# +hinkingMath@™ onSponge

# **Essential** Problem Solving Skills

6 %

Branching Approa

# Answer Booklet

#### 2016 Copyright of onSponge Pte Ltd

ge Strategies

All rights reserved. No parts of this material may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior written permission of the copyright owner.

## **P6 Solutions**

In all solutions, u represents units and p represents parts



Change = 39u - 35u = 4u

4u = 12 1u = 12 ÷ 4 = 3 Answer to Unit 1.2

Question 1 (cont.)
Total (end) = 21u + 39u
= 60u
60u = 60 × 3
= 180
The music department had 180 instruments in the end.
Question 2
A:CB:G:C
$3^{x^2}$ : $7^{x^2}$ $1^{x^7}$ : $1^{x^7}$ : $2^{x^7}$
0.14 7.7.14
Summary
6 : 7 : 7
At first In the end
A+B : G A+B : G $13^{x4} \cdot 7^{x4}   1^{x7} \cdot 4^{x7}$
52 : 28 7 : 28
Change = 52u – 7u
= 45u
45u = 90
$1u = 90 \div 45$
= 2
28u = 28 × 2
= 56
There are <b>56 girls</b> in the swimming pool.
Answer to Unit 1.3

Quest	ion 1	
Quesi		

B+C 7 <sup>x2</sup> 14	: : :	A+B 5 <sup>x2</sup> 10	:	Diff 2 <sup>x2</sup> 4		A 3	:	C 7	:	Diff 4
Summ A 3	iary : :	B : 7 :	C 7	;						
7u = 7	7u = 77									
1u = 7	7 ÷	7								
= 1	1									
Total =	= 3u	+ 7u +	7u							
=	= 17u									
17u =	17u = 17 × 11									
=	187									
The to	tal a	area of t	he	figure	is <b>1</b>	87 c	m².			

Question 2

	6 ye	ears'	ago	o In 6 years' time						
Е		Т	:	Diff	E	:	Т	:	Diff	
3	:	5	:	2	2 <sup>x2</sup>	:	3 <sup>x2</sup>	:	1 <sup>x2</sup>	
					4	:	6	:	2	

#### Answer to Unit 1.3

#### Question 2 (cont.)

1u = 6 + 6
= 12
Total age (6 years' ago) = 3u + 5u
= 8u
Total age (now) = 8u + 12
= 8 × 12 + 12
= 108

The sum of their current ages is 108 years.

#### Answer to Unit 1.4

Question 1

(Actual) At first Change +		<u><b>S</b></u> 4u <sup>x3</sup> + 30 <sup>x3</sup>	<u>C</u> 9u <sup>x5</sup> − 15 <sup>x5</sup>		
In the	end	5p <sup>x3</sup>	3p <sup>x5</sup>		
(Working) At first Change		<u><b>S</b></u> 12u + 90	<b><u>C</u></b> 45u - 75		
In the	end	15p	15p		
		<b></b> 33u			
S	12u	90			
С	12u	90	75		
45u –	12u = 90 +	- 75			
33u =	165				
1u = 1	65 ÷ 33				
= 5					
4u = 4	<b>×</b> 5				
= 2	0				
Shelly	had 20 fig	urines at f	irst.		

Question 2



#### Answer to Unit 1.5

#### Question 1

В 5	:	Т 1			С 2 <sup>×5</sup> 10	:	B 1 <sup>×5</sup> 5
Sum	mar	у					
В	:	Т	:	С			
5	:	1	:	10			

Items	Quantity	×	Value (\$)	Total value (\$)
В	5u	×	22	110u
Т	1u	×	12	12u
С	10u	×	32	320u
Total	16u			442u

442u = 884

1u = 884 ÷ 442

= 2

 $16u = 16 \times 2$ 

= 32

He bought a total of 32 ties, belts and cufflinks.

Question 2

Items	Quantity	×	Value (\$)	Total value (\$)
С	24	×	7u	168u
S	14	×	2u	28u
Total	38			196u

196u = 215.6
1u = 215.6 ÷ 196
= 1.1
7u = 7 × 1.1
= 7.7
A cup cost <b>\$7.70</b> .







Mrs Wong would need to prepare **540** *I* **more** to fill up the bottle completely.

#### Answer to Unit 1.6

#### Question 2



#### Answer to Unit 1.7

Question 1
$\frac{\frac{2}{3}}{\frac{6}{9}}M = \frac{\frac{3}{5}}{\frac{6}{10}}F$
M : W
9 : 10
Total = 9u + 10u
= 19u
19u = 190
1u = 190 ÷ 19
= 10
Total children = 3u + 4u
= 7u
7u = 7 × 10
= 70

There were 70 children at the engagement party.

Question 2								
$\frac{9}{10} S = \frac{3}{4} N$ $\frac{9}{10} S = \frac{9}{12}$ $S :$ $10^{x4} :$ $40 :$	Л М 12 <sup>×4</sup> 48		S 40	$\frac{9}{10}$ S $\frac{36}{40}$ S $\frac{36}{40}$ S $\frac{36}{10}$ S $\frac$	$S = \frac{4}{5}C$ $S = \frac{36}{45}C$ 45	c		
Summar	y							
S :	М	:	С					
40 :	48	:	45					
48u = 96								
1u = 96 -	- 48							
= 2								
Total = 4	0u + 48u	+ 45	u					
= 1	33u							
133u = 1	33 × 2							
= 2	66							
Karen's t	otal score	e was	266	marl	ks.			





## Chapter 2 Advanced Model Drawing

#### Let's Get Started

#### 2.



	At first	Sold	In the end (Left)
т	$\frac{2}{2}$ (10u + 32)	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> (5u + 16)	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> (5u + 16)
Ρ	<sup>10</sup> / <sub>10</sub> (10u)	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>10</sub> (3u)	<sup>7</sup> / <sub>10</sub> (7u)

#### In the end







	In the end	Sold	At first
R	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> (3u + 15)	$\frac{3}{4}$ (9u + 45)	$\frac{4}{4}$ (12u + 60)
G	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>10</sub> (3u)	<sup>7</sup> / <sub>10</sub> (7u)	<sup>10</sup> / <sub>10</sub> (10u)

At first



4.

L



#### Let's Learn

#### Ask Yourself

- 1. There is sufficient information given at the beginning of the question to form a relationship to solve the question.
- 2. The problem should be solved using the Modeldrawing approach as it involves the keywords "more than/less than" as well as a whole number.

#### Answer to Advanced Model Drawing (More than/Less than)

Question 1

At first



	At first	Cleared	In the end (Left)
С	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>3</sub> (15u + 24)	$\frac{2}{3}$ (10u + 16)	$\frac{1}{3}$ (5u + 8)
L	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (15u)	$\frac{1}{5}$ (3u)	<sup>4</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (12u)

In the end

С	5u	8		
L	5u	8	20	
	•	1211		•
		12u		
7u = 8 = 2	8 + 20 8			
1u = 2	28 ÷ 7			
= 4	ŀ			
10u +	16 = 1	10 ×	4 + 1	6
	= 5	56		

56 cars cleared the gantry.

Question 2



	Total	Took part	Did not
В	<sup>8</sup> / <sub>8</sub> (40u + 112)	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub> (25u + 70)	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> (15u + 42)
G	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (40u)	<sup>2</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (16u)	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (24u)

In the end

	15u	27	15
;	24u		

В G 24u

2016 Copyright of onSponge Pte Ltd. No further reproduction and distribution. Page 4

# Answer to Advanced Model Drawing (More than/Less than)

#### Question 2 (Cont.)

24u - 15u = 9u 9u = 27  $1u = 27 \div 9$  = 3Total (took part) = 25u + 70 + 16u = 41u + 70  $41u + 70 = 41 \times 3 + 70$  = 193**193 students** took part in the performance.

#### Question 3



	At first	Sold	In the end (Left)
С	<sup>9</sup> / <sub>9</sub> (36u + 45)	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>9</sub> (20u + 25)	<sup>4</sup> / <sub>9</sub> (16u + 20)
J	<sup>4</sup> / <sub>4</sub> (36u)	1/4 (9u)	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> (27u)

Sold



20u - 9u = 11u 11u = 66  $1u = 66 \div 11$  = 6Total (end) = 16u + 20 + 27u = 43u + 20  $43u + 20 = 43 \times 6 + 20$ = 278

**278** crossword puzzle books and jigsaw puzzles remained in total.

#### Question 4

#### In the end



# Answer to Advanced Model Drawing (More than/Less than)

#### Question 4 (Cont.)

		At first
т	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (12u + 30)	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (20u + 50)
S	<sup>4</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (12u)	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (15u)

#### At first



# Answer to Advanced Model Drawing (Equal stage at first)

Question 1

#### <u>At first</u>

D	7u
Y	7u
Н	7u

In the end

D			200	
Y	5u		2u	
н	5u		2u	74
			300	
2u = 3	800 – 74			
= 2	226			
1u = 2	226 ÷ 2			
= 113				
D (end	d) = $7 \times 113 - 200$			
= 591				
Deanr	na had <b>\$591</b> in the	enc	ł.	

#### Question 2

#### <u>At firs</u>t

Y	25u
М	25u
F	25u

Answer to Advanced Model Drawing (Equal Stage at first)

#### Question 2 (Cont.)

In the end



Each of them received 75 pins at first.

# Answer to Advanced Model Drawing (Equal Stage End)

Question 1

#### In the end

D	15u
W	15u
S	15u

At first

D		56			
W	15u		5u		> 298
S		15u	!	9u	

15u + 15u + 15u + 5u + 9u = 298 + 56

59u = 354

1u = 354 ÷ 59 = 6

D (at first) =  $15 \times 6 - 56$ = 34

Davis had 34 cards at first.

#### Question 2

#### In the end

I	
D	
S	
R	

At first



Answer to Advanced Model Drawing (Equal Stage End)

#### Question 2 (Cont.)

28u = 252  $1u = 252 \div 28$  = 9Total (at first) = 20u + 252 + 252 + 222 + 35u  $= 20 \times 9 + 726 + 35 \times 9$ = 1221

They made 1221 balloons altogether at first.

# Answer to Advanced Model Drawing (Repeated Items)

Question 1



There are 400 buns in the bakery shop.

Question	2
Question	~

н	2u	6	2	3			
R	2u	6		_			
В	2u	6	15				
Ν	2u			_			
5u = 6 + 15 + 6 + 23 = 50 1u = 50 ÷ 5							
= 1	= 10						
$2u + 6 = 2 \times 10 + 6$							
= 26							
There are <b>26 rings</b> in the shop.							

Answer to Advanced Model Drawing (Internal Transfer)

Question 1

в	10u	200
K	10u	

	At first	Change	End
В	$\frac{10}{10}$ (10u + 200)	$\frac{3}{10}$ (3u + 60)	<sup>7</sup> / <sub>10</sub> (7u + 140)
Κ	10u	+(3u + 60)	13u + 60

#### In the end

В	7u	126	14	
к	13u	14	46	
13u – 6u = 1	7u = 126 26			

1u = 126 ÷ 6 = 21

 $3u + 60 = 3 \times 21 + 60$ = 123

123 people had moved to Kusu Beach.

#### Question 2

<u>At fir</u>	<u>'st</u>	
А	12u	48
В	12u	
	At first	Change

	At first	Change	End
А	12u	+(5u + 20)	17u + 20
В	$\frac{12}{12}$ (12u + 48)	$\frac{5}{12}$ (5u + 20)	$\frac{7}{12}$ (7u + 28)

In the end

	•	17u	-					
А	7u	28	2	18	2			
В	7u	28						
17	- 711 - 28	+ 2						
17u	- 7u - 20	τ <b>Ζ</b>						
10u :	= 30							
1u =	30 ÷ 10							
=	= 3							
22u + 48 = 24 × 3 + 48								
	= 120							
There are <b>120 children</b> altogether in both campsites.								

#### Question 3

#### At first

L	5u	
М	5u	2400

# Answer to Advanced Model Drawing (Internal Transfer)

#### Question 3 (Cont.)

<u>At first</u>

	At first	Change		
L	L $\frac{5}{5}$ (5u + 2400) $\frac{3}{5}$ (3u + 1440		<sup>2</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (2u + 960)	
М	5u	+(3u + 1440)	8u + 1440	
2 <sup>nd</sup> change				
		Change	End	
L	2u + 960	+(2u + 360)	4u + 1320	

<sup>4</sup> / <sub>4</sub> (8u + 1440)	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> (2u + 360)	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> (6u + 1080)
---	--	---

#### In the end

Μ

L	4u	52	1080	188
М	4u	52	1080	

2u = 52

1u = 52 ÷ 2 = 26

3u + 1440 = 3 × 26 + 1440

= 1518

Lynette transferred **\$1518** to Michelle.

Question 4

#### <u>At first</u>

н	5u	45	
L	5u		
	At first	Change	
Н	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (5u + 45)	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (1u + 9)	<sup>4</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (4u + 36)
L	5u	+(1u + 9)	6u + 9

2<sup>nd</sup> Change

		Change	End
Н	4u + 36	+(4u + 6)	8u + 42
L	$\frac{3}{3}$ (6u + 9)	$\frac{2}{3}$ (4u + 6)	$\frac{1}{3}(2u + 3)$

In the end

	0110	<	6u 🕨	
Н	2u	3	27	42
L	2u	3		
6u = 3	8 + 27			
= 3 1u = 3	30 ÷ 6			
= 5	5			
1u + 9	9 = 5 + 9			
	= 14			

Mrs Hagen gave Letilia 14 dumplings.

5

14

+3

4

11

+3

6

18

. . .

#### Answer to Unit 3.1

#### Let's Get Started 3.1



- (b) Test (Figure 1): 1 × 3 − 1 = 2 Test (Figure 2): 2 × 3 − 1 = 5 Unique term: Figure no. × 3 − 1
- (c) No. of dots in Figure  $6 = 6 \times 3 1$ = 17 No. of dots in Figure  $18 = 18 \times 3 - 1$

= 4

(b) Unique term (No. of dots) = Fig no.  $\times 4 - 1$ 

= 53

(c) No. of dots in Figure  $6 = 6 \times 4 - 1$ = 23 No. of dots in Figure  $15 = 15 \times 4 - 1$ = 59

#### Lets' Learn 3.1

#### Ask yourself

- There is an increase in the number of squares by 1. This is a number pattern involving common difference.
- 2. General pattern: Number of squares is the same as the Figure Number.

#### **Think Further**

(a)		
Figure no.	Pattern to find (No. of squares)	Pattern to find (No. of circles)
1	1 × 2	1 × 4 + 2
2	2 × 2	2 × 4 + 2
3	3 × 2	3 × 4 + 2
4	4 × 2	4 × 4 + 2 = 18
5	5 × 2	5 × 4 + 2 = 22

(b) Unique term (No. of circles) = Figure no. × 4 + 2

#### Let's Practise 3.1

Question 1

(a)		
Figure no.	No. of triangles	Total no. of dots
1	2	10
2	4	14
3	6	18
4	8	22
5	10	26

#### Answer to Unit 3.1

#### Question 1 (Cont.)

(b) Unique term (No. of triangles) = Figure no. x 2No. of triangles in Figure 83 = 83 x 2

(c) Unique term (Total no. of dots) = Figure no. x 4 + 6 Working backwards

Figure no. x 4 = 282 - 6

= 276

Figure no. =  $276 \div 4$ 

= 69

There will be 282 dots in Figure 69.

#### Question 2

(a)



(b) (i) Unique term (No. of shaded coins) = Figure no.  $\times 2 + 2$ Working Backwards  $A \times 2 = 40 - 2$  = 38  $A = 38 \div 2$  = 19(ii) Unique term (No. of unshaded coins) = Figure no. B = 19(iii) Unique term (Total no. of coins) = Figure no.  $\times 3 + 2$   $C = 19 \times 3 + 2$ = 59

#### Question 3

- (a) Unique term (No. of matchsticks) = Figure no. x 5 + 1
   No. of matchsticks in Figure 5 = 5 x 5 + 1
  - = 26

 (b) Working backwards
 Figure no. × 5 = 131 - 1 = 130
 Figure no. = 130 ÷ 5 = 26

The figure number formed is Figure 26.

#### Question 4



#### Question 4 (Cont.)

(b) Unique term (No. of squares) = Figure no. x 10 + 2No. of squares in Figure  $500 = 500 \times 10 + 2$ 

= 5002

Working backwards

Figure no. × 10 = 182 - 2

= 180

#### Figure no. = 180 ÷ 10

= 18

Figure No.	Number of squares
1	12
2	22
3	21
18	182
500	5002

#### Answer to Unit 3.2

Let's Get Started 3.2

1. (a)  $1 = 1 \times 1$   $4 = 2 \times 2$   $9 = 3 \times 3$  $16 = 4 \times 4$ 

#### (b)

Figure 1: 1 × 1 = 1

Figure 2:  $2 \times 2 = 4$ 

Figure 3: 3 x 3 = 9

The number of dots in each figure is the square of its figure number or it can be represented as (Figure no. x Figure no.).

#### (c)

No of dots in Figure  $5 = 5 \times 5$ = 25 No of dots in Figure  $6 = 6 \times 6$ = 36 No of dots in Figure  $13 = 13 \times 13$ = 169

#### 2.

(a) Figure 1 = 1 × 1 = 1
Figure 2 = 2 × 2 = 4
Figure 3 = 3 × 3 = 9
Figure 4 = 4 × 4 = 16
The number of squares in each figure is the square of its figure number.

(b) Unique term (No. of squares) = Figure no. × Figure no.

#### Answer to Unit 3.2

#### Let's Learn 3.2

#### Ask Yourself

- 1. There is an increase in the number of squares. This type of number pattern is known as square numbers.
- 2. General pattern: No. of dots = Figure no. × Figure no.

#### Think Further

(a)		
Figure no.	No. of dots	Pattern to find no. of dots
1	2	$1^2 + 1$
2	5	$2^2 + 1$
3	10	3 <sup>2</sup> + 1
4	17	$4^2 + 1$
5	26	5 <sup>2</sup> + 1

(b) Unique term (No. of dots)

= Figure no. × Figure no. + 1

#### Let's Practise 3.2

Question 1

Figure no.	Number of dots	Pattern to find number of dots
1	1	1 x 1
2	4	2 x 2
3	9	3 x 3
4	16	4 x 4
5	(a)	5 x 5
(b)	81	

(a) No. of dots (Figure 5) =  $5 \times 5$ = 25

(b) Figure no. =  $\sqrt{81}$ = 9

(c) Figure no. =  $\sqrt{256}$ = 16

#### Question 2

(a)



(b) Unique term (No. of circles) = Figure no. × Figure no. No. of circles = 11 × 11

No. of circles = 
$$402 - 2$$
  
=  $400$ 

#### Question 2 (Cont.)

Working backwards

Figure no. =  $\sqrt{400}$ 

There will be 402 circles and triangles in Figure 20.

```
Question 3
```

(a)		
Figure no.	Number of shaded rectangles	Pattern to find no. of shaded rectangles
1	2	1 × 3 – 1
2	5	2 × 3 – 1
3	8	3 × 3 – 1
		Figure no. × 3 – 1

No. of shaded rectangles =  $16 \times 3 - 1$ 

(b) Working backwards

Figure no. × 3 = 728 + 1 = 729 Figure no. = 729 ÷ 3

$$e no. = 729 - 5$$

There will be 728 shaded rectangles in Figure 243.

#### (c)

Figure no.	Total number of rectangles	Pattern to find no. of shaded rectangles
1	4	2 × 2
2	9	3×3
3	16	4 × 4
		Figure no. – 1 × Figure no. – 1

Working backwards

```
Figure no. x = 1091 + 1
= 1092
Figure no. = 1092 ÷ 3
= 364
364 + 1 = 365
365 x = 365 = 133 = 225
There will be a total of 133 225 rectangles in a figure
with 1091 shaded rectangles.
```

#### Question 4

(a) Unique term (No. of unshaded squares)

= (Fig no. - 1) × (Fig no. - 1)
No. of unshaded squares in Figure 16 = 15 × 15
= 225

There are 225 unshaded squares in Figure 16.
(b) No. of unshaded squares in Figure 42 = 41 × 41
= 168
Area of unshaded squares = 1681 × 25
= 42 025
The area of the unshaded squares in Figure 42 is 42 025 cm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Answer to Unit 3.2

#### Question 4 (Cont.)

```
    (c) Unique term (No. of shaded squares) = Figure no.
    Working backwards
    No. of shaded squares = 1225 ÷ 25
```

#### = 49

There are 49 shaded squares.

(d) No of shaded squares = 65

No of unshaded squares =  $(65 - 1)^2$ 

Perimeter

= 5 (64 + 64 + 32 + 32 + 31 + 33 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1) = 1300

The perimeter of the figure in Pattern 65 is **1300 cm**.

#### Question 5

(a) No. of cubes in Figure 3 = 1 + 4 + 9 = 14
No. of cubes in Figure 4 = 1 + 4 + 9 + 16 = 30
Difference = 30 - 14 = 16
16 more cubes are needed to make Figure 4.
(b) Difference = (9 × 9) + (10 × 10) = 181

```
(c) No. of cubes in Layer 18 = 18 × 18
= 324
```

```
Question 6
```

```
(a) Unique term (No. of fishes)
    = (Day no. - 1) × (Day no. - 1) + 7
    No. of fishes in Day 45 = 44 \times 44 + 7
                            = 1943
    There will be 1943 fishes on Day 45.
(b) Working backwards
    3488 - 7 = 3481
    \sqrt{3481} = 59
    Fig no. = 59 + 1
           = 60
    There will be 3488 fishes on Day 60.
(c) No. of sets = 1573 ÷ 6.5
               = 242
    No. of fish = 4 \times 242
               = 968
    Working backwards
    968 - 7 = 961
    \sqrt{961} = 31
    Fig no. = 31 + 1
           = 32
    Berlin's father will earn $1573 on Day 32.
```

#### Answer to Unit 3.3

#### Let's Get Started 3.3

1.

(a) There is a consecutive increase by 1 from one figure number to the next.

Figure 1 =  $\frac{(1 \times 2)}{2}$ = 1 Figure 2 =  $\frac{(2 \times 3)}{2}$ = 3

The number of dots in the consecutive figures follows the rule of triangle number where  $\frac{(Figure no. \times Figure no. +1)}{2}$ .

2.

(a) Figure 1 =  $\frac{(1 \times 2)}{2}$ = 1 Figure 2 =  $\frac{(2 \times 3)}{2}$ = 3 Figure 3 =  $\frac{(3 \times 4)}{2}$ = 6

The number of squares in the consecutive figures follows the rule of triangle number where  $\frac{(Figure no. \times Figure no. +1)}{2}$ .

(b) Unique terms :  $\frac{(Figure no. \times Figure no. +1)}{2}$ 

#### Let's Practise 3.3

#### Question 1

(a) Unique term (Total no. of circles) = Figure no. × Figure no. +1/2
 Total no. of circles in Figure 12 = 12 × 13/2
 = 78
 There are **78 circles** in Figure 12.
 (b) Working backwards

1540 × 2 = 3080  $\sqrt{3080} \approx 55$ Test 1: 54 × 55 = 2970 Test 2: 55 × 56 = 3080 There are 1540 circles in **Figure 55**.

#### Question 2

(a) Unique term (Total no. of apples) =  $\frac{\text{Figure no. } \times \text{Figure no. } +1}{2}$ Total no. of apples in Figure 10 =  $\frac{10 \times 11}{2} \times 10$ = 550 There are **550 apples** harvested on the 10<sup>th</sup> day.

(b)  $1530 \div 10 = 153$   $\frac{\text{Figure no.} \times \text{Figure no.} + 1}{2} = 153$ Figure no. x (Figure no. + 1) = 306  $\sqrt{306} = 17.49286$  $\approx 17$ 

#### Answer to Unit 3.3

#### Question 2 (Cont.)

(Check) 17 x 18 = 306 Figure no is 17 1035 apples were harvested on the **17<sup>th</sup> day.** 

#### Question 3

(a) Unique term (Total no. of triangles) = Figure no. × Figure no. Total no. of triangles in Figure 22 = 22 × 22 = 484 There are 484 triangles in Figure 22. (b) Working backwards  $\sqrt{961} = 31$ There will be a total of 961 triangles in Figure 31. (b) Working backwards Figure no. =  $\sqrt{121}$ = 11 Unique term (No. of shaded triangles) =  $\frac{\text{Fig no. } \times \text{Fig no. +1}}{2}$ No. of shaded triangles in Figure 11 =  $\frac{11+12}{2}$ = 66There are 66 shaded triangles. (c) Unique term (No. of unshaded triangles)  $=\frac{\text{Fig no.+1 }\times\text{Fig no.+2}}{\text{Fig no.+2}}$ 2 Working backwards 2485 × 2 = 4970 √<u>4974</u> ≈ 70 Test 1: 69 × 70 = 4830

Test 2: 70 × 71 = 4970

There will be 2485 unshaded triangles in Figure 69.

#### Question 4

(a) Unique term (Total no. of crosses)  $= \frac{Figure no. × Figure no.+1}{2}$ Total no. of crosses (Figure 5) =  $\frac{5 \times 6}{2}$ = 15 No. of unshaded crosses = 15 - 4 = 11 Unique term (No. of shaded crosses) = Fig no. - 1 No. of shaded crosses (Figure 8) = 8 - 1 = 7 Total no. of crosses (Figure 8) =  $\frac{8 \times 9}{2}$ = 36 No. of unshaded crosses = 36 - 7 = 29 (b) Total no. of crosses (Figure 29) =  $\frac{29 \times 30}{2}$ = 435 There is a total of 435 crosses in Figure 29.

#### Question 4 (Cont.)

(c) Working backwards

 741 x 2 = 1482
 √1482 ≈ 70
 Test 1: 37 x 38 = 1406
 Test 2: 38 x 39 = 1482
 There will be 741 crosses in Figure 38.

#### (d) Working backwards

 $2080 \times 2 = 4160$   $\sqrt{4160} \approx 64$ Test 1: 63 × 64 = 4032 Test 2: 64 × 65 = 4160 No. of shaded crosses (Figure 64) = 64 - 1 = 63 No. of unshaded crosses = 2080 - 63 = 2017 There are **2017 unshaded crosses**.

#### Question 5

(a) No. of blocks at Layer 12 =  $(12 - 1) \times 2$ = 22 Number on the extreme right of Layer 12 = 1 + (2 + 4 + 6 + ... + 22)= 1 + 2(1 + 2 + 3 + ... + 11)= 1 + 2 $[\frac{11+1}{2} \times 11]$ = 133

(b) No. of blocks at Layer 68

= (68 – 1) × 2 = 134

Number on the extreme right of Layer 68 = 1 + (2 + 4 + 6 + ... + 134)

= 1 + 2(1 + 2 + 3 +...+ 67)  
= 1 + 2[
$$\frac{(67+1)}{2} \times 67$$
]

= 4557

(c) 1261 - 1 = 1260  $1260 \div 2 = 630$   $\frac{Fig no.}{2} \times (Fig no. + 1) = 630$ (Fig no.) × (Fig no. + 1) = 1260  $\sqrt{1260} = 35.4964787$ Test :  $35 \times 36 = 1260$  35 + 1 = 36In **Layer 36**, the number 1261 will be on the extreme

#### right of the layer.

#### Answer to Unit 3.3

#### Question 5 (Cont.)

(d) 2163 - 1 = 2162  $2162 \div 2 = 1081$   $\frac{Fig No.}{2} \times (Fig No. +1) = 1081$ (Fig No.) × (Fig No. +1) = 2162  $\sqrt{2162} = 46.4973$ Test: 46 × 47 = 2162 Layer: 46 + 1 = 47 46 × 2 = 92 2162 - 91 = **2071** The number on the extreme left of the layer is **2071**.

# Chapter **4** Circles

#### Answer to Unit 4.1

#### Let's Get Started 4.1

1. Area of shaded part

= 25 cm × 25 cm 
$$-\frac{1}{4}$$
 ×  $\pi$  × 25 cm × 25 cm

- ≈ 134 cm<sup>2</sup>
- 2. Area of shaded part

$$= \frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 5 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm} - \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$$
$$\approx 7 \text{ cm}^2$$

#### Let's Learn 4.1

#### Ask Yourself

 The figures are 1 large quadrant of radius 20 cm, 1 small quadrant of radius 8 cm and a rectangle measuring 8 cm by 20 cm.

#### Let's Practise 4.1

Question 1

```
Area of shaded parts
```

= 36 cm × 36 cm –  $\pi$  × 18 cm × 18 cm

≈ 278 cm<sup>2</sup>

The area of the shaded parts is 278 cm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Question 2

Perimeter of unshaded Region Q =  $2 \times \pi \times 12$  cm  $\approx 75$  cm

The perimeter of the unshaded Region Q is 75 cm.

Area of unshaded Region Q

= 24 cm × 24 cm –  $\pi$  × 12 cm × 12 cm

≈ 124 cm<sup>2</sup>

The area of unshaded Region Q is 124 cm<sup>2</sup>.

Question 3 Perimeter of shaded region =  $\frac{3}{2} \times 2 \times 3.14 \times 12$  cm + 36 cm + 24 cm + 36 cm = 209.04 cm

The perimeter of the shaded region is 209.04 cm.

#### Answer to Unit 4.1 Question 3 (Cont.)

Area of shaded region

= 24 cm × 36 cm  $-\frac{3}{2}$  × 3.14 × 12 cm × 12 cm = 185.76 cm<sup>2</sup>

The area of the shaded region is **185.76 cm**<sup>2</sup>.

#### Question 4

Area of shaded part

 $= 2 \times (\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 5 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm} - \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm})$  $= 14 \text{ cm}^2$ The area of the shaded part is **14 cm**<sup>2</sup>.

#### Question 5

Area of shaded region =  $7 \times \left[\left(\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 20 \text{ cm} \times 20 \text{ cm}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 20 \text{ cm} \times 20 \text{ cm}\right)\right]$ =  $700\pi - 1400 \text{ cm}^2$ Area of unshaded regions =  $\pi (20 \text{ cm} \times 20 \text{ cm}) - (700\pi - 1400)$   $\approx 458 \text{ cm}^2$ The area of the shaded region is **458 cm**<sup>2</sup>.

#### Question 6

Perimeter of large semicircle  $=(\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 36) + 36$  $= 18 (\pi + 2)$ Perimeter of small semicircle  $=(\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 12) + 12$  $= 6 (\pi + 2)$ Perimeter of large semicircle : Perimeter of small semicircle  $= 18(\pi + 2): 6(\pi + 2)$ = 3 : 1 Area of the large semicircle  $=\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 18^2$ = 162 π Area of small semicircle  $=\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 6^2$ = 18 π Area of the large semicircle : Area of the small semicircle = 162 π : 18 π = 9:1 Question 7

Diameter of small circle = 16 cm Diameter of medium circle = 32 cm Area of shaded region =  $\pi \times 32$  cm  $\times 32$  cm  $-2 \times \pi \times 8$  cm  $\times 8$  cm  $-\pi \times 16$  cm  $\times$ 16 cm =  $640\pi$  cm<sup>2</sup> The area of the shaded region is  $640\pi$  cm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Answer to Unit 4.1

#### Question 8

Area of A =  $2 \times (\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 10 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm} - \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm})$ =  $2 \times (25\pi - 50)$ =  $(50\pi - 100) \text{ cm}^2$ The area of Part A is  $(50\pi - 100) \text{ cm}^2$ . Area of C =  $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 20 \text{ cm} \times 20 \text{ cm} - \frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 10 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm} - 10 \text{ cm}$  $\times 10 \text{ cm}$ 

 $= (100\pi - 50\pi - 100) \text{ cm}^2$  $= (50\pi - 100) \text{ cm}^2$ 

The area of Part C is  $(50\pi - 100)$  cm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Question 9

Area of quadrant  $= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 41 \text{ cm} \times 41 \text{ cm}$   $= 1386 \text{ cm}^{2}$ Area of 1 small square  $= 21 \text{ cm} \times 21 \text{ cm}$   $= 441 \text{ cm}^{2}$ Area of the figure  $= 2 (1386 \text{ cm}^{2} - 441 \text{ cm}^{2}) + 3 \times 441 \text{ cm}^{2}$   $= 3213 \text{ cm}^{2}$ The area of the shaded part is **3213 cm**^{2}.

#### Answer to Unit 4.2

#### Let's Learn 4.2

#### Ask Yourself

- 1. Yes. The figure is made up of 2 semicircles of diameter 20 cm enclosed in a square of side 20 cm.
- 2. Yes. Lines are needed to make the shapes that form the figure more distinct.

#### Let's Practise 4.2

Question 1

Area of the shaded part =  $2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 36$  cm x 18 cm = 648 cm<sup>2</sup> The area of the shaded parts is **648 cm<sup>2</sup>**.

#### Question 2

Area of the big circle =  $\pi \times 21 \text{ cm} \times 21 \text{ cm}$ =  $\frac{22}{7} \times 21 \text{ cm} \times 21 \text{ cm}$ 

= 1386 cm<sup>2</sup>

#### Question 2 (Cont.)

Area of small circles  $= \frac{22}{7} \times 7 \text{ cm} \times 7 \text{ cm} \times 7$   $= \frac{22}{7} \times 49 \text{ cm}^2 \times 7$   $= 1078 \text{ cm}^2$ Area of shaded parts  $= \frac{1386 - 1078}{12} \times 2$   $= 51\frac{1}{3}$ The area of the shaded parts is  $51\frac{1}{3}$  cm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Question 3

Area of the shaded parts =  $3.14 \times 10$  cm  $\times 10$  cm = 314 cm<sup>2</sup> The area of the shaded parts is **314** cm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Question 4

Area of figure = 
$$1\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 7$$
 cm × 7 cm  
= 192.5 cm<sup>2</sup>  
The area of the figure is **192.5 cm<sup>2</sup>**.

Perimeter of figure =  $1\frac{1}{4} \times 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 7 \text{ cm} + 14 \text{ cm}$ = 69 cm The perimeter of the figure is **69 cm**.

#### Question 5



Area of shaded figure (3 small squares) =  $192 \text{ cm}^2$ Area of 1 small square =  $192 \text{ cm}^2 \div 3$ =  $64 \text{ cm}^2$ Side of square =  $\sqrt{64} \text{ cm}^2$ = 8 cmRadius of quadrant =  $2 \times 8 \text{ cm}$ = 16 cmPerimeter of shaded parts =  $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 3.14 \times 16 \text{ cm} + 4 \times 8 \text{ cm}$ = 82.24 cm

The perimeter of the shaded parts is **82.24 cm**.

#### Answer to Chapter 4 Review Questions

#### Question 1

```
(a) AB = 4u, BC = 3u
     Perimeter = 4u + 3u + 4u + 3u
                  = 14u
     14u = 84 cm
     1u = 84 cm ÷ 14
         = 6 cm
     3u = 3 \times 6 \text{ cm}
         = 18 cm
     The length of each small rectangle is 18 cm.
(b) BC = 3 \times 6 cm
         = 18 cm
     Area of ABCD = 24 cm × 18 cm
                       = 432 \text{ cm}^2
     Area of shaded portions
     = 432 \text{ cm}^2 - (\frac{1}{4} \times 3.14 \times 18 \text{ cm} \times 18 \text{ cm}) + 6 \text{ cm} \times 6 \text{ cm}
     = 213.66 cm<sup>2</sup>
     The area of the shaded portions is 213.66 cm<sup>2</sup>.
```

#### Question 2

(a) Circumference of ABC =  $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 3.14 \times 3$  cm = 9.42 cm Circumference of CDE =  $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 3.14 \times 4$  cm = 12.56 cm Circumference of ACE =  $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 3.14 \times 5$  cm = 15.7 cm Perimeter of PQRS =  $4 \times \sqrt{50}$  cm Perimeter of shaded regions = 9.42 cm + 12.56 cm + 15.7 cm + 4 × √50 cm ≈ 65.96 cm The perimeter of the shaded regions is 65.96 cm. (b) Area of PQRS =  $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm} \times 2$  $= 50 \text{ cm}^2$ Area of unshaded part in semicircle ACE not covered by triangle ACE  $= \frac{1}{2} \times 3.14 \times 5 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm} - \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \text{ cm} \times 8 \text{ cm}$  $= 15.25 \text{ cm}^2$ Area of shaded parts in semicircles ABC and CDE  $=\frac{1}{2} \times 3.14 \times 3 \text{ cm} \times 3 \text{ cm} + \frac{1}{2} \times 3.14 \times 4 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm} -$ 15.25 cm<sup>2</sup>  $= 24 \text{ cm}^2$ Total area of shaded regions =  $50 \text{ cm}^2 + 24 \text{ cm}^2$  $= 74 \text{ cm}^2$ The total area of the 3 shaded regions is 74 cm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Answer to Chapter 4 Review Questions

Question 3 (a) OL = 5 cm - 2 cm = 3 cm The length OL is 3 cm. (b) Area of shaded triangle =  $\frac{1}{2} \times 4$  cm  $\times 3$  cm = 6 cm<sup>2</sup> Area of shaded  $\frac{3}{4}$  - circle =  $\frac{3}{4} \times \pi \times 5$  cm  $\times 5$  cm = 18.75 $\pi$  cm<sup>2</sup> Area of shaded parts = 6 cm<sup>2</sup> + 18.75 $\pi$  cm<sup>2</sup>  $\approx 64.9$  cm<sup>2</sup> The area of the shaded parts is 64.9 cm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Question 4

Area of the shaded parts =  $\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times (9)^2 + 2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 9 \times 9$ = 208.2345 cm<sup>2</sup> = **208.2 cm<sup>2</sup>** 

#### Question 5

A + B = 110 cm<sup>2</sup> A + B + C = 180 cm<sup>2</sup> C = 180 - 110 = 70 cm<sup>2</sup> B + C + D = 130 cm<sup>2</sup> B + D = 130 - 70 = 60 cm<sup>2</sup> The area of shaded parts is 60 cm<sup>2</sup>

#### Question 6

Area of the shaded part =  $(\frac{1}{2} \times 7.5 \times 12) + [(\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times (7.5)^2) - (\frac{1}{2} \times 7.5 \times 7.5)]$ = 45 + 16.0536 = 61.05 cm<sup>2</sup> The area of shaded parts is **61.05 cm<sup>2</sup>**.

#### Question 7

Area of 4 half-rugby = 4 ×  $\left[\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times (4 \text{ cm})^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm}\right]$ = 4 × (4 $\pi$  - 8) cm<sup>2</sup> = (16 $\pi$  - 32) cm<sup>2</sup> Area of shaded parts in the square =  $\left(\frac{1}{2} \times 16 \text{ cm} \times 8 \text{ cm} \times 2\right) - (\pi \times 4 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm}) - (2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm})$ = (96 - 16 $\pi$ ) cm<sup>2</sup> Area of shaded parts = 16 $\pi$  - 32 + (96 - 16 $\pi$ ) = **64 cm<sup>2</sup>** The total area of the shaded parts is **64 cm<sup>2</sup>**.

#### Answer to Chapter 4 Review Questions

Question 8 Area of shaded parts =  $4 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 16 \text{ cm} \times 8 \text{ cm}$ = 256 cm<sup>2</sup>  $16 \times 16 - 8 \left[ \left( \frac{1}{4} \times 3.14 \times 8 \times 8 \right) - \left( \frac{1}{2} \times 8 \times 8 \right) \right]$ = 256 - 8(18.24) = 1108.08 The total area of the shaded parts is **1108.08 cm<sup>2</sup>**.

# Chapter 5 Speed

#### Answer to Unit 5.1

```
Let's Get Started 5.1
```

1. (a) Distance = 90 × 2 = 180

Distance travelled for the first part of her journey was **180 km**.

(b) Total distance =  $3 \times 180$ = 540

The total distance of her journey was 540 km.

(c) Time taken = 5 h - 2 h= 3 hDistance travelled = 540 - 180

= 360 Speed = 360 ÷ 3

= 120 Jaime's speed for the last part of the journey was 120 km/h.

(d) Average speed for whole journey = 540 ÷ 7 =  $77\frac{1}{2}^{\frac{1}{2}}$ Jaime's average speed for the whole journey was

 $77\frac{1}{2}$  km/h.

2. (a)  $\frac{3}{4}$  Total = 300 km

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
Total = 300 km ÷ 3  
= 100 km  
$$\frac{4}{4}$$
Total = 4 × 100 km  
= 400 km  
Town A and Town B is **400 km** apart.

(b) Time taken =  $100 \div 80$ =  $1\frac{1}{4}$ 

He took  $1\frac{1}{4}$  h to travel the first part of the journey.

(c) Time taken = 400 ÷ 100

= 4 He took 4 h to travel from Town A to Town B.

#### Let's Learn 5.1

#### Ask Yourself

- 1. The entire journey is made up of 4 parts.
- 2. Yes. At any part of the journey, there is only one unknown where the other two variables are given.

#### Let's Practise 5.1

Question 1 Speed for the  $2^{nd}$  part of the journey =  $150 \div 1.5$ = 100

Mr Wong was travelling at a constant speed of 100 km/h.

#### Question 2

 $\frac{1}{5}$  Total = 2.6 km  $\frac{3}{5}$  Total = 2.6 km × 3 = 7.8 km Time taken for  $\frac{3}{5}$  of journey = 7.8 ÷ 12  $=\frac{13}{20}$  (h) = 39 (min)Time taken for  $\frac{1}{2}$  of remaining journey = 2.6 ÷ 13  $=\frac{1}{5}(h)$ = 12 (min) Time taken = 39 + 12 + 15 = 66

Alice took 1 hr 6 min to complete the whole journey.

#### Question 3

1<sup>st</sup> part of journey =  $\frac{7}{20}$  of Total  $2^{nd}$  part of journey =  $\frac{2}{r}$  of Total  $=\frac{8}{20}$  of Total  $3^{rd}$  part of journey =  $1 - \frac{7}{20} - \frac{8}{20}$  $=\frac{5}{20}$  (of Total)  $\frac{7}{20}$  Total = 84 km  $\frac{1}{20}$  Total = 84 km ÷ 7 = 12 km  $\frac{5}{20}$  Total = 5 x 12 km = 60 km Speed for last part of journey =  $60 \div 1$ = 60 His average speed for the last part of the journey was 60 km/h.

#### Answer to Unit 5.1

#### Question 4

Distance  $(1^{st} part) = 59 \text{ km/h} \times \frac{1}{2} \text{ h}$ = 29.5 km Distance (middle part) = 352 km - 126 km - 29.5 km = 196.5 km Time take (last part) = 126 km ÷ 72 km/h  $= 1\frac{3}{4}h$ = 1 h 45 min Time taken (middle part) = 5 h 15 min – 30 min – 1 h 45 min = 3 h Average speed (middle part) = 196.5 km ÷ 3 h = 65.5 km/h The average speed for the middle part of the journey was 65.5 km/h.

#### Question 5

Distance (A to B to C) = 6 km/h  $\times \frac{2}{5}$  h = 2.4 km Total distance = 2.4 km × 2 = 4.8 km Total time taken = 24 min + 12 min = 36 min  $=\frac{3}{5}h$ Belinda's average speed = 4.8 km  $\div \frac{3}{r}$  h = 8 km/h Belinda's average speed to walk around the rectangular

#### Answer to Unit 5.2

path was 8 km/h.

#### Let's Get Started 5.2

Sce	enario A
(a)	sum; total distance
(b)	Sunny; Hector; 20 m/min
(c)	meet
(d)	100 m
(e)	80 m
Sce	enario B
(a)	Sunny; 20 m/min
(b)	1000 m or 1 km
(c)	9 min
(d)	600 m
(e)	760 m
(f)	20 m
(g)	19 min
(h)	1.36 km

#### Let's Learn 5.2

#### Ask Yourself

1. The total distance travelled is the same.

Let's Practise 5.2

#### Question 1

Time taken to meet =  $544 \div (64 + 72)$ = 4 (hours) 4 hours after 5 p.m. is 9 p.m.

They will meet each other at 9 p.m.

#### Question 2

Distance bus travelled in 15 min = 100 km/h x  $\frac{1}{4}$  h = 25 km Distance lorry travelled in 15 min = 80 km/h x  $\frac{1}{4}$  h = 20 km Distance between two towns = 25 km + 20 km = 45 km The distance between the two towns is **45 km**.

#### Question 3

(a) Time taken to meet = 217.5 ÷ (80 + 65)
= 1.5 (hours)
1.5 hours after 09 30 was 11 00.
They met at 11 00.

(b) Distance Adrian travelled more = 1.5 h x 15 km/h
 = 22.5 km
 Adrian had travelled 22.5 km further than Ben when they met each other.

#### Question 4

Distance Tom covered at 3 p.m. = 70 km/h × 4 h = 280 km Distance BIII covered at 3 p.m. = 440 km - 280 km = 160 km Bills speed = 160 km  $\div$  4 h = 40 km/h Bill's speed was **40 km/h**.

#### Question 5

Time taken to meet =  $1600 \div (120 + 80)$ = 8 (seconds) Distance Bala covered in 8 s = 120 m/s x 8 s= 960 mDistance more to reach Point P = 1600 m - 960 m= 640 mBala will have to cycle a further **640 m**.

#### Answer to Unit 5.3

#### Let's Get Started 5.3

Case 1:

	Alex	Benson	Ratio
Time taken	480 ÷ 80 =	480 ÷ 60 =	A : B
	6 (h)	8 (h)	3:4

Case 2:

	Alex	Benson	Ratio
Speed	80	60	A : B
-			4:3
Distance	80 × 4 =	60 × 4 =	A : B
travelled	320 (km)	240 (km)	320 : 240
	. ,		4:3

Case 3:

00000.	0450 0.						
	Alex	Benson	Ratio				
Time taken	4 h	2 h	A : B				
			2:1				
Distance	50 × 4 =	50 × 2 =	A : B				
travelled	200 (km)	100 (km)	200 : 100				
			2:1				

Circle "opposite"

Circle "the same"

Circle "the same"

#### Let's Learn 5.3

Ask Yourself

1. Distance travelled is the common/the same.

#### Let's Practise 5.3

Que	estio	n 1			
$S_{J}$	:	Sτ	$D_J$	:	$D_T$
3		4	3	:	4

Distance covered by J for 1<sup>st</sup> 30 mins  $=\frac{1}{2} \times 60$ = 30 km

4 - 3 = 1 1u = 30  $4u = 30 \times 4$  = 120Time taken by T to overtake  $= \frac{120}{80}$ 

= 1.5 h

 $D_B$ 

63

Tom would have travelled for **1.5 hours** before he overtook Julianna.

# Question 2 $S_J$ : $S_B$ $D_J$ : 54 : 63 54 : 6 : 7 6 : 60 mins = 54 km $1 \text{ min} = \frac{54}{60}$ $20 \text{ mins} = \frac{54}{60} \times 20$ = 18 1u = 18 km

#### Answer to Unit 5.3

Question 2 (Cont.)  $7u = 7 \times 18 \text{ km}$  = 126 kmTime taken by Ben  $= \frac{126}{63}$  = 2 h2 h after 06 20 = **08 20** 

Ben will overtake John at 08 20.

#### Question 3

Common distance  $T_{L} : T_{F} \qquad S_{L} : S_{F}$ 28 : 16 4 : 7 7 : 4 Difference (Speed) = 7u - 4u = 3u 3u = 24  $1u = 24 \div 3$ = 8  $4u = 4 \times 8$ = 32 (a) Linda's speed was **32 m/min**.

Distance of the race =  $32 \text{ m/min} \times 28 \text{ min}$ = 896 m

(b) The distance of the race is 896 m.

#### Question 4

Common distance

S <sub>A</sub>	:	S <sub>B</sub>	$T_A$	:	$T_B$
4	:	5	5	:	4

5u = 6 (h)  $1u = 6 \div 5$  = 1.2 (h)  $4u = 4 \times 1.2$  = 4.8 (h) = 4 h 48 minTime difference = 5 h - 4 h 48 min = 12 minTrain B reached Station Q **12 minutes** ahead of Train A.

#### Question 5

(a) 7 a.m. to 7.12 a.m. = 12 mins Distance travelled by Jaycee =  $100 \times 12$ = 1200 mDistance travelled by Delroy = 1200 + 240= 1440 mDelroy's speed =  $\frac{1440}{12}$ = 120 m/minDelroy's speed was 120m/min.

#### Answer to Unit 5.3

Question 5 (Cont.) (b) Common distance  $\frac{\text{Speed}}{\text{J}: D} \qquad \text{J}: D$ 100: 120 6: 5 5: 6 1u = 40 5u = 40 × 5 = 200 Distance of the race = 200 × 120 = 24 000 m = 24 km

#### Answer to Chapter 5 Review Questions

Question 1 (a)  $56 \times 1.5 = 84 \text{ km}$ Kumar's speed =  $84 \div 1\frac{1}{4}$ = 67.2 km/hMr Kumar's speed was **67.2 km/h**. (b)  $67.2 \times 1.5 = 100.8 \text{ km}$  84 + 100.8 + 56 = 240.8 kmTime taken by Mr Lim =  $\frac{240.8}{57}$ 

#### Question 2

(a) 11.30 am to 2.10 pm = 2 h 40 mins  $= 2\frac{2}{3}h$   $= \frac{8}{3}h$ 70 ×  $\frac{8}{3} = \frac{560}{3}$  km  $350 - 35 - \frac{560}{3} = \frac{385}{3}$  km  $\frac{385}{3} + 45 = \frac{520}{3}$  km Bill's speed =  $\frac{520}{3} \div \frac{8}{3}$  = 65 km/h Bill's speed was **65 km/h**. (b) 70 + 65 = 135 Time taken to meet =  $\frac{350-35}{135}$   $= \frac{7}{3}h$   $= 2\frac{1}{3}h$   $2\frac{1}{3}h$  after 11.30 am = 1.50 pm

Tom and Bill met at 1.50pm.

#### Answer to Chapter 5 Review Questions

#### Question 3

<u>Speed</u>	<u>Time</u>				
Y : X	Y : X				
5:4	4:5				
1u = 10min					
5u = 50 min					
50 mins after 9 am = 9.50 am					
Train X reached Station B at 9.50am.					

#### Question 4

 $60 \times 2 = 120$ 120 + 25 = 1455u = 145 km $1u = 145 \div 5$ = 29 km $7u = 7 \times 29 \text{ km}$ = 203 km

Time taken to travel from Town X to Town Y =  $\frac{203}{60}$  h

=  $3 \frac{23}{60} h$ = 3h 23 mins

It would take the van **3 h 23 mins** to travel from Town X to Town Y.

Question 5

(a) Difference for  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the journey = 25 km

Difference for  $\frac{3}{3}$  of the journey = 25 × 3 = 75 km

10 km = 1 h 75 km =  $\frac{1}{-1} \times 75$ 

It took Mr Cheong 7.5 hours to complete the journey.

(b) Mr Soon's speed = 
$$\frac{450}{7.5}$$
 + 10 = 70 km/h  
Time taken by Mr Soon =  $\frac{450}{70}$   
=  $6\frac{3}{7}$  h  
 $\approx 6$  h 26 mins  
Mr Soon took **6 hr 26 mins** to complete the journey.  
Question 6  
(a) 3u = 36 km

 $1u = 36 \div 3$ = 12 km 2u = 12 x 2 = 24 km Time taken for the 1<sup>st</sup> 36km =  $\frac{36}{108}$ =  $\frac{1}{3}$  h Answer to Chapter 5 Review Questions

#### Question 6 (Cont.)

Time taken for the remaining 24 km =  $\frac{24}{72}$ =  $\frac{1}{3}$  h Total time taken =  $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$ =  $\frac{2}{3}$  h = 40 mins 40 mins before 1.20 pm = **12.40 pm** 

(b) Average speed of the van =  $\frac{36+24}{2/3}$ = 90 km/h

## Chapter 6 Simultaneous

#### Answer to Unit 6

#### Let's Get Started

2.  

$$\frac{1}{4}C + \frac{1}{10}L = 26$$

$$\frac{4}{4}C + \frac{10}{10}L = 140$$
3.  

$$\frac{1}{2}M + \frac{1}{2}S + J = 540$$

$$\frac{2}{3}M + \frac{2}{3}S + J = 540$$

#### Let's Learn

#### Ask Yourself

 The fractions or relationship of the unknown can be formed.

#### Let's Practise

Question 1  $\frac{1}{5}$  B +  $\frac{1}{4}$  F = 32 ...(1)  $\frac{5}{5}$  B +  $\frac{4}{4}$  F = 130 ...(2) Multiply (1) by 5,  $\frac{5}{5}$  B +  $\frac{5}{4}$  F = 160 ...(3) (3) - (2),  $\frac{1}{4}$  F = 160 - 130 = 30  $\frac{4}{4}$  F = 4 × 30 = 120 There are **120 fridge magnets** in the box.

#### Question 2

 $\frac{2}{7}C + \frac{3}{10}S = 68...(1)$   $\frac{7}{7}C + \frac{10}{10}S = 231...(2)$ Multiply (1) by 10 and (2) by 3,  $\frac{20}{7}C + \frac{30}{10}S = 680...(3)$   $\frac{21}{7}C + \frac{30}{10}S = 693...(4)$ (4) - (3),  $\frac{1}{7}C = 693 - 680$ = 13  $\frac{5}{7}C = 5 \times 13$ = 65 **65 cupcakes** were eaten.

Question 3 40P = 25N 8P = 5N 32P = 20NTotal items in the box (based on N) = 20 + 3 = 23Max no. of N to be added = 25 - 23 = 2**2 more** nail-clippers can be added to the box.

Question 4 52P = 38B 26P = 19BTotal items bought (based on B) = 19 + 14 = 33Additional bookmarks she can buy = 38 - 33 = 5Jennifer can buy **5 more** bookmarks with her remaining money.

Question 5

7B + 2C = 10.3 ...(1) 6B + 5C = 13.1 ...(2)Multiply (1) by 5 and (2) by 2, 35B + 10C = 51.5 ...(1) 12B + 10C = 26.2 ...(2)(1) - (2), 23B = 25.3  $1B = 25.3 \div 23$  = 1.1  $12B = 12 \times 1.1$  = 13.2 10C = 26.2 - 13.2 = 13  $1C = 13 \div 10$  = 1.3

#### Answer to Unit 6

Question 5 (Cont.) 12C = 12 × 1.3 = 15.6 12B + 12C = 13.2 + 15.6 = 28.8 1 dozen bottles of soft drink and 1 dozen cartons of milk cost \$28.80.

Question 6 6S = 8P 2S + 5P = 12.656S + 15P = 12.65 × 3 = 37.95 8P + 15P = 37.95 23P = 37.95 1P = 37.95 ÷ 23 = 1.65  $5P = 5 \times 1.65$ = 8.25 2S = 12.65 - 8.25= 4.4  $1S = 4.4 \div 2$ = 2.2 1S + 1P = 2.2 + 1.65 = 3.85 1GB = 3.85 7GB = 3.85 × 7 = 26.95 Ali spent \$26.95 on the goodie bags



Answer to Unit 7

Let's Get Started

1. Durian =  $\frac{135}{360} \times 16$ = 6 6 children like durian ice cream.

 Walk = 1600 ÷ 4
 = 400
 400 students walk to school.

#### Let's Learn

#### Ask Yourself

1. Fractions

#### Let's Practise

Question 1  $M + C = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{9}{20}$  $=\frac{7}{10}$  $V + B = 1 - \frac{7}{10}$  $=\frac{3}{10}$ No. of vans =  $400 \div 2$ = 200 No. of vans and bicycles = 400 + 200= 600  $\frac{3}{10}$  Total = 600  $\frac{1}{10}$  Total = 600 ÷ 3 = 200  $Total = 10 \times 200$ = 2000 Percentage of bicycles =  $\frac{400}{2000} \times 100\%$ = 20% 20% of the vehicles were bicycles.

#### Question 2

Rent =  $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{12} - \frac{1}{4}$ =  $\frac{1}{6}$ (a)  $\frac{1}{6}$  of her money was spent on rent.

Savings = 50% - 2.5% = 47.5% (b) She saved **47.5%** of her money monthly.

 $\frac{1}{6} \text{ Total} = 850$ Total = 6 x 850 = 5100 Savings a year = 47.5% x 5100 x 6 = 14 535 (c) She would save **\$14 535** in half a year.

#### Question 3

Fraction of hamsters =  $1 - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{12} - \frac{1}{3}$ =  $\frac{1}{3}$ Difference between hamsters and birds =  $\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4}$ =  $\frac{1}{12}$ Percentage difference =  $\frac{1}{12} \times 100\%$ =  $8\frac{1}{3}\%$ 

There are  $8\frac{1}{3}$ % more hamsters than birds.

#### Answer to Unit 7

#### Question 4 (a) Fraction of boys = $1 - \frac{3}{20} - \frac{3}{10} - \frac{1}{10}$

 $=\frac{9}{20}$ 

 $\frac{9}{20}$  of the people who attended the event were boys.

(b)  $\frac{9}{20}$  Total = 180  $\frac{1}{20}$  Total = 180 ÷ 9 = 20  $\frac{20}{20}$  Total = 20 × 20 = 400 **400 people** attended the event last December.

(c) 80% = 400
1% = 400 ÷ 80
= 5
100% = 5 x 100
= 500
500 people attended the event in the previous year.

#### Question 5

(a) Percentage of Tiramisu and butter cakes sold
= 50% - 15% - 10%
= 25%
(b) 5u = 25%
1u = 25% ÷ 5
= 5%
3u = 3 × 5%
= 15%
50% = 80
1% = 80 ÷ 50
= 1.6
15% = 15 × 1.6
= 24
24 Tiramisu cakes were sold.

#### Question 6

(a) 25% = 16 + 14 = 30  $100\% = 4 \times 30$  = 120 **120 students** took part in the survey. (b) Oranges + Durians = 60 Oranges =  $\frac{2}{3} \times 60$  = 40Fraction =  $\frac{40}{120}$   $= \frac{1}{3}$  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the students preferred oranges.

# Chapter 8 Algebra

#### Let's Get Started

1.

Value of x	Value of 68 + <i>x</i>
1	68 + 1 = 69
2	68 + 2 = 70
3	68 + 3 = 71
4	68 + 4 = 72

2.

Value of a	Value of b	Value of $\frac{a+b}{2}$
12	10	$\frac{12+10}{2} = 11$
21	11	$\frac{21+11}{2}$ = 16
28	12	$\frac{28+12}{2}$ = 20
35	13	$\frac{35+13}{2}$ = 24
40	0	$\frac{40+0}{2} = 20$

#### Let's Learn

#### Ask Yourself

- 1. Add the values.
- 2. Add the total values. Then divide the result by the quantity that make up the total value.

#### **Think Further**

1. The solution changes to the following: Michelle = 8m sweets Total no. of sweets eaten = 4m + 8m= 12m

Average =  $\frac{12m}{2}$ = 6m

Both girls ate an average of 6m sweets.

#### Let's Practise

Question 1

```
Total no. of pencils = 10 + p + 3p
```

```
= 10 + 4p
```

Average =  $\frac{10+4p}{3}$ 

The girls bought an average of  $\frac{10+4p}{3}$  pencils.

#### Question 2

Total mass = 5x kg + (5x + 7) kg= (10x + 7) kgAverage mass =  $\frac{10x+7}{2}$  kg Their average mass was  $\frac{10x+7}{2}$  kg.

#### Answer to Chapter 8

#### Question 3

Mia's cookies = 8a - 16 = 8 × 17 – 16 = 120 Anita's cookies = 8 × 17 = 136Anita and Mia had 136 and 120 cookies respectively.

#### Question 4

No. of plates sold on Tue = (4k + 2 + 2k)= (6k + 2)No. of plates sold on Wed = (4k + 2) + (4k + 2)= (8k + 4)Total no. of plates sold = (6k + 2) + (8k + 4) + (4k + 2)=(18k + 8)Lena sold a total of (18k + 8) plates of chicken rice over the 3 days.

#### Question 5

Keith's stamps = 3m

Calissa's stamps = 3m + 8

(a) Total stamps = m + 3m + (3m + 8)= 7m + 8

They have (7m + 8) stamps altogether.

(b) Total stamps =  $7 \times 9 + 8$ = 71 The 3 children have 71 stamps altogether.

#### Question 6

- (a) Total (at first) = (39y + 6) stickers Mr Lee had (39y + 6) stickers at first. (b) Total (at first) =  $39 \times 4 + 6$
- = 162 Mr Lee had 162 stickers at first.

#### Question 7

Weiqi's age =  $\frac{1}{2}n$ 

(a) Natalie's age =  $\frac{1}{3}n - 4$ 

Natalie is  $(\frac{1}{3}n - 4)$  years old.

(b) Total ages =  $n + \frac{1}{3}n + \frac{1}{3}n - 4$ = 15 + 5 + 5 - 4 = 21

Their total ages is 21 years.

#### Question 8 Perimeter (units) = 3u + 2u + 3u + 2u= 10u

Question 8 (Cont.)

10u = 2h $2u = \frac{2h}{5}$ The breadth of the rectangle is  $\frac{2h}{5}$  cm.

## Chapter **9** Mixed Review Questions

#### Question 1

Case 1: 80 pears left		Case 2	: 400 p	ears left				
А	:	Р	А	:	Р			
20	:	60	60	:	20			
1 <sup>×3</sup>	:	3 <sup>x3</sup>	3	:	1			
3	:	9						
			Decrease o	f 8u				
8u = 40	00 – 80							
= 32	20							
1u = 32	20 ÷ 8							
= 40	= 40							
9u + 80	) = 9 × 4	40 + 80						
	= 440							
There are <b>440 pears</b> at the stall.								

#### Question 2

<u>At first</u>	Er	nd	
C : J : A	С	:	J : A
$2^{x^2}$ : $6^{x^2}$ : $9^{x^2}$	7	:	15 : 21
4 : 12 : 18	V	_	***
		8	6
8 6			
Difference = 7u – 4u			
= 3u			
3u = 90			
1u = 90 ÷ 3			
= 30			
Total (in the end) = 7u + 15u	+ 2	1u	
= 43u			
$43u = 43 \times 30$			
= 1290			
The 3 girls have <b>\$1290</b> now.			

#### Question 3

#### Answer to Chapter 9

#### Question 3 (Cont.)



#### Question 4

Commission received for first 100 jerseys = 100 × 20

= \$2000

Commission earned from the remaining jerseys sold

= 3708 - 2000

= 828

No. of jerseys sold for the \$828 commission =  $828 \div 36$ 

```
= 23
```

Total jerseys sold = 100 + 23

```
= 123
```

Fred sold 123 jerseys.

```
Question 5
```

Items	Quantity	×	Value	e (\$)	Total value (\$)
\$5-stamps	1	~	5		50
(Arun)	Tu Tu	^	5		54
\$2-stamps	1u ± 30	~	2		211 ± 60
(Kavita)	10 1 50	^	2		20100
Total	2u + 30				7u + 60
	I				
\$5 stamps	2u		Зu		
\$2 stamps	2u	60		180	▶
3u = 60 + 18	30				
= 240					
1u = 240 ÷ 3	3				
= 80					
Arun has 80	stamps.				
Question 6					
2-m : 3-	<b>m</b> 2		2-m	: Ir	correct
2 : 6			2		

#### Question 6 (Cont.)

Items	Quantity	×	Value (Marks)	Total value (Marks)
Correct				
answer	2u	×	2	4u
(2-mark qn)				
Correct				
answer	6u	×	3	18u
(3-mark qn)				
Total	8u			22u

22u = 176

 $1u = 176 \div 22$ = 8 Total attempt = 8u = 8 × 8 = 64 Unanswered questions = 75 - 64 = 11 **11** questions were left unanswered.

#### Question 7

A (now)	:	R (before)	:	Total
3	:	1	:	4
A (before)	:	R (now)	:	Total
1 <sup>x2</sup>	:	1 <sup>x2</sup>	:	2 <sup>x2</sup>
2	:	2	:	4

Total current age = 5u= 30 $1u = 30 \div 5$ 

= 6 A now = 3u

= 3 × 6

= 18

(a) Alda is 18 years old now.



#### Answer to Chapter 9



#### Answer to Chapter 9

Question	1	0	
----------	---	---	--

At first	Silver	Platinum	Total
Shop A	$\frac{2}{5}A = 32$	$\frac{3}{5}A = 48$	$\frac{5}{5}$ A = 80
Shop B	$\frac{3}{10}$ B = 36	$\frac{7}{10}$ B = 84	$\frac{7}{7}$ B = 120
Total	32 + 36	48 + 84	80 + 120
TOLAI	= 68	= 132	= 200
End			
Shop A	$\frac{2}{5}A$	$\frac{3}{5}A$	$\frac{5}{5}A$
Shop B	$\frac{7}{25}$ B	$\frac{18}{25}$ B	$\frac{25}{25}$ B
	68	132	200

$$\frac{2}{5} A + \frac{7}{25} B = 68 \qquad (1) \times 3$$

$$\frac{3}{5} A + \frac{18}{25} B = 132 \qquad (2) \times 2$$

$$\frac{6}{5} A + \frac{21}{25} B = 204 \qquad (3)$$

$$\frac{6}{5} A + \frac{36}{25} B = 264 \qquad (4)$$

$$(4) - (3)$$

$$\frac{15}{25} B = 60$$

$$\frac{1}{25} B = 4$$

$$\frac{18}{25} B = 72$$
Difference = 84 - 72
$$= 12$$
The owner of Shop B passed **12 platinum bracelets** to Shop A.

Question 11



Distance bus covered in 3 h = 3 h  $\times$  70 km/h

= 210 km

Distance bus covered from where they passed each other to  $H=210\,+\,170$ 

= 380

Speed of car = 380 ÷ 4 = 95

Distance between two towns =  $7 h \times 95 \text{ km/h}$ 

= 665 km

The distance between the 2 towns is 665 km.

|--|

С	4u	63
W	4u	
В	3u	

#### Answer to Chapter 9

#### Question 12 (Cont.)

$\frac{1}{5}$ of total = 4u	
Total = 20u	
20u – 11u = 63	
9u = 63	
1u = 63 ÷ 9	
= 7	
20u = 20 × 7	
= 140	

There were 140 muffins in the box altogether.

#### Question 13

Case 1:		<u>C</u>	ase 2	-			
Sarah 360 muffins left		Sarah 72 muffins left					
S	:	J		S	:	J	
25	:	50		50	:	25	
1	:	2		2 <sup>×2</sup>	:	1 <sup>x2</sup>	
		Increa	se of 3u	4	:	2	
3u = 360	) – 72						
= 288	3						
1u = 288	3÷3						
= 96							
Sarah =	1u + 3	60					
=	1× 96	+ 360					
=	456						
<u>Check</u>							
Sarah =	4u + 7	2					
=	4 × 96	+ 72					
=	456						
Sarah ba	aked 4	56 muf	fins.				

Question 14

s	5152	266	40.570
в	5152		10 570

Total cost of pairs of boots = 5152

Total cost of pairs of sneakers = 5152 + 266

= 5418

Items	Units	×	Value (\$)	Total value(\$)
Boots	2u	×	?	5152
Sneakers	Зu	×	?	5418
Total	5u			10 570

Cost of 3u of sneakers = 5418

Cost of 1u of sneakers =  $5418 \div 3$ 

= 1806

Cost of 2u of boots = 5152

#### Question 14 (Cont.) Cost of 1u of boots = 5152 ÷ 2 = 2576 в 1806 770 1806 s 1u = 770 ÷ 55 = 14 No. of pairs of sneakers = 3u $= 3 \times 14$ = 42 Cost of 1 pair of sneaker = 5418 ÷ 42 = 129 The cost of 1 pair of sneaker was \$129. Question 15 Candle A (7.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.) = 6 hours Candle B (9 a.m. to 1 p.m.) = 4 hours

Rate of burning in 1 hour, Candle A =  $\frac{1}{c}$ Candle B =  $\frac{1}{1}$ Fraction of Candle A left unburnt at 11. 30 a.m.  $(11.30 \text{ a.m. to } 1.30 \text{ p.m.}) = \frac{1}{6} \times 2$  $=\frac{1}{3}$ Fraction of Candle B left unburnt at 11.30 a.m.  $(11.30 \text{ a.m. to } 1 \text{ p.m.}) = \frac{1}{4} \times 1.5$  $=\frac{3}{8}$  $\frac{3}{9}A = \frac{3}{9}B$ A : B 9:8 1u = 3 Length of Candle A = 9u = 9 × 3 = 27

The original length of Candle A was 27 cm respectively.

Question 16



#### Answer to Chapter 9

#### Question 16 (Cont.)

Abigail (in 2021) = 4u = 4 × 7 = 28 Abigail (in 2031) = 28 + 10 = 38 Abigail will be 38 years old in the year 2031. Question 17 A : B+C+D : Total B : A+C+D : Total C : A+B+D : Total  $1^{x20}\!\!:\; 2^{x20} \hspace{0.1in} :\; 3^{x20} \hspace{0.1in} 1^{x15} \!:\; 3^{x15} \hspace{0.1in} :\; 4^{x15} \hspace{0.1in} 1^{x12} \!\!:\; 4^{x12} \hspace{0.1in} :\; 5^{x12}$ 20:40 : 60 15 : 45 : 60 12 : 48 : 60 Summary A : B : C : D 20 : 15 : 12 : 13 13u = 78 1u = 78 ÷ 13 = 6 Ali and Bryan = 20u + 15u = 35u  $35u = 35 \times 6$ = 210 Ali and Bryan have 210 marbles altogether.

#### Question 18

Common volume  $\frac{3}{10} R = \frac{1}{4} S$  $\frac{3}{10}$  R =  $\frac{3}{12}$  S R : S 10 : 12 Difference = 12u - 10u = 2u2u = 48  $1u = 48 \div 2 = 24$  $10u = 10 \times 24 = 240$ Height of rectangular tank =  $240 \div (8 \times 6) = 5$ The height of the rectangular tank is 5 m.



#### Answer to Chapter 9

#### Question 19 (Cont.) $\frac{7}{7}$ T = 7 × 3u = 21u Friend = 21u - 16u = 5u 5u = 40 1u = 40 ÷ 5 = 8 21u = 21 × 8 = 168 There were **168 gummies** in the bag at first

Question 20

9 steps



= 380 (seconds) Luther would take **380 s** to walk up both flights of stairs.

Question 21

At first A : B 3 : 5 Since Box B has 110 more apples than Box A, 2u = 110 1u = 110 ÷ 2 = 55 Total apples = 8u = 8 × 55 = 440 Red apples =  $\frac{3}{4} \times 440$ = 330 There were **330 red apples**.





#### Answer to Chapter 9

#### **Question 22 (Cont.)** $\frac{3}{2}$ P = 12u + 30

 $\frac{1}{3}$  P = 4u + 10 (red marbles)  $\frac{4}{4}$  Q = 12u  $\frac{3}{4}$  Q = 9u (red marbles) 4u + 9u = 62 - 10 13u = 52 1u = 52 ÷ 13 = 4 12u + 30 = 12 × 4 + 30 = 78 There were **78 marbles** in Box P.

#### Question 23

<u>(</u>	<u>Case 1 :</u>		<u>Case 2 :</u>
Gretel	gives 4 boxes	<u>3</u>	Keith gives 4 boxes
G : K	: Total	C	G : K : Total
$2^{x3}: 5^{x3}$	: 7 <sup>x3</sup>	8	3 :13 : 21
6 : 15	: 21		
		Grete	el's Actual
			<b>♦</b>
Case 1	6u	4	
Case 2	6u	2u	
2u = 4			
1u = 4 ÷ 2	2 = 2		
<u>Gretel</u>			
C1: 6u +	$4 = 6 \times 2 + 4$		
	= 16		
C2: 8u =	8×2		
=	16		
<u>Keith</u>			
C1: 15u =	= 15 × 2		
=	: 30		
C2: 13u +	+ 4 = 13 × 2 +	4	
	= 30		
Gretel an	d Keith have '	16 boxe	es of cookies and 30

boxes of cookies respectively.



#### Question 24 (Cont.)

5u + 8u = 31 - 5= 26 13u = 26 $1u = 26 \div 13$ = 2  $2u + 1 = 2 \times 2 + 1$ = 5

The total cost of 1 bracelet and 1 hairclip is \$5.

#### Question 25

Choco	Gum	Mint	Total	
88 × 4 = 352	12 × 7 = 84	0 × 22 = 0	436	+ 21
86 × 4 = 344	13× 7 = 91	1 × 22 = 22	457	
56 × 4 = 224	28 × 7 = 196	16 × 22 = 0	772	

Diff between 772 and 436 = 336 Gap of 336 divided by 21 = 336 ÷ 21 = 16

Graham ordered 28 gumballs.

Question 26

 $\frac{2}{5}\mathsf{A} = \frac{3}{4}\mathsf{B}$ 

$$\frac{6}{15} A = \frac{6}{8} B$$



 $1u = 36 \div 6$ = 6 Total tarts at first = 15u + 8u = 23u 23u = 23 × 6

= 138

There were 138 mini tarts in both boxes at first.

#### Answer to Chapter 9

Question 27

Items	Change	End	At first
(3) L	$-\frac{1}{5}(1u)$	<sup>6</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (6u)	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>5</sub> (5u)
(2) J	$-\frac{1}{2}$ (6u)	$\frac{1}{2}$ (6u)	$\frac{2}{2}$ (12u)
(1) K	+3 (9u)	4 (12u)	1 (3u)

	К	:	J	:	L	
E. J	1u <sup>×6</sup>	:	1u <sup>×6</sup>		1u <sup>×6</sup>	
Liiu	6u	:	6u	•	6u	
Rev(3)					-1u	
	6u	:	6u	:	5u	
Rev(2)			+ 6u			
	6u <sup>×2</sup>	:	12u <sup>×2</sup>	:	5u <sup>×2</sup>	
	12u	:	24u	:	10u	
Rev(1)	– 9u					
At first	3u		24u	:	10u	

Total (at first) = 3u + 24u + 10u= 37u $37u = 14\ 060$  $1u = 14\ 060 \div 37$ = 380Lenny at first = 10u

= 10 × 380 = 3800

```
Lenny saved $3800 at first.
```



#### Question 28 (Cont.)

General = 18u + 96

= 18 × 90 + 96

= 1716

Sienna's monthly general expenses was \$1716.

#### Question 29



#### End



#### Question 30

<u>In 30 min</u>
$\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6}$ journey
$\frac{1}{4} \div 2 = \frac{1}{8}$ journey

 $\frac{24}{24} - \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{8} = \frac{17}{24}$  $\frac{17}{24}$  journey = 170  $\frac{1}{24}$  journey = 170 ÷ 17 = 10  $\frac{24}{24}$  journey = 24 × 10 = 240 Fred's speed = 240 ÷ 3 = 80 Fred's speed was 80 km/h.

#### Answer to Chapter 9

#### Question 31

1 group of \$72 = \$9 (discount) Amount to pay for every group = \$72 - \$9 = \$63 No. of groups of \$63 = \$840 ÷ \$63 = 13 R \$21 13 groups of \$63 = 13 × \$9 = \$117 (discount)

Amelia was given \$117 discount.

#### Question 32

Items	Quantity	×	Value(\$)	Total value (\$)
On time	15u	×	5	75u
Late	4u	×	3.5	14u
Total	19u			89u

89u = 7298

1u = 7298 ÷ 89

Late = 4u

(a) 328 parcels were delivered late.

Difference in cost of 1 parcel = 5 - 3.5 = 1.5

Difference in total cost = 328 ×1.5 = 492

(b) The company would collect an **additional \$492.** 

#### Question 33

R : P+N	P : N : P + N			
5 <sup>x4</sup> : 7 <sup>x4</sup>	$1^{x7}$ : $3^{x7}$ : $4^{x7}$			
20 : 28	7 : 21 : 28			
Summary Ratio				

R Ν Ρ : :

20 : 21 : 7

Items	Quantity	×	Value(\$)	Total(\$)
R	20u	×	2	40u
Ν	21u	×	8	168u
Р	7u	×	4	28u
Total	48u			236u

236u = 705

1u = 208 ÷ 236 = 3 Total items = 48u = 48 × 3 = 144

Sumitha bought 144 items altogether.

#### Question 34

At f	rst				End	<u>.</u>			
J	:	F	:	Total	J	:	F	:	Total
3 <sup>x3</sup>	:	1 <sup>x3</sup>	:	4 <sup>x3</sup>	2 <sup>×4</sup>	:	1 <sup>×4</sup>	:	3 <sup>×4</sup>
9	:	3	:	12		:	4	:	12
	14								
1u = 77									
8u = 8 × 77									
= 616									
Jonas had <b>616 comic books</b> left.									

Question 35

Diff in savings = 5 - 2

= 3 No. of days = 180 ÷ 3

(a) Alfred took  ${\bf 60}~{\rm days}$  to save \$180 less than Bruce.

Total no. of days from Dec to Mar =  $31 \times 3 + 28$ 

= 121 Total savings = 
$$2 \times 121 + 5 \times 121$$

(b) Both of them would have save **\$847** altogether at the end of March.

Question 36







Apples Pie remained = 12u + 48=  $12 \times 3 + 48$ 

= 84

84 apple pies remained in the end.

#### Answer to Chapter 9

Ques	tion	37			
<u>Spee</u>	d		Time		
S1	:	S2	T1	:	T2
60	:	80	4	:	3
3	:	4			
1u of	time	e = 6 + 8			
		= 14			
4u of	time	e = 4 × 14			
		= 56			
Time	take	en to reach	n on tii	me =	= 56 – 6
				=	: 50
<u>Chec</u>	k				
3u of	time	e = 3 × 14			
		= 42			
Time	take	en to reach	n on tii	me =	= 42 + 8
				=	= 50
Time	to re	each = 50	min a	fter 7	7.30 a.m.
		= 8.2	20 a.m	۱.	
(a) Lo	ogan	needs to	reach	his	office at <b>8.20 a.m</b> . to be on
time.					
Dista	nce	$= 60 \times \frac{56}{60}$			
		= 56			
Chec	<u>k</u>				

Distance =  $80 \times \frac{42}{60}$ 

= 56

(b) The distance between Logan's office and his house is 56 km.

Question	38

	Sold	Left	At first
А	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{4}{5}$	5 5
М	$\frac{3}{25}$	$\frac{22}{25}$	$\frac{25}{25}$

 $\frac{\text{Left}}{\frac{4}{5}} \text{A} = \frac{22}{25} \text{M}$ Q  $\frac{44}{55} \text{A} = \frac{44}{50} \text{M}$ A : M : A+M

S : A+M  $2^{x35}$  :  $3^{35}$ 70 : 105

Summary

A : M : S 55 : 50 : 70

55: 50: 105

Question 38 (Cont.) Apples and mango strudel left = 88u 88u = 352  $1u = 352 \div 88$  = 4Strawberry = 70u  $= 70 \times 4$  = 280(a) There were **280 strawberry strudels**. Sold = 11u + 6u = 17u  $17u = 17 \times 4$  = 68(b) **68 strudels** were sold.

Question 39



	Gave	Left	At first
Blue	2 5 (2u + 8)	3 5 (3u + 12)	5 5 (5u + 20)
Red	$\frac{1}{2}$ (3u)	$\frac{1}{2}$ (3u)	$\frac{2}{2}$ (6u)



Amira gave away 6 red pens.



When Julian reached the finish line, Gordon would be 8 km ahead of him (assuming Gordon continues running).

#### Answer to Chapter 9

Question 40 (Cont.) Time taken for Gordon 8 km = 8 ÷ 16  $=\frac{1}{2}h$ Time Julian reached the finishing line  $=\frac{1}{2}h + 11.45 \text{ a.m.}$ = 12.15 p.m. Julian reached the finishing line at 12.15 p.m.

Question 41 1 bootie = \$6.75 Case 1, 6 Booties = 6 × \$6.75 = \$40.50 Case 2, 4 Booties = 4 x \$6.75 = \$27 Actual money Left  $\rightarrow$  50.5 + 5.5 = 46 Case 1 4 Mittens 4 Mittens 2 Mittens Case 2 Left  $\rightarrow$ 27 – 3.5 = 23.5 Gap \$22.50 2 mittens = 46 - 23.5 = 22.5 1 mitten = 22.5 ÷ 2 = 11.25 Using Case 1, Cassandra's = 4M + 46 $= 4 \times 11.25 + 46$ = 91 Check 6M + 23.5 = 6 × 11.25 + 23.5 = 91 Cassandra has \$91.

Question 42

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}R = \frac{1}{3}G}{\text{(Actual)}}$$
At first
Change
End

En	b	2p <sup>×5</sup>	5p <sup>×2</sup>
<u>(Work</u>	ing)	<u>R</u>	<u>G</u>
At fi	rst	20u	6u
Chan	ige	-1030	+160
En	b	10p	10p
	◀	20	Du
R		160	1030
G		160	
	<ul> <li>€</li> </ul>		

<u>R</u>

 $4u^{\times 5}$ 

**-206**<sup>×5</sup>

G

 $3u^{\times 2}$ 

+ 80<sup>×2</sup>

Question 42 (Cont.) 14u = 160 + 1030 = 1190  $1u = 1190 \div 14$  = 85Ryan at first = 4u  $= 4 \times 85$  = 340(a) **Ryan had \$340** at first. Gillian in the end = 3u + 80  $= 3 \times 85 + 80$  = 335(b) Gillian had \$335 in the end.

Question 43



	At first (1)	Change	End (1)
н	$50u + 20(\frac{5}{5}H)$	Gave 20u + 20 ( $\frac{2}{5}H$ )	$30u + 30(\frac{3}{5}H)$
J	50u	Received 20u + 20	70u + 20

	At first (2)	Change	End (2)
Н	30u + 30	Received 14u + 4	44u + 34
J	$70u + 20\left(\frac{5}{5}J\right)$	Gave 14u + 4 ( $\frac{1}{5}J$ )	56u + 16 $(\frac{4}{5}J)$

End (2)

Н	44u	34	<sup>6</sup>
J	44u	12u	16

12u = 34 + 6 - 16= 24 1u = 24 ÷ 12 = 2 Helena at first = 50u + 50 = 50 × 2 + 50 = 150 Helena had **\$150** at first.

Question 44 No. of qns answered = 30 - 4= 26

#### Answer to Chapter 9

#### Question 44 (Cont.)

Total marks for 26 questions =  $34 + (4 \times 1)$ 

= 38

Correct	Wrong	Total
26 × 3 = 78	$0 \times 2 = 0$ (deduct)	78 -5
25 × 3 = 75	$1 \times 2 = 2$ (deduct)	73 🕨
18 × 3 = 54	8 x 2 = 16 (deduct)	38

Diff between the total marks = 78 - 38

Difference between 1 correct and 1 wrong = 78 - 73

= 5

No. of qns answered wrongly =  $40 \div 5$ 

= 8

= 40

No. of qns answered correctly = 26 - 8= 18

Tony answered 18 questions correctly.

Question 45

<u>C</u>	ase 1	<u>:</u>		Case 2	<u>.</u>	
Sharifah 800 cookies			Sha	Sharifah 1700		
	left		 C(	okies l	eft	
•			<u></u>		<u></u>	
S	:	D	S	:	D	
6	:	3	3	:	6	
2 <sup>x2</sup>	:	1 <sup>x2</sup>		:	2	
4	:	2				
		Increase of	3u			
3u = 170	0 – 80	00				
= 900	)					
1u = 900	) ÷ 3					
= 300						
Sharifah = 4u + 800						
	= 4 ×	300 + 800				
	= 200	0				
<u>Check</u>						
Sharifah = 1u + 1700						

= 1 × 300 + 1700	
= 2000	
No. of boxes = 2000 ÷ 50	
= 40	

Sharifah baked 40 boxes of cookies.

Question 46		
(Actual)	Apples	<u>Oranges</u>
At first	$2u^{\times 7}$	3u <sup>×3</sup>
Change	-20 <sup>×7</sup>	+30 <sup>×3</sup>
End	3p <sup>×7</sup>	7p <sup>×3</sup>

#### Answer to Chapter 9

Question 46 (Cont.)(Working)ApplesOrangesAt First14u9uChange-140+90

21p

21p

Work model from end

End



### **Empowered Learning**



# www.onsponge.com

While every care has been taken to compile this answer booklet, errors may still arise in the course of compilation and production. If you notice any error, kindly write to <u>feedback@onsponge.com</u> so that we can review it.