 5

Harith has **5** friends. Solutions to Unit 4.3 Average with Repeated

6

Items Let's Get Started

1. Total seashells of M and K = 8×2

| ▲ <u>1</u> | - = 1 | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| М | L | | | |
| М | M K | | | |
| 16 Difference = 16 - 12 = 4 | | | | |

- (a) Kim had 4 more seashells than Lisa.
 Number of seashells Kim had = 7 + 4
 = 11
- (b) Kim had 11 seashells.
- 2. Total number of cars of D and M = 20 x 2= 40

Total number of cars of D, M and K = 19×3

= 17

= 57

Number of cars Keith had = 57 - 40

(a) Keith had 17 toy cars.

Solutions to Unit 4.3 (Cont.) Ask Yourself

1. The repeated items are Louisa and Fanny.

Let's Practise 4.3

Question 1

| Total tags (D + C) | = 203 × 2 |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
| | = 406 |
| Total tags (E + C) | = 194 × 2 |
| | = 388 |
| Total tags (E + D) | = 181 × 2 |
| | = 362 |
| Total tags (2D + 20 | C + 2E) = 406 + 388 + 362 |
| | = 1156 |
| Total tags (D + C + | E) = 1156 ÷ 2 |
| | = 578 |
| E = 578 – 406 | |
| = 172 | |
| C = 388 – 172 | |
| = 216 | |
| D = 362 – 172 | |
| = 190 | |

Dave, Cherrie and Elaine had **190** tags, **216** tags and **172** tags respectively.

Question 2

| | Average score (points) | Total score (points) |
|-----------|------------------------|----------------------|
| S + M | 77 | 77 × 2 = 154 |
| R + M | 71.5 | 71.5 × 2 = 143 |
| S + M + A | 73 | 73 × 3 = 219 |
| A + R | 69 | 69 × 2 = 138 |

```
\begin{array}{rl} \mbox{Ada's score} &= 219 - 154 \\ &= 65 \\ \mbox{Risa's score} &= 138 - 65 \\ &= 73 \\ \mbox{Mayo' score} &= 143 - 73 \\ &= 70 \\ \mbox{Sally's score} &= 154 - 70 \\ &= 84 \end{array}
```

Sally, Mayo, Ada and Risa scored **84** points, **70** points, **65** points and **73** points respectively.

Question 3

Total number of door knobs produced by A and B weekly

= 3486 × 2

= 6972

Total number of door knobs produced by A and C weekly

= 6586 × 2

Difference in the number of door knobs produced between B and C weekly = 13 172 - 6972

= 6200

Difference in units between B and C = 7u - 2u

= 5u

5u = 6200

Solutions to Unit 4.3 (Cont.) Question 3 (Cont.) $1u = 6200 \div 5$ = 1240 $2u = 2 \times 1240$ = 2480 (Factory B) Factory A = 6972 - 2480 = 4492

Factory A produces **4492** door knobs weekly.

Question 4

| L | 1u | 3 | 8 | 15 |) |
|---|----|---|---|----|-----|
| R | 1u | 3 | 8 | | 100 |
| Е | 1u | 3 | | | |
| н | 1u | | | | J |

Total number of perfume bottles collected = 4×25

$$(3 \times 3) + (2 \times 8) + 15 = 40$$

4u = 100 - 40

$$1u = 60 \div 4$$

= 15

Total number of perfume bottles collect by R+E+H

Average number of perfume bottles collect by R+E+H

```
= 59 ÷ 3
```

 $= 19\frac{2}{3}$

≈ 20 (nearest whole number)

The average number of perfume bottles collect by Rachel,

Eileen and Henna is 20.

| Solutio | ons to Unit 4.4 Rate | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Let's Ge | et Started 4.4 | | | | | |
| 2. (a) | 200 000 km ÷ 8 = 25 000 km | | | | | |
| (b) : | 25 000 km × 4 = 100 000 km | | | | | |
| () | | | | | | |
| 3. (a) 🖇 | \$2.50 | | | | | |
| (b) | 1.45 p.m. to 2.45 p.m. → \$2.50 | | | | | |
| | 2.45 p.m. to 3.15 p.m. \rightarrow \$1.00 | | | | | |
| | Total parking fee = \$2.50 + \$1.00 | | | | | |
| | = \$3.50 | | | | | |
| (c) | 1.45 p.m. to 2.45 p.m. → \$2.50 | | | | | |
| : | 2.45 p.m. to 3.15 p.m. \rightarrow \$1.00 | | | | | |
| : | 3.15 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. → \$1.00 | | | | | |
| | Total parking fee = \$2.50 + \$1.00 + \$1.00 | | | | | |
| | = \$4.50 | | | | | |
| Ask You | urself | | | | | |
| 1. Break | down the time using a timeline. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Let's Pr | actise 4.4 | | | | | |
| Question | 11 | | | | | |
| 3.40 p.m. to 4.40 p.m. \rightarrow \$8.50 | | | | | | |
| 4.40 p.m. to 5.10 p.m. → $$3.50$ | | | | | | |
| 5.10 p.m. to 5.40 p.m. \rightarrow \$3.50 | | | | | | |
| 5.40 p.m. to 6.10 p.m. \rightarrow \$3.50 | | | | | | |
| 3.10 p.m. to $6.25 \text{ p.m.} \rightarrow 3.50 | | | | | | |
| Total an | Total amount paid = $8.50 + (4 \times 3.50)$ | | | | | |
| | = \$22.50 | | | | | |
| Kyra hao | d to pay \$22.50. | | | | | |

| Solutions to Unit 4.4 (Cont.) | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Question 2 | | | | | |
| Plan A | Plan B | | | | |
| First 30 min \rightarrow 30 × \$0.15 | First 30 min \rightarrow 30 × \$0.20 | | | | |
| = \$4.50 | = \$6 | | | | |
| 3 h 40 min = 220 min | 3 h 40 min = 220 min | | | | |
| Subsequent time | Subsequent time | | | | |
| = 220 min – 30 min | = 220 min – 30 min | | | | |
| = 190 min | = 190 min | | | | |
| Subsequent charges | Subsequent charges | | | | |
| → \$0.25 × 190 | → \$0.15 × 190 | | | | |
| = \$47.50 | = \$28.50 | | | | |
| Total charges | Total charges | | | | |
| = \$20 + \$4.50 + \$47.50 | = \$25 + \$6 + \$28.50 | | | | |
| = \$72 | = \$59.50 | | | | |
| Difference = \$72 - \$59.50 | | | | | |
| = \$12.50 | | | | | |
| The difference she had to pay i | s \$12.50 . | | | | |
| Question 3 | | | | | |
| 0.5 hour \rightarrow 2100 toys | | | | | |
| 1 hour \rightarrow 4200 toys | | | | | |
| 2 hours \rightarrow 8400 toys | | | | | |
| It can make 8400 toys in 2 hours. | | | | | |
| Question 4 | | | | | |

80 words \rightarrow 1.5 min

400 words \rightarrow 5 × 1.5 min = 7.5 min She would take 7.5 min.

Question 5

First 1 kg \rightarrow \$4.50 Subsequent $1 \text{ kg} \rightarrow \3.50 $1 \text{ kg} \rightarrow \3.50 $750 \text{ g} \rightarrow \3.50 $Total \rightarrow $4.50 + (3 \times $3.50) = 15 Sam has to pay \$15.

Question 6

60 min \rightarrow 960 litres $1 \text{ min} \rightarrow 960 \text{ litres} \div 60 = 16 \text{ litres}$

 $5 \text{ min} \rightarrow 5 \times 16 \text{ litres} = 80 \text{ litres}$

There is 80 litres of water in the tank after 5 minutes.

Solutions to Unit 5.1 Finding Unknown Angles Let's Get Started

Using the property that the sum of angles on a 1. straight line is 180°,

 $52^{\circ} + 60^{\circ} = 112^{\circ}$ ∠y = 180° − 112° = **68**°

2. Using the property that vertically opposite angles between straight lines are equal (or the same), $\angle p = 46^\circ$, and

∠q = **39°**.

Ask Yourself

1. The sum of angles on a straight line is 180°.

Solutions to Unit 5.1 (Cont.) **Think Further**

1. From the given ratios, $\angle c$ is the repeated item/subject. Hence, form a relationship between the two sets of ratios where the ratio representing $\angle c$ is made the same in both ratios.

Let's Practise 5.1 Question 1

Using the property that the sum of angles on a straight line is 180°,

 $\angle a + \angle b + 120^\circ = 180^\circ$ $\angle a + \angle b = 180 - 120^{\circ}$ = 60° 3u = 60°

 $1u = 60^{\circ} \div 3$ = 20° ∠a = 2u $= 2 \times 20^{\circ}$ = 40°

∠*b* = 1u

= 20° Question 2

Using the property that the sum of angles on a straight line

is 180°, $\angle m + \angle n + 90^\circ = 180^\circ$

 $\angle m + \angle n = 180^{\circ} - 90^{\circ}$ = 90°

5u = 90° $1u = 90^{\circ} \div 5$ = 18° ∠*m* = 2u $= 2 \times 18^{\circ}$

 $= 36^{\circ}$ ∠*n* = 3u

 $= 3 \times 18^{\circ}$ = **5**4°

Question 3

Using the property of vertically opposite angles,

 $\angle a + \angle b = 126^{\circ}$ 3u = 126° $1u = 126^{\circ} \div 3$ = 42° ∠a = 2u $= 2 \times 42^{\circ}$ = **84**° ∠b = **42**°

Question 4

Using the property of vertically opposite angles,

 $\angle m + \angle n + 40^\circ = 135^\circ$

Solutions to Unit 5.1 (Cont.) Question 4 (Cont.) $\angle m + \angle n = 135^\circ - 40^\circ$ $= 95^\circ$ $5u = 95^\circ$ $1u = 95^\circ \div 5$ $= 19^\circ$ $\angle m = 3 \times 19^\circ$ $= 57^\circ$ $\angle n = 2 \times 19^\circ$ $= 38^\circ$ Question 5

Using the property of vertically opposite angles, $\angle a = 88^{\circ}$

 $\angle b = 88^\circ \div 2$

= **44°** (given: half that of $\angle a$)

 $\angle a + \angle b = 88^\circ + 44^\circ$ $= 132^\circ$

Using the property that the sum of angles on a straight line is 180° , $\angle a + \angle b + \angle c = 180^\circ$

∠c = 180° − 132°

Question 6 $\angle XNY = 115^{\circ}$ (Vertically opposite angles)

 $\angle a = 180^{\circ} - 115^{\circ} - 42.5^{\circ}$

= 22.5° (Sum of angles in a triangle)

 $\angle b = 92.5^{\circ}$ (Exterior angles)

 $\angle MKY = 180^{\circ} - 45^{\circ} - 92.5^{\circ}$

= 42.5° (Angles on a straight line)

 $\angle c = 115^\circ + 42.5^\circ$

= 157.5° (Exterior Angles)

Solutions to Unit 5.2 Finding Angles in Plane Figures

Let's Get Started Question 1

 (a) There are two pairs of parallel lines i.e. AB // CD and AC // BD.

(b) $\angle ACD = \angle ABD$ and $\angle BAC = \angle BDC$

(c) $\angle BAC + \angle ACD = 180^\circ$, $\angle ABD + \angle CDB = 180^\circ$, $\angle CAB + \angle ABD = 180^\circ$ and $\angle BDC + \angle DCA = 180^\circ$.

Question 2

- (a) There are two pairs of parallel lines i.e. AB // DC and AD // BC.
- (b) $\angle ABC = \angle ADC$ and $\angle BAD = \angle BCD$
- (c) $\angle BAD + \angle ABC = 180^\circ$, $\angle ABC + \angle BCD = 180^\circ$, $\angle BCD + \angle ADC = 180^\circ$ and $\angle CDA + \angle DAB = 180^\circ$.

Question 3

```
(a) There is 1 pair of parallel lines i.e. CD // BA.
```

```
(b) There are no angles that are the same.
```

```
(c) \angle ADC + BAD = 180^{\circ} \text{ and } \angle DCB + ABC = 180^{\circ}
```

Question 4

Using the property that the sum of interior angles between a pair of parallel lines add up to 180°,

 $\angle SRU + 37^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$

Solutions to Unit 5.2 (Cont.) Question 4 (Cont.) $\angle SRU = 180^{\circ} - 37^{\circ}$ = 143° Using the property of the sum of angles at a point is 360°, $\angle QRS + 143^{\circ} + 68^{\circ} = 360^{\circ}$ $143^{\circ} + 68^{\circ} = 211^{\circ}$ $\angle QRS = 360^{\circ} - 211^{\circ}$ = 149° Using the property that the sum of interior angles between a pair of parallel lines add up to 180°, $\angle k + \angle QRS = 180^{\circ}$ $\angle k + 149^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$ $\angle k = 180^\circ - 149^\circ$ = 31° Question 5 Using the property that the sum of angles on a straight line is 180°, $\angle a + 52^{\circ} + 55^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$ $55^{\circ} + 52^{\circ} = 107^{\circ}$ $\angle a = 180^\circ - 107^\circ$ = 73° Method 1 $\angle a + 52^\circ + \angle c = 180^\circ$ (Internal angles) $73^{\circ} + 52^{\circ} + \angle c = 180^{\circ}$ $73^{\circ} + 52^{\circ} = 125^{\circ}$ $\angle c = 180^{\circ} - 125^{\circ}$ = 55° Method 2 Using the property of corresponding angles, $\angle c = 55^{\circ}$ Using the property that the sum of angles in a triangle is 180°. $\angle b + 55^{\circ} + 73^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$ $55^{\circ} + 73^{\circ} = 128^{\circ}$ $\angle b = 180^{\circ} - 128^{\circ}$ = 52° Question 6

Using the property that the sum of interior angles between a pair of parallel lines add up to 180°,

```
107^{\circ} + \angle BCD = 180^{\circ}\angle BCD = 180^{\circ} - 107^{\circ}= 73^{\circ}\angle DCF = 73^{\circ}\angle n = 180^{\circ} - 73^{\circ}= 107^{\circ} \text{ (Interior Angles)}Using the property that the sum of angles on a straight line is 180^{\circ},
```

 $\angle n + \angle m = 180^{\circ}$ $\angle m = 180^{\circ} - 107^{\circ}$

Solutions to Unit 5.2 (Cont.) Ask Yourself

- 1. Sum of angles on a straight line. Yes, we can find the angle directly.
- 2. Sum of angles in a triangle.
- 3. The base angles in an isosceles triangle are the same.

Let's Practise 5.2

Question 1 Using the property that the line BD is a diagonal to Square ABCD, it cuts the angles at the corners in half.

(a) $\angle CBD = 45^{\circ}$ $\angle BDC = 45^{\circ}$ $\angle CBD = \angle BDC$ $= 45^{\circ}$

 $\angle CBD : \angle BDC = 1:1$

(b) The ratio is 1:1.

Question 2

Using the property that the sum of angles on a straight line is 180°,

 $\angle BED + 65^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$ $\angle BED = 180^{\circ} - 65^{\circ}$

Using the property that Triangle BED is an isosceles triangle and that the sum of angles in a triangle is 180°,

 $\angle DBE = \angle EDB$ $= \frac{180^{\circ} - 115^{\circ}}{2}$ $= 32.5^{\circ}$

Question 3 Using the property that the sum of angles in a triangle is 180°,

 $\angle ECH + 70^{\circ} + 90^{\circ} = 20^{\circ}$ $70^{\circ} + 90^{\circ} = 160^{\circ}$ $\angle ECH = 180^{\circ} - 160^{\circ}$ $= 20^{\circ}$

Using the property that the line BD is a diagonal to Square ABCD, it cuts the angles at the corners in half.

 $\angle ACB = 45^{\circ}$ $\angle ACE = 45^{\circ} - 20^{\circ}$ $= 25^{\circ}$

Question 4 Using the property that the sum of angles on a straight line is 180°. $\angle HED = 180^\circ - 60^\circ$ $= 120^\circ$ $\angle HDE = 45^\circ$ $\angle DHE = 180^\circ - 120^\circ - 45^\circ$ $= 15^\circ$ $\angle BHC = 180^\circ - 90^\circ - 45^\circ - 15^\circ$ $= 30^\circ$ $\angle HBC = \frac{180^\circ - 30^\circ}{2}$ $= 75^\circ$

Solutions to Unit 5.2 (Cont.) Question 5

Using the property that Triangle BDF is an isosceles

triangle and that the sum of angles in a triangle is 180°,

$$\angle BFD + \angle BDF + 30^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$$
$$\angle BFD = \angle BDF$$
$$= \frac{180^{\circ} - 30^{\circ}}{2}$$
$$= 75^{\circ}$$

Using the property that the sum of angles in a triangle is 180°,

∠*ADE* + 40° + 90° = 180°

 $40^{\circ} + 90^{\circ} = 130^{\circ}$

 $\angle ADE = 180^\circ - 130^\circ$

```
= 50°
```

Using the property that the sum of angles on a straight line is 180°,

$$\angle BDC + 50^{\circ} + 75^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$$

50° + 75° = 125°

 $\angle BDC = 180^{\circ} - 125^{\circ}$

= 55°

Using the property that the sum of angles in a triangle is 180°.

 $\angle DBC + 55^{\circ} + 90^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$

55° + 90° = 145°

= **35°** Question 6

Using the property that the sum of angles in a triangle is 180°,

 $\angle CFD + 65^{\circ} + 90^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$ 65° + 90° = 155°

$$\angle CFD = 180^\circ - 155^\circ$$

Using the property that the line BF is a diagonal to Square ABEF, it cuts the angles at the corners in half.

```
\angle BFC + 25^\circ = 45^\circ\angle BFC = 45^\circ - 25^\circ= 20^\circ
```

Question 7

Since ABCD is a rhombus, the line BD cuts the rhombus into half such that Triangle BCD and Triangle ABD becomes isosceles triangles where BC = CD and AB = AD respectively.

$$\angle CBD = \angle CDB = \angle ABD = \angle ADB = \frac{180^{\circ} - 45^{\circ}}{2}$$
$$= 67.5^{\circ}$$

$$\angle EDB = 67.5^{\circ} - 30^{\circ}$$

$$= 37.5^{\circ}$$
Question 8
 $\angle EDB = 118^{\circ}$
 $\angle EBD = \frac{180^{\circ} - 118^{\circ}}{2}$
 $= 31^{\circ}$
 $\angle BDC = 180^{\circ} - 118^{\circ}$

= 62° (Angles on a straight line)

Solutions to Unit 5.2 (Cont.) Question 8 (Cont.)

 $\angle DBC = 180^{\circ} - 62^{\circ} - 62^{\circ}$ = 56°

 $\angle EBC = 31^\circ + 56^\circ$

= **87**°

Question 9

 $\angle BEC = 180^{\circ} - 100^{\circ} - 10^{\circ}$

- = 70° (Sum of angles in a triangle)
- $= \angle AFD$ (Corresponding angles)

Question 10

Using the property that opposite angles in a parallelogram are equal.

 $\angle AEC = 75^{\circ}$

(a) ∠AED = 180° - 75°
 = 105°
 ∠AEF = 35° (Alternate angles)
 (b) ∠FEC = 75° - 35°

= **40**°

Question 11 Since BCDE is a rhombus, the line BD cuts the rhombus into half such that Triangle BCD and Triangle BED becomes isosceles triangles where BC = CD and BE = DE respectively. Since Triangle BCD is an equilateral triangle, (a) ∠*CDB* = **60**° Since AF = AE, ABEF and BCDE are identical rhombuses, $\angle BAE = 60^{\circ}$ (b) $\angle EAK = 60^{\circ} - 50^{\circ}$ = 10° Question 12 $\angle EFC = 180^{\circ} - 50^{\circ}$ = 130° (Interior angles) $\angle GFA = 130^{\circ}$ (Vertically opposite angles) $\angle AGF = \frac{180^\circ - 130^\circ}{100}$ 2 = 25° (Sum of angles in an isosceles triangle) $\angle GHB = 180^\circ - 25^\circ - 78^\circ$ = 77° (Sum of angles in a triangle) Question 13 Using the property that the sum of angles in isosceles triangle is 180°, $30^{\circ} + 30^{\circ} = 60^{\circ}$ $\angle ACB = 180^{\circ} - 60^{\circ}$ = 120° Using the property of vertically opposite angles, $\angle DCE = 120^{\circ}$ $\angle CDE = \angle CED$ $=\frac{180^{\circ}-120^{\circ}}{100^{\circ}}$ 2 = 30° Using the property of vertically opposite angles, $\angle FEK = 30^{\circ}$ $\angle GEK = 30^{\circ} - 18^{\circ}$ = 12°

Solutions to Unit 5.2 (Cont.) Question 13 (Cont.)

Using the property that the sum of angles on a straight line is 180° ,

 $\angle EGK = 180^\circ - 105^\circ$

Using the property that the sum of angles in a triangle is 180° , $12^{\circ} + 75^{\circ} = 87^{\circ}$

 $\angle GKE = 180^{\circ} - 87^{\circ}$ = 93° $\angle GKJ = 180^{\circ} - 93^{\circ}$

Using the property that the sum of angles in a triangle is 180° ,

 $30^{\circ} + 93^{\circ} = 123^{\circ}$

 $\angle EFK = 180^{\circ} - 123^{\circ}$

= **57**°

Question 14

Using the property that the sum of interior angles between a pair of parallel lines add up to 180°,

 $\angle ACD = 180^{\circ} - 47^{\circ}$

Using the property that the sum of angles in a triangle is 180°,

$$\angle ADC = 180^{\circ} - 133^{\circ} - 13^{\circ}$$

= **34**°
 $\angle CAB = 180^{\circ} - 78^{\circ} \times 2$
= 47°
 $\angle GAD = 47^{\circ} - 13^{\circ}$
= **34**°

Question 15

Using the property that the sum of angles in a triangle is 180° and Triangle BGF is an isosceles triangle,

$$\angle BFG = \angle BGF$$
$$= \frac{180-24}{2}$$
$$= 78^{\circ}$$

Using the property that the sum of angles on a straight line is 180°,

 $78^{\circ} + 39^{\circ} + 49^{\circ} = 166^{\circ}$

 $\angle CFD = 180^{\circ} - 166^{\circ}$

 $\angle CDE = 63^{\circ}$ (Corresponding angles)

 $\angle DCF = 180^{\circ} - 63^{\circ}$

= 117° (Interior angles)

Solutions to Unit 6.1 Triangles with Common Base or Height

1. Height: AB

- 2. Base: AB; Height: CD
- 3. Base: AB; Height: GF
- 4. Area of A = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 4 cm × 3 cm

Solutions to Unit 6.1 (Cont.)

Area of B = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 6 cm × 1 cm

= 3 cm² Area of C = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 2 cm × 4 cm

$$= 4 \text{ cm}^2$$

5. (a) Area of the shaded triangle

$$=\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$$

= 15 cm²

(b) Area of the shaded triangle

 $=\frac{1}{2} \times 5 \text{ cm} \times 6 \text{ cm}$

= 15 cm²

Let's Get Started 6.1

```
2. (a) Method 1
```

```
Area of Triangle A = \frac{1}{2} × 22 cm × 20 cm
```

```
= 220 cm<sup>2</sup>
```

Area of Triangle B = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 22 cm × 30 cm

```
= 330 cm<sup>2</sup>
```

Total area of Triangles A and B = $220 \text{ cm}^2 + 330 \text{ cm}^2$

```
= 550 cm<sup>2</sup>
```

Method 2

Total area = $\frac{1}{2} \times 22$ cm $\times 50$ cm = 550 cm²

(b) No. The area of the shaded parts in both rectangles is the same since they have the same base and height.

= 25 cm²

```
3. Area of the shaded part = \frac{1}{2} \times 10 cm × 5 cm
```

OR

 $\frac{1}{2}$ × common base × combined height

 $=\frac{1}{2} \times 5 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$

```
= 25 cm<sup>2</sup>
```

4. Area of Triangle ABC = $\frac{1}{2} \times 20$ cm × (25 – 12) cm = 130 cm²

```
Area of Triangle ABD = \frac{1}{2} \times 20 cm × 25 cm
```

```
= 250 cm<sup>2</sup>
```

Ratio = 130 : 250

= 13 : 25

(Notice that the ratio of the two areas of triangles sharing a common base is actually the same as the ratio of its height.)

5. Area of the shaded triangles

```
=\frac{1}{2} \times 12 \text{ cm} \times (14-5) \text{ cm} + \frac{1}{2} \times 12 \text{ cm} \times (10-5) \text{ cm}
```

```
= 84 cm<sup>2</sup>
```

Solutions to Unit 6.1 (Cont.) Ask Yourself 1. The height of both triangles are the same.

Let's Practise 6.1

```
Question 1
Total area of the unshaded triangles
```

 $=\frac{1}{2} \times 20 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$

= 100 cm²

Question 2 Total area of the unshaded triangles

 $=\frac{1}{2} \times 24$ cm $\times 18$ cm

```
= 216 cm<sup>2</sup>
```

Question 3 Total area of the shaded triangles

 $=\frac{1}{2} \times (9 + 7 + 3) \text{ cm} \times 6 \text{ cm}$

= 57 cm²

Question 4

Total area of the 3 shaded triangles

```
=\frac{1}{2} \times (15 + 2) \text{ cm} \times 18 \text{ cm}
```

= 153 cm²

Question 5 Total area of the shaded triangles

 $=\frac{1}{2} \times 20 \text{ cm} \times (10 + 5) \text{ cm}$

= 150 cm²

Question 6 Total area of the shaded triangles

 $=\frac{1}{2} \times 32 \text{ cm} \times 28 \text{ cm}$

= 448 cm²

Question 7 Total area of the shaded triangles

 $=\frac{1}{2} \times (10 + 15) \text{ cm} \times 20 \text{ cm}$

= 250 cm²

Question 8 Total area of the unshaded triangles

 $=\frac{1}{2} \times 15 \text{ cm} \times 48 \text{ cm}$

```
= 360 cm<sup>2</sup>
```

Question 9 Total area of the shaded triangles

 $=\frac{1}{2} \times (10 + 8) \text{ cm} \times 20 \text{ cm}$

= 180 cm²

Question 10 Total area of the unshaded parts of the figure

= (11 + 20) cm × 18 cm $-\frac{1}{2}$ × 20 cm × 18 cm

= 378 cm²

Question 11 Total area of the shaded parts

- $=\frac{1}{2} \times (26 + 26) \text{ cm} \times 26 \text{ cm}$
- = 676 cm²

Question 12

Area of A = Area of B + C Area of A = $\frac{1}{2}$ x 18 cm x 18 cm = 162 cm²

Solutions to Unit 6.1 (Cont.) Question 12 (Cont.) Area of D + E = $\frac{1}{2}$ × (18 + 18) cm × 18 cm = 324 cm² Total area of the shaded parts (A + B + C + D + E) $= 162 \text{ cm}^2 + 162 \text{ cm}^2 + 324 \text{ cm}^2$ $= 648 \text{ cm}^2$ Question 13 Length of square = $\sqrt{64}$ cm = 8 cm PX = PY= 8 cm ÷ 2 = 4 cm Area of Triangle PXY = $\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ cm $\times 4$ cm = 8 cm² Area of Triangle RSY = $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm}$ $= 16 \text{ cm}^2$ Area of Triangle QRX = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 4 cm × 8 cm

= 16 cm² Area of the shaded triangle = 64 cm² - 8 cm² - 16 cm² - 16 cm² = 24 cm²

Solutions to Unit 6.2 Triangles with Composite Figures

Let's Get Started 6.2 1. Area of the square

 $= 2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 48 \text{ cm} \times (48 \div 2) \text{ cm}$

```
= 1152 cm<sup>2</sup>
```

2. Height of each identical triangle = $20 \div 2$

```
= 10
```

Area of figure = $8 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 9 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$ = **360 cm**²

3. Area of figure = $5 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 18$ cm $\times 10$ cm

= 450 cm²

Ask Yourself 1. The sum of the 3 triangles on each side of diagonal line is the same.

Think Further

1. If the figure is made up of 6 identical triangles, then the area of Triangle F would be found using the formula:

1

 $\frac{1}{2}$ × base length × height

Let's Practise 6.2 Question 1

Area of Figure = 24 cm × 24 cm = 576 cm² Area of Triangle A = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 24 cm × 6 cm = 72 cm²

Solutions to Unit 6.2 (Cont.) Question 1 (Cont.)

Area of Triangle B = $\frac{1}{2} \times 18$ cm $\times 6$ cm

```
= 54 cm<sup>2</sup>
```

Area of Triangle C = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 12 cm × 6 cm

Area of Triangle D is the same as Area of Triangle A

= 72 cm²

Area of shaded area

 $= 576 \text{ cm}^2 - 72 \text{ cm}^2 - 54 \text{ cm}^2 - 36 \text{ cm}^2 - 72 \text{ cm}^2$

= 324 cm²

Question 2 Area of shaded Triangle A

 $=\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \text{ cm} \times (12 - 5) \text{ cm}$

= 21 cm²

Area of shaded Triangle B

```
=\frac{1}{2} \times 11 \text{ cm} \times 12 \text{ cm} + \frac{1}{2} \times 11 \text{ cm} \times 8 \text{ cm}
```

= 110 cm²

Question 3 Total units = 4u + 3u + 2u = 9u 9u = 36 cm $1u = 36 \text{ cm} \div 9$ = 4 cm $AH = 4 \times 4 cm$ = 16 cm $HG = 3 \times 4 \text{ cm}$ = 12 cm $GF = 2 \times 4 cm$ = 8 cm Total area of Triangle ABH and Triangle BHC $=\frac{1}{2} \times 16 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$ $= 80 \text{ cm}^2$ Area of Triangle BCH and Triangle DCE $=\frac{1}{2} \times 12 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$ = 60 cm² Area of Triangle EGF = $\frac{1}{2} \times 8$ cm × 10 cm $= 40 \text{ cm}^2$ Area of the figure = 80 cm² + 60 cm² + 40 cm² + 110 cm² = 290 cm² Question 4 AB : EF 1^{x3} : 2^{x3} CD : AB 2 × 3 2 : 3 3 6 Summary ratio : CD AB : EF 3 : 6 2 Difference = 6u - 2u = 4u4u = 12 cm $1u = 12 \text{ cm} \div 4$

= 3 cm

Solutions to Unit 6.2 (Cont.) Question 4 (Cont.) $AB = 3 \times 3 \text{ cm}$ = 9 cmArea of figure = $\frac{1}{2} \times 10$ cm $\times (9 + 12)$ cm = 105 cm² Alternative solution Area of Triangle AEH = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 10 cm × 9 cm $= 45 \text{ cm}^2$ Area of Triangle EGC = $\frac{1}{2} \times 10$ cm × (18 cm - 6 cm) $= 60 \text{ cm}^2$ Area of figure = $45 \text{ cm}^2 + 60 \text{ cm}^2$ = 105 cm² Question 5 $AB = \frac{3}{8} \times 200 \text{ m}$ = 75 m (a) Cost of building the picnic area = 75 m × 75 m × \$20 = \$112 500 (b) Cost of fencing the fountain = (250 m + 150 m + 200 m) × \$12 = \$7200 Question 6 Area of square = 20 m × 20 m $= 400 \text{ m}^2$ Area of A = 400 m² $-\frac{1}{2}$ x 20 m x (20 - 7) m² = 270 m² Area of C = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 20 m × (15 – 13) m $= 20 \text{ m}^2$ Difference = 270 m² - 20 m² = 250 m² Question 7 Base length of Triangle B and Triangle C $= 70 \text{ m}^2 \times 2 \div 7 \text{ m}$ = 20 m Area of A = 28 m \times 20 m - 70 m² = 490 m² Area of D = $\frac{1}{2}$ × (28m - 21 m) × 8 m $= 28 \text{ m}^2$ Sum of areas of A and D = 490 m² + 28 m² = 518 m² Question 8 Area of Rectangle FBCD = $2 \times 52 \text{ cm}^2$ $= 104 \text{ cm}^2$ Area of Triangle ABF = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 52 cm² = 26 cm² Area of Triangle FDE = 52 cm² Area of figure = $104 \text{ cm}^2 + 52 \text{ cm}^2 + 26 \text{ cm}^2$ = 182 cm² Question 9 Area of the entire figure = $3 \times 100 \text{ cm}^2$

= 300 cm²

Solutions to Unit 6.2 (Cont.) Question 10 Height of shaded triangles is the same as the length of each side of the square. Length of small square = $\sqrt{144}$ = 12 cm Area of big square = 24 cm × 24 cm = 576 cm² Area of unshaded parts = $\frac{1}{2} \times 24$ cm $\times 24$ cm = 288 cm² Fraction = $\frac{576 - (288 + 144)}{-}$ 576 $=\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ of the figure is made up of the shaded triangles. Question 11 Area of Triangle BCJ and Triangle CDE $= 2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 20 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$ = 200 cm² Area of Triangle GJE = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 30 cm × 10 cm = 150 cm² Area of Triangle ABG = $\frac{1}{2}$ × 20 cm × 20 cm $= 200 \text{ cm}^2$ Area of two big squares = 2 × 20 cm × 20 cm $= 800 \text{ cm}^2$ Total area of shaded parts $= 800 \text{ cm}^2 - (150 \text{ cm}^2 + 200 \text{ cm}^2 + 200 \text{ cm}^2)$ = 250 cm² Question 12 Area of unshaded parts of Triangle ABC $=\frac{1}{2} \times 36 \text{ cm} \times (18 - 5) \text{ cm} - 125 \text{ cm}^2$ = 109 cm² Question 13 Area of A + B + D = Area of C + F + EArea of A + B + D = $22 \text{ cm}^2 + 24 \text{ cm}^2 + 16 \text{ cm}^2$ $= 62 \text{ cm}^2$ Area of F = $62 \text{ cm}^2 - 21 \text{ cm}^2 - 18 \text{ cm}^2$ = 23 cm² Solutions to Unit 7.1 More than/Less than

| S/N | Sentence | Ratio Comparison | Model drawing |
|-----|------------------------------------|--|------------------|
| 2 | E has 50% more money than F. | E : F 3 : 2 Note: E has 1 unit more than F (2 units). | E 2u 1u F 2u |

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| 3 | P has 80% more than R. R has \$125 more than J. | P : R 9 : 5 ▲ Note: C has 4 units more than R (5 units). | P 5u 4u R 5u J \$125 |
|---|--|--|----------------------------|
| 4 | X has \$350 less than Z. | | X 1u Z 1u 350 |
| 5 | C has 25% less money than D. | C : D 3 : 4 Note: C has 1 unit less than D (4 units). | C 3u D 3u 1u |
| 6 | X has 60% less money than Y. | X:Y 2:5 Note: X has 3 units less than Y (5 units). | X 2u Y 2u 3u |

Ask Yourself

1. Convert the percentage given into a fraction in its simplest form i.e. $20\% = \frac{1}{5}$.

| С | : | К | : Total | С | : | K | : Total |
|-----------------|---|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|---|-----|-------------------|
| 20 | : | 100 | | | | | |
| 1 ^{x5} | : | 5 ^{x5} | : 6 ^{x5} | 2 ^{x6} | : | 3×° | : 5 ^{x6} |
| 5 | : | 25 | : 30 | 12 | : | 18 | : 30 |

Using the fraction, Roy has 1 more unit than Joe at first i.e Roy : Joe = 6 : 5

At the end, Joe has 1 more unit than Roy, i.e. Roy : Joe = 5:6

 If the event were to occur, Roy would have fewer stamps than Joe; and the number of stamps Joe has would increase; and the total number of stamps between them would remain the same.

Think Further

"Joe would have 20% more stamps than Roy" can be rephrased as:

'Joe would have 120% as many stamps as Roy' or

'Roy would have $83\frac{1}{3}\%$ ($\frac{5}{6} \times 100\%$) as many stamps as Joe.'

| Solutions to Unit 7.1 | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Let's Practise 7.1 | | | | | | |
| At first End | | | | | | |
| G : C : Total G : C : Tota | l | | | | | |
| 100 : 125 : 125 : 100 : | | | | | | |
| 4.5.95.4.9 | | | | | | |
| 1u = 125 | | | | | | |
| $9u = 9 \times 125$ | | | | | | |
| = 1125 | | | | | | |
| They have 1125 cards altogether. | | | | | | |
| Question 2 | | | | | | |
| B : A 100 · 130 | | | | | | |
| 10 : 13 | | | | | | |
| 13u = 65 | | | | | | |
| $1u = 65 \div 13$ | | | | | | |
| = 5 | | | | | | |
| 3u = 5 × 3 | | | | | | |
| = 15 | | | | | | |
| The difference between the two numbers is 15 . | | | | | | |
| Question 3 | | | | | | |
| Percentage of girls are boys = $\frac{50}{40} \times 100\%$ | | | | | | |
| = 125% | | | | | | |
| 125% of the girls are the number of boys. | | | | | | |
| Question 4 | | | | | | |
| 50 : 100 10 : 90 | | | | | | |
| 1 : 2 : 3 1^{x_3} : 9^{x_3} | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Y Summary | | | | | | |
| B : G : A | | | | | | |
| 1 : 2 : 27 27u - 540 | | | | | | |
| $1\mu = 540 \div 27$ | | | | | | |
| = 20 | | | | | | |
| $2u = 2 \times 20$ | | | | | | |
| = 40 | | | | | | |
| There were 40 girls. | | | | | | |
| Question 5 | | | | | | |
| At first End | | | | | | |
| C : K : Total C : K : Total | | | | | | |
| 20 • 100 | | | | | | |
| $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$ | | | | | | |

25u - 18u = 7u

 $1u = 210 \div 7$

C (end), 12u = 12 × 30

K (end), 18u = 18 × 30

= 360

= 540

Cliff and Kevin had 360 and 540 marbles in the end

= 30

respectively.

7u = 210

Solutions to Unit 7.1 (Cont.) Question 6 Last Year Daughter: Yvonne : 100 20 1 5 ÷ Total age (last yr), 6u = 50 - 2= 48 $1u = 48 \div 6$ = 8 Daughter's age (3 yrs' time) = 8 + 4 = 12 Her daughter will be 12 years old in 3 years' time.

Solutions to Unit 7.2 Equal Stage

Ask Yourself

 'same number of stamps' at first hints that we have to solve the problem sum from the beginning.

Think Further

Let's Practise 7.2

Question 1

3u = 70 - 40 = 30

The difference in the amount of money is \$300.

3u = 3 × 100

= 300

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Solutions to Unit 7.2 (Cont.)

Question 5 (Cont.)

1u = 30 ÷ 3

= 10

 $7u + 70 = 7 \times 10 + 70$

= 140

There were 140 white sneakers in the shop at first.

| Question 6 <u>End</u> | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----|--|--|--|--|
| $50_{\mathbb{C}}$ | 2u | | | | |
| $20_{\mathbb{C}}$ | 2u | | | | |

At first

| 50¢ | 2u | 51 | |
|------------------------------|--|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| $20_{\mathbb{C}}$ | 2u | 3u | ← → 24 |
| 3u = { | 51 – 24 | | L-T |
| = 2 | 27 | | |
| 1u = 2 | 27 ÷ 3 | | |
| = 9 | 9 | | |
| Value | of 20¢ used = | 27 × 0.2 | |
| | = | 5.4 | |
| Value | of 50¢ used = | 51 × 0.5 | |
| | = | 25.5 | |
| Cost | of present = 25 | .5 + 5.4 | |
| | = 30 | .9 | |
| The p | resent cost \$3 | D .90 . | |
| Solu | tions to Unit | 7.3 Branchin | g |
| Ask \ 1. ` 2. \ | /ourself Yes. The keywo Jnits are used. | ords are "of the re | emaining". |
| Let's Ques | Practise 7.3 tion 1 | Salary | |
| | | 4u | |
| | | $ \land $ | |
| | 1 | < \ | |
| | Potro | A Remain | der |
| | 1u | 3u | |
| | | \wedge | \backslash |
| | | • | |
| | | Groceries 1u | Left 2u |
| (a) P | ercentage of sa | alary on grocery = | $=\frac{1}{4} \times 100\%$ |
| | | = | = 25% |
| Sh | ne spent 25% o | f her salary on gr | oceries. |
| (b) 2 | 2u = 560 | | |
| | 1u = 560 ÷ 2 | | |
| | = 280 | | |
| 4 | 4u = 4 × 280 | | |
| | = 1120 | | |
| | - | | |

Her monthly salary was \$1120.

For more review questions, please visit <u>www.onsponge.com</u>. 190430

| Colutions to Linit 7.2 // | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Question 6 (Cont.) | Jont.) |
| $\frac{3}{4}R = 18 + 9$ | |
| = 27 | |
| $\frac{1}{4}R = 27 \div 3$ | |
| ⁴ = 9 | |
| $\frac{4}{-R} = 4 \times 9$ | |
| ⁴ = 36 | |
| $\frac{3}{7}T = 36 + 3$ | |
| = 39 | |
| $\frac{1}{2}T = 39 \div 3$ | |
| = 13 | |
| Number of $20_{\mathbb{C}}$ coins = $\frac{1}{4}$ R - | + 9 |
| = 9 + 9 | 9 |
| = 18 | |
| Number of 50 coins = $\frac{2}{3}$ T + | - 3 |
| -2~ | - 13 + 3 |
| = 2 × | 15 + 5 |
| Total amount = $18 \times 0.2 + 2$ = 36.1 | 9 × 0.5 + 18 × 1 |
| The total value of all the coi | ns in the purse is \$36.10 . |
| Solutions to Unit 7.4 R | epeated Items |
| 1. Ginny | |
| 2. Make the units represer | nting Ginny the same in both |
| ratios. | 0 7 |
| Think Further | |
| At first | |
| J : G : A 14 : 35 : 25 | |
| G + A = 60u | |
| $\frac{1}{5}$ of 60u = 12u | |
| G : A : Total 3 : 1 : 4 | |
| 4p = 12u | |
| 1p = 12u ÷ 4 | |
| = 3u | |
| Annie gave = 3u | |
| Ginny gave = 9u | |
| End J : G : A 26 : 26 : 22 | |
| | |
| (a) Annie would have the le | ast number of beads in the |
| (a) Annie would have the le | east number of beads in the |

Difference = 26u - 22u= 4uPercentage = $\frac{4}{26} \times 100$ $\approx 15.38\%$

18

 $\frac{1}{4}R + 9$

= 18

| $O_{ab}(t) = a_{a}(t) + T A (O_{a}(t))$ |
|--|
| Let's Practise 7.4 Question 1 |
| . S : J J : D |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |
| Summary |
| 2 : 5 : 10 |
| 8u = 40 |
| $1u = 40 \div 8$ |
| = 5 |
| $5u = 5 \times 5$ |
| = 25 |
| Joey's score was 25. |
| Question 2 |
| J : D K : D 120 · 100 200 · 100 |
| $6:5$ $2^{x^5}:1^{x^5}$ |
| Summary |
| J : D : K 6 : 5 : 10 |
| 5u = 25 |
| 1u = 25 ÷ 5 |
| = 5 |
| 21u = 21 × 5 |
| = 105 |
| They had a total of 105 crayons. |
| Solutions to Unit 7.5 Family of Change |
| Ask Yourself 1 The total number of items (in this case, dominaes) in |
| The total number of items (in this case, dominoes) in Day 1 and Day 2 remain unchanged since Kyle |
| wanted to lay a pattern using all his dominoes |
| Think Further |
| 1. Total dominos $10u^{x4}$ (40u) |
| |
| |
| |
| 3u ^{x4} (12u) 7u ^{x4} (28u) |
| |
| |
| 2^{1} Left 1u ^{x7} (7u) 3u ^{x7} (21u) |
| 21u = 84 |
| 1u = 84 ÷ 21 |

| The total d | lista | nce of th | ne rur | nning event was 42 km. |
|---|-------------|------------------|--------|---------------------------|
| Question 2 1 st week | 2 | | | |
| Not fixed | : | Fixed | : | Total |
| 6 ^{x7} | : | 5 ^{×7} | : | 11 ^{x7} |
| 42 | : | 35 | : | 77 |
| 2 nd week | | | | |
| Not fixed | : | Fixed | : | Total |
| 2 ^{x11} | : | 5 ^{×11} | : | 7 ^{x11} |
| 22 | : | 55 | : | 77 |
| 55u = 110 | | | | |
| 1u = 110 ÷ | - 55 | | | |
| = 2 | | | | |
| 77u = 77 × | ٤2 | | | |
| = 154 | | | | |
| The mode | l aei | oplane | requi | ed 154 pieces. |
| Question 3 | 3 | | | |
| <u>At first</u> | | | | End |
| Chocolate | : Va | anilla | | Chocolate : Vanilla |
| 2 ^{x2} | : | 3 ^{x2} | | 4 : 1 |
| 4 | : | 6 | | |
| 511 - 25 | | | | 5u |
| $1_{11} = 25 \div 3$ | 5 | | | |
| = 5 | • | | | |
| 10u = 10 x | <i>•</i> 5 | | | |
| = 50 | | | | |
| Jasmine b | oua | ht 50 cu | ncake | es for her family. |
| | 1 | | pound | |
| At first | Ŧ | | | End |
| Male : Fen | nale | | | Male : Female |
| 10 : 6 | | | | ∠ . 3° 10 :_15 |
| 9u = 81 | _ | | 9u | |
| $1_{11} = 81 \pm 1_{11}$ | 9 | | | |
| = 9 | - | | | |
| | | | | |
| nu = n x 4 | | | | |
| 50 = 54 | | | | ongoro at the terminal of |
| ou = 6 x 9 = 54 There wer | e 54 | female | pass | |
| ou = 6 x 9 = 54 There were | e 54 | female | pass | engers at the terminal a |
| $60 = 6 \times 9$ = 54 There were Question 5 | e 54 | female | pass | |

Solutions to Unit 7.5 (Cont.) Question 1 (Cont.)

= 8u

Ran in 2^{nd} hour = 15u - 7u

8u = 16.8 1u = 16.8 ÷ 8 = 2.1

 $40u = 40 \times 4$

Kyle had 160 dominos in his collection.

Let's Practise 7.5 Question 1

| At first Complete 7 | : | Incomplete 13 | : | Total 20 |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| End Complete 3 ^{x5} | : | Incomplete 1 ^{x5} | : | Total 4 ^{x5} |

20

 Complete
 :
 Incomplete
 :

 3^{x5} :
 1^{x5} :

 15
 :
 5
 :

30u

Solutions to Unit 7.5 (Cont.) Question 5 (Cont.) Jason now, 14u = 13 - 6 = 7 $1u = 7 \div 14$ = 0.5No. of years passed = 44u - 14u = 30u $30u = 30 \times 0.5$ = 15

In **15 years' time**, Jordon's age will be 44% of Gordon's age

| 0 |
|---|
| |

| Question 6 Past (4 vrs ago) | Now | Euture (8 vrs |
|---|---------------|---|
| later) | 1101 | <u>1 didic (0 yis</u> |
| W:R:Diff | | W : R : Diff |
| 1 ^{x5} : 4 ^{x5} : 3 ^{x5} | | 3 ^{x3} : 8 ^{x3} : 5 ^{x3} |
| 5 : 20 : 15 | | 9 : 24 : 15 |
| | | |
| | 4u | |
| 9u – 5u = 4u | | |
| 4u = 4 + 8 | | |
| = 12 | | |
| 1u = 12 ÷ 4 | | |
| = 3 | | |
| Difference between | Raymond and \ | Wayne = 15u |
| 15u = 15 × 3 | | |
| = 45 | | |
| Dourmond in AF voor | | |

Raymond is 45 years older than Wayne.

Solutions to Unit 7.6 Quantity x Value
Ask Yourself

 The number of units of each item is provided as well as the total value of the items whereas in Guess and Check, the number of units representing each item will not be given.

Let's Practise 7.6

Question 1

| Items | Quantity | × | Value of | Total value (\$) |
|-------|----------|---|------------|------------------|
| | of items | | items (\$) | |
| В | 2u | × | 8 | 16u |
| G | Зu | × | 6 | 18u |
| Total | 5u | | | 34u |

34u = 5440 $1u = 5440 \div 34$ = 160 $5u = 5 \times 160$ = 800 **800** students were at the party. Question 2

Cost of 1 peach = 150% × \$1.20 = \$1.80

| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) |
|-------|----------------------|---|------------------------|------------------|
| A | 7u | × | 1.2 | 8.4u |
| Р | 13u | × | 1.8 | 23.4 |
| Total | 20u | | | 31.8u |

31.8u = 636

 $1u = 636 \div 31.8$

= 20

Solutions to Unit 7.6 (Cont.) Question 2 (Cont.) (a) 8.4u = 8.4 × 20 = 168 The apricots cost \$168. (b) 13u = 13 × 20 = 260 He ordered 260 peaches. Question 3 Quantity Bought Р: Т P : B 6^{x2} : 5^{x2} 4^{x3} : 5^{x3} 12 : 10 12 : 15 P : T : B 12 : 10 : 15 Value/Cost of items Toy : Pullover 3 : 5 3p = \$12 $1p = $12 \div 3$ = \$4 $5p = 5 \times 4 = \$20 Summary of value/cost Toy = \$12 Book = \$12 - \$2 = \$10 Pullover = \$20 Items Value of Total value (\$) Quantity Х of items items (\$) Ρ 240u 12u 20 х Т 10u 12 120u × 10 150u В 15u × Total 37u 510u 510u = 19 380 1u = 19 380 ÷ 510 = 38 No. of pullovers, $12u = 12 \times 38$ = 456 No. of toys, $10u = 10 \times 38$ = 380 No. of books, $15u = 15 \times 38$ = 570 Mrs Poon bought 456 pullovers, 380 toys and 570 books. Question 4 Value of items Pin = \$2.50 Band = 150% × \$2.50 = \$3.75 Necklace = 2.50×2 = \$5 Quantity Value of Total value (\$) Items × of items items (\$) Ρ 12.5u 5u 2.50 х В 4u 3.75 15u × Ν 1u 5 5u × Total 10u 42.5u

Solutions to Unit 7.6 (Cont.) Question 4 (Cont.)

Difference in total value between hairbands and hairpins

= 15u - 12.5u = 2.5u 2.5u = 105 1u = 105 ÷ 2.5 = 42

Total items sold, $10u = 10 \times 42$

= 420

Gillian sold a total of **420** items.

| Questic | on 5 |
|---------|------|

| - | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|---|------------------------|------------------|
| | Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) |
| | 20 _¢ | 1u | × | 0.2 | 0.2u |
| | $50_{\mathbb{C}}$ | 2u | × | 0.5 | 1u |
| | \$1 | 2u | × | 1 | 2u |
| | Total | 5u | | | 3.2u |

Difference in total value of 50-cent coins and 20-cent coins

$$5u = 5 \times 20$$

Wayne had 100 coins altogether.

Question 6

| a accelent e | | | | |
|--------------|----------------------|---|---------------------|------------------|
| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) |
| A | 13u | × | 0.5 | 6.5u |
| Р | 7u | × | 0.4 | 2.8u |
| Total | 20u | | | 9.3u |

9.3u = 195.3

1u = $195.3 \div 9.3$ = 21 13u = 13×21 = 273 (a) **273** apples were sold. 2.8u = 2.8×21 = 58.8(b) **\$58.80** was collected from the sale of the pears only.

Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 7

| Queotion 1 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-----|-----------------|------------------|
| | L | : | Μ | : | Ν | |
| At first | 5 ^{x5} | : | 2 ^{x5} | : | 6 ^{x5} | 30% of 30u - 9u |
| | 25 | : | 10 | : | 30 | 50 % OF 500 - 90 |
| Change | +3 | | +6 | | -9 | M received |
| End | 28 | : | 16 | : | 21 | = 60% of 10u |
| | | | | | | = 6u |
| Difference i | n the e | end : | = 28u – | 21u | | |
| | | - | = 7u | | | |
| 7u = 210 | | | | | | |
| 1u = 210 ÷ ⁻ | 7 | | | | | |
| = 30 | | | | | | |
| $30u = 30 \times 30$ | 30 | | | | | |
| = 900 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Nina had 900 buttons at first.

Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 7 (Cont.)

Question 2

3 more boxes of camomile tea bags than lavender tea bags were given away.

| Question | n 3 | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------------------|-------|------------------------|---------------------|--------|
| Items | Quantity of items | × | Value of items (\$) | Total value (\$) | |
| RB | 8u | × | 1р | 8up | (28.8) |
| D | 5u | × | 1p + 1.5 | 5up + 7.5u | (40.5) |
| Total | 13u | | | 13up + 7.5u | (69.3) |
| 8up = 28 | 3.8 | | | | |
| 1up = 28 | 8.8 ÷ 8 | | | | |
| = 3.0 | 6 | | | | |
| 5up = 5 : | × 3.6 | | | | |
| = 18 | 3 | | | | |
| 7.5u = 4 | 0.5 – 18 | | | | |
| = 22 | 2.5 | | | | |
| 1u = 22. | .5 ÷ 7.5 | | | | |
| = 3 | | | | | |
| (a) 5u = | 5×3 | | | | |
| = | 15 | | | | |
| She | bought 15 du | rian | puffs. | | |
| (b) Cost | of 1 durian p | ouffs | = 40.5 ÷ 15 | | |
| | | | = 2.7 | | |
| Cost of 1 | l red bean cr | eam | puff = 2.7 - 7 | 1.5 | |
| | | | = 1.20 | | |
| Each rec | l bean cream | puf | f cost \$1.20 . | | |
| Question | n 4 | | | | |
| | To 5u ^{x4} (| tal | | | |
| | Ju (| 20u, | | | |
| | | | 3u ^{x4} (12u) |) | |
| 4 | 2u ^{x4} (8u) \$100 | | Remainde | er | |

\$50 \$150 3u^{x3} (9u) 1u^{x3} (3u)

Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 7 (Cont.) Question 4 (Cont.)

| Items | Quantity | × | Value of | Total value | | | |
|-------|----------|---|------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | of items | | items (\$) | (\$) | | | |
| \$50 | 9u | × | 50 | 450u | | | |
| \$100 | 8u | × | 100 | 800u | | | |
| \$150 | Зu | | 150 | 450u | | | |
| Total | 20u | | | 1700u | | | |

1700u = 20 400

1u = 20 400 ÷ 1700

3u = 3 × 12

= 36

There were 36 \$150 dining vouchers.

| Solutions to Review Questi (Cont.) | ons on Chapte | r 7 |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Question 6 (Cont.) | | |
| W (at first) = $1u - 6$ | | |
| = 15 - 6 | | |
| = 9 | | |
| M (at first) = 3u | | |
| = 3 × 15 | | |
| = 45 | | |
| Total (at first) = 45 + 9 | | |
| = 54 | | |
| There were 54 people at the exhibit | bition. | |
| Question 7 | | |
| C:AW: | M : A | |
| 4^{x4} : 1^{x4} 3 : 16 : 4 | 1 : 4 | |
| C : W : M : | M+C W | <u>ne end</u> : M+C |
| 16 ^{x9} : 3 ^{x9} : 1 ^{x9} : | 17 ^{x9} 1 ^{x17} | : 7 ^{x17} |
| 144 : 27 : 9 : | 153 17 | : 153 |
| Difference (at first) = 27u - 9u | | |
| = 18u | | |
| 18u = 72 | | |
| 1u = 72 ÷ 18 | | |
| = 4 | | |
| W (left) = $27u - 17u$ | | |
| = 10u | | |
| $10u = 10 \times 4$ | | |
| = 40 | | |
| 40 women left the room. | | |
| Question 8 | | |
| Case1: N ⁶⁵ A | Case1: N → | A |
| N : A : Total | N : A : | Total |
| 4^{x2} : 7^{x2} : 11^{x2} | 1 ^{x11} : 1 ^{x11} : | 2 ^{x11} |
| 8 : 14 : 22 | 11 : 11 : | 22 |
| 11u – 8u = 3u | | |
| 3u = 65 - 5 | | |
| = 60 | | |
| 1u = 60 ÷ 3 | | |
| = 20 | | |
| Case 1: 8u + 65 = 8 × 20 + 65 | | |
| = 225 | | |
| Case 2 (check): 11u + 5 = 11 × 20 |) + 5 | |
| = 225 | | |
| | | |

Natasha has 225 coloured pencils.

| G 1 ^{×15} 15 | : | B 3 ^{x15} 45 | : | l 4 ^{x15} 60 | G 7 ^{x3} 21 | : | В 3 ^{x3} 9 | : | E 10 ^{x3} 30 |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| E 1 ^{x30} 30 | : : : | І 2 ^{x30} 60 | | | | | | | |

Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 7 (Cont.)

Question 9 (Cont.) Boys in Island Junior (end) = $\frac{130}{100} \times 45u$ = 58.5u Girls moved from Emerald Junior = $\frac{1}{3} \times 21u$ = 7u Girls in Island Junior (end) = 15u + 7u = 22u Difference in boys (end) = 58.5u - 9u = 49.5u

49.5u = 396 1u = 396 ÷ 49.5

= 8

Total in Island Junior (end) = 58.5u + 22u = 80.5u

80.5u = 80.5 × 8

644 children were at Island Junior School in the end.

Question 10

 $\frac{3}{5}$ J (thrice) = $\frac{2}{7}$ J (Make numerator of Jonas to be thrice that of Gordan) $\frac{6}{10}$ J (thrice) = $\frac{2}{7}$ J J : 3^{x10} : Μ 5^{×10} 30 : 30 : 50 21 Summary J : G : M 30 : 21 : 50 Total = 30u + 21u + 50u = 101u 101u = 2021u = 202 ÷ 101 = 2 $J(30u) = 30 \times 2$ = 60 G (21u) = 21 x 2 = 42 $M(50u) = 50 \times 2$ = 100

Jonas, Maddox and Gordon had **60**, **42** and **100** cards respectively.

32u

| Ouestion 11 | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|--|-------------------|-----|-----------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | |
| (Ac | tual) | | \$2 | \$! | 5 | | | |
| Ca | se 1 | | 12u ^{x5} | 7u | x4 | | | |
| Ch | ange | | -20 ^{x5} | +1 | 5 ^{x4} | | | |
| Ca | se 2 | | 4p ^{x5} | 5р | x4 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| (W | orking) | | \$2 | \$ | 5 | | | |
| Ca | se 1 | | 60u 28u | | | | | |
| Ch | ange | | -100 | +6 | 60 | | | |
| Ca | se 2 | | 20p 20p | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | | 60 | u | | | | |
| \$2 | 2 8u | | 60 | | 100 | | | |
| \$5 | 28u | | 60 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Solutions to Review Questions on Chapter 7 (Cont.) Question 11 (Cont.) 32u = 60 + 100= 160 1u = 160 ÷ 32 = 5 No. of \$2-notes (at first) = 12u = 12 × 5 = 60 No. of \$5-notes (at first) = 7u = 7 × 5 = 35 Total value = $60 \times \$2 + 35 \times \5 = \$295 Michelle had \$295 at first. Question 12 (Actual) S Е

| Ca | se 1 | 1u ^{x5} | 7u | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------------|------------------|----|----------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Change | | +5 ^{x5} | -1 | 1 | | | | | | |
| Ca | se 2 | 1p ^{x5} | 5p |) | | | | | | |
| () () | orking) | c | | | | | | | | |
| (vv | | 5 | | <u> </u> | | | | | | |
| | sei | 5U | 70 | 1 | | | | | | |
| | ange | + <u></u> 25 | -1 | <u> </u> | | | | | | |
| Ca | se 2 | 5р | 5p |) | | | | | | |
| | | | 2u | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | 1 | • | | | | | |
| S | 5u | 25 | | | | | | | | |
| Е | 5u | 25 | | 11 | | | | | | |
| | 711 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2u = 2 | 5 + 11 | | | | | | | | | |
| = 3 | 6 | | | | | | | | | |
| 1u = 3 | 6 ÷ 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| = 1 | 8 | | | | | | | | | |
| Stamp | os (at first) | = 1u + 5 | | | | | | | | |
| | | = 18 + 5 | | | | | | | | |
| | | = 23 | | | | | | | | |
| Envelo | opes (at fir | st) = 7u | | | | | | | | |
| | = 7 × 18 | | | | | | | | | |
| | = 126 | | | | | | | | | |
| Differe | ence = 126 | - 23 | | | | | | | | |

= 103

Angelica had 103 more envelopes than stamps.

| Solutions to Unit 8.1 Volume of Cubes and Cuboids |
|--|
| Let's Get Started 8.1 |
| 1. Volume of cuboid = Length × Breadth × Height = 25 cm × 9 cm × 12 cm = 2700 cm ³ |
| 2. Volume of cuboid = Length × Breadth × Height = 8 cm × 7 cm × 18 cm = 1008 cm ³ |
| 3. Volume of cuboid = Length × Breadth × Height = 32 cm × 32 cm × 40 cm = 40 960 cm ³ |

Ask Yourself

1. Explore the different ways in which the small boxes can be orientated to fit into the big box.

Solutions to Unit 8.1 (Cont.) Let's Practise 8.1 Question 1 Greatest number of blocks that fits its length = $20 \div 6$ = 3R2 cmGreatest number of blocks that fits its width = $16 \div 8$ - 2 Greatest number of blocks that fits its height = $10 \div 4$ = 2R2 cm Total number of wooden blocks = $3 \times 2 \times 2$ = 12 Anna can pack 12 wooden blocks into the box. Question 2 Number of cubes that fits its length = $32 \div 2$ = 16Number of cubes that fits its width = 23 ÷ 2 = 11R1 cm (use the least whole number value only) Number of cubes that fits its height = 13 ÷ 2 = 6R1 cm (use the least whole number value only) Total number of cubes = $16 \times 11 \times 6$ = 1056 1056 2-cm cubes can fit into the box. Question 3 80% = 0.8 Height of cuboid = 0.8×19 cm = 15.2 cm Volume = 19 cm × 19 cm × 15.2 cm $= 5487.2 \text{ cm}^3$ The volume of cuboid is 5487.2 cm³. Question 4 Volume of 1 cube = $7 \text{ cm} \times 7 \text{ cm} \times 7 \text{ cm}$ = 343 cm³ Number of cubes that make up the solid = 6 Volume of solid = $6 \times 343 \text{ cm}^3$ $= 2058 \text{ cm}^3$ (a) The volume of the solid figure is **2058 cm**³. Area of 1 face = $7 \text{ cm} \times 7 \text{ cm}$ $= 49 \text{ cm}^2$ Number of faces on the surface = 6 + 6 + 12= 24Total surface area solid = $24 \times 49 \text{ cm}^2$ = 1176 cm² (b) The total surface area of the solid figure is 1176 cm². Question 5 н Н В L 130 100 120 100 13^{x6} 10^{x6} 6^{x13} 5^{×13} 78 78 65 60 : Summary н 1 В 65 78 60 Height = 78u 78u = 39 cm 1u = 39 cm ÷ 78 = 0.5 cm $60u = 60 \times 0.5$ cm = 30 cm

Solutions to Unit 8.1 (Cont.) Question 5 (Cont.) 65u = 65 × 0.5 cm = 32.5 cm Volume = 30 cm × 32.5 cm × 39 cm = 38 025 cm³ The volume of the cuboid is 38 025 cm³. Question 6 Total number of edges = 20 Length of one edge = $120 \text{ cm} \div 20$ $= 6 \, \text{cm}$ Volume of one cube = $6 \text{ cm} \times 6 \text{ cm} \times 6 \text{ cm}$ = 216 cm³ Volume of solid = $3 \times 216 \text{ cm}^3$ $= 648 \text{ cm}^3$ The volume of solid is 648 cm³. Question 7 Number of cubes that make up solid = 30 Volume of 1 cube = $3 \text{ cm} \times 3 \text{ cm} \times 3 \text{ cm}$ $= 27 \text{ cm}^3$ Volume of figure = $30 \times 27 \text{ cm}^3$ $= 810 \text{ cm}^3$ (a) The volume of the solid figure is 810 cm³. (b) Since the figure is placed on the floor when the paint is poured onto the solid, the faces at the bottom of the solid will not be coated with paint. So, only 10 cubes will have only 2 of its faces coated with paint. Solutions to Unit 8.2 Volume of Liquids Let's Get Started 8.2 (a) Volume of water = 42 cm × 22 cm × 8 cm = 7392 cm³ = 7 ℓ 392 mℓ Capacity = $42 \text{ cm} \times 22 \text{ cm} \times 15 \text{ cm}$ = 13 860 cm³ = 13.86 ℓ Height of water = $\frac{4}{5} \times 24$ cm (b) = 19.2 cm Volume of water = 35 cm × 10 cm × 19.2 cm $= 6720 \text{ cm}^3$ = 6 f 72 mf Capacity = 35 cm × 10 cm × 24 cm = 8400 cm³ = **8.4** ℓ (c) Volume of water = $17 \text{ cm} \times 17 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$ = 1445 cm³ = 1 ℓ 445 mℓ = 17 cm × 17 cm × 17 cm Capacity = 4913 cm³ = **4.913 ℓ** (d) 3u = 3 cm $1u = 3 \text{ cm} \div 3$ = 1 cm $7u = 7 \times 1 \text{ cm}$

= 7 cm

Solutions to Unit 8.2 (Cont.)

```
Volume of water = 10 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm} \times 7 \text{ cm}
```

```
= 700 cm<sup>3</sup>
```

= 0 ℓ 700 mℓ

Capacity = $10 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm}$

```
= 1000 cm<sup>3</sup>
```

```
= 1 ୧
```

Ask Yourself

- Yes. Both refers to the height of saline in the canister. '20% filled with saline' refers to the amount of saline in the canister 'at first' and '¹/₂ full' refers to the amount of saline in the canister 'in the end'.
- 2. The fraction $\frac{1}{2}$ refer to half of the height of the rectangular canister.

Let's Practise 8.2

```
Question 1

Change in height of cooking oil = \frac{2}{3} - \frac{3}{8}

= \frac{7}{24}

\frac{7}{24} of total = 2.1 \ell

\frac{1}{24} of total = 2.1 \ell + 7

= 0.3 \ell

Unfilled = 1 - \frac{2}{3}

= \frac{1}{3}

= \frac{8}{24}

\frac{8}{24} of total = 8 \times 0.3 \ell

= 2.4 \ell

2.4 litres more cooking oil would be needed to completely
```

fill the container.

Question 2

Amount of water in fish tank = $\frac{4}{7} \times 80 \text{ cm} \times 50 \text{ cm} \times 28 \text{ cm}$

= 64 000 cm³

= 64 ł

Amount of water left in container

= 68.02 l - 64 l

= 4.02 ł

= 4 { 20 m{

4 20 m2 of water is left in the cylindrical container.

Question 3

Volume of water in Container M = $5 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm} \times 24 \text{ cm}$ = 1200 cm^3 $5u = 1200 \text{ cm}^3$ $1u = 1200 \text{ cm}^3 \div 5$ = 240 cm^3 $2u = 2 \times 240 \text{ cm}^3$ = 480 cm^3 = 480 m^2 (a) **480 m**² of water was poured into Container N. Height of water in Container N = $480 \text{ cm}^3 \div 5 \text{ cm} \div 10 \text{ cm}$

Solutions to Unit 8.2 (Cont.) Question 3 (Cont.) Height of water remained in Container M = 24 cm - 9.6 cm = 14.4 cm (b) The height of the water level is 14.4 cm. Question 4 Volume of water in container at first $=\frac{3}{4} \times 700 \text{ cm}^3$ = 525 cm³ Volume of water poured into tank $= 525 \text{ cm}^3 \div 2$ = 262.5 cm³ Volume of water in tank at first $= 5 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm} \times 9 \text{ cm}$ = 225 cm³ Total volume of water in tank, end = 225 cm³ + 262.5 cm³ = 487.5 cm³ = 487.5 mł There was 487.5 m? of water in the tank now. Question 5 5 pails = 60 cm × 60 cm × 0.25 cm $= 900 \text{ cm}^{3}$ 1 pail = 900 cm³ \div 5 = 180 cm³ = 180 mł (a) Each pail can hold 180 m? of petrol. Height of petrol in the container at first = 0.3 × 60 cm = 18 cm Amount of petrol left in container $= 60 \text{ cm} \times 60 \text{ cm} \times (18 \text{ cm} - 0.25 \text{ cm})$ = 63 900 cm³ = 63.9 ł Time taken to completely drained the petrol = 63.9 l ÷ 3 l/min = 21.3 min (b) It would take 21.3 min to drain the petrol completely from the container. Question 6 Volume of orange juice dispensed out = 15 min × 200 ml/min = 3000 mł = 3 ł Amount of orange juice left in dispenser = 5.7 l - 3 l = 2.7 ł

Percentage left = $\frac{2.7}{5.7} \times 100\%$

≈ 47.37% (2 d.p.)

(a) 47.37% of the orange juice in the cylindrical dispenser was left.

Solutions to Unit 8.2 (Cont.) Question 6 (Cont.)

Amount of orange juice in container in the end

- $=\frac{2}{3} \times 18 \text{ cm} \times 18 \text{ cm} \times 18 \text{ cm}$
- = 3888 cm³
- = 3.888 {
- Amount of orange juice in container at first
- = 3.888 l 3l
- = 0.888 ł

(b) There was **0.888** *ℓ* of orange juice in the container at first.

| Solutions to Unit 8.3 Drawing Cubes and Cuboids Using Isometric Grids Let's Get Started 8.3 | | | | |
|---|------------------|---|----------------|--|
| 1. | | 2. | | |
| | | | | |
| 3. (a) | 6 | (b) | 11 | |
| (c) | 11 | (d) | 27 | |
| Let's Pra Question (a) | actise 8.3 | (b) | 5 cubes | |
| (c) | · · · >. | | | |
| Question | 12 | (h) | C autor | |
| | | | | |
| (C) | | | | |
| | > | | | |
| Question 3 | | | | |
| (a) | 5 cubes | | | |
| (b) | Volume of 1 cube | = 2 cm × = 8 cm ³ | 2 cm × 2 cm | |
| | Volume of solid | = 5 × 8 cm ³ = 40 cm³ | | |
| Question 4 | | | | |
| (a) | 6 cubes | | | |
| (b) | Volume of 1 cube | = 2 cm × = 8 cm ³ | 2 cm × 2 cm | |
| | Volume of solid | = 6 × 8 c = 48 cm ³ | m ³ | |

| Solutions to Unit 8.3 (Cont.) Question 5 | | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| (a) | Volume of 1 cube | = 3 cm × 3 cm × 3 cm | | |
| | | = 27 cm ³ | | |
| | Volume of solid | = 7 × 27 cm ³ | | |
| | | = 189 cm ³ | | |
| (b) | Area of 1 face | = 3 cm × 3 cm | | |
| | | = 9 cm ² | | |
| | Area of solid | $= 13 \times 9 \text{ cm}^2$ | | |
| | | = 117 cm ² | | |
| Question 6 | | | | |
| (a) | Volume of 1 cube | = 3 cm × 3 cm × 3 cm | | |
| | | = 27 cm ³ | | |
| | Volume of solid | = 10 × 27 cm ³ | | |
| | | = 270 cm ³ | | |

= 21 × 9 cm² = 189 cm²

Area of 1 face = 3 cm × 3 cm $= 9 \text{ cm}^2$

Area of solid

(b)

(

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